

## **PREFACE**

This Service Manual describes the technical features and servicing procedures for the KYMCO *YUP 50*.

In this manual, many illustrations and drawings are used to help servicemen have better understanding.

Section 2 contains the service precautions for all operations and troubleshooting stated in this manual. Read them carefully before starting any operation.

Section 3 describes the inspection/adjustment procedures, safety rules and service information for each part, starting from periodic maintenance.

Sections 4 through 16 give instructions for disassembly, assembly and inspection of lubrication system, engine, fuel system and electrical equipment.

**KWANG YANG MOTOR CO., LTD.  
OVERSEAS SALES DEPARTMENT  
OVERSEAS SERVICE SECTION**

---

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>SPECIFICATIONS .....</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>GENERAL INFORMATION.....</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT .....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>LUBRICATION SYSTEM.....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION.....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON .....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>A.C. GENERATOR .....</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY.....</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>FINAL REDUCTION.....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT .....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>CARBURETOR.....</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>FRAME COVERS .....</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/ FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK.....</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>REAR WHEEL/REAR BRAKE/REAR SHOCK ABSORBER .....</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT.....</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>INSTRUMENT/SWITCHES/LIGHTS.....</b>	<b>16</b>

# 1. SPECIFICATIONS

## SPECIFICATIONS

Name & Model			YPU 50
Overall length (mm)			1940
Overall width (mm)			700
Overall height (mm)			1120
Wheel base (mm)			1296
Engine type			Air cooled 2-stroke
Displacement (cc)			49.4 cc
Net weight (kg)			90
Seating capacity			2 riders (150kg)
Gross weight(kg)			97
Tires	Front wheel		120/70-12
	Rear wheel		130/70-12
Ground clearance (mm)			170
Braking distance (m) (Initial speed Km/h)			4.4m (30km/h)
Min. turning radius (mm)			1920
Starting system			Starting motor & kick starter
Fuel type			Gasoline, 2-stroke motor oil
Cylinder arrangement			Single cylinder, flat
Combustion chamber type			Semi-sphere
Valve arrangement			Reed valve & piston
Bore x stroke (mm)			39 x 41.4
Compression ratio			7.2 : 1
Compression pressure (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> rpm)			11.8kg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Max. output (kw/rpm)			3.53/7000
Max. torque (kg-m/rpm)			0.52/6500
Port timing	Intake	Open	Automatic controlled
		Close	Automatic controlled
	Exhaust	Open	□
		Close	□
	Scavenge	Open	□
		Close	□
Idle speed (rpm)			2100±100
Lubrication type			Separate type
Oil pump type			Plunger type
Oil filter type			Full-flow filtration

Lubrication oil capacity (liter)		0.80	
Air cleaner type & No.		Wet, single	
Fuel capacity (liter)		5.3	
Carburetor	Type	Plunger type	
	Piston dia. (mm)	□	
	Venturi dia. (mm)	14	
Ignition system type		CDI electromagnetic Ignition	
Ignition timing F mark		13.5°±1.5°BTDC/3000rp	
Spark plug		NGK	BR8HSA
		ND	-
Spark plug gap (mm)		0.6_	0.7
Battery capacity		12V3AH	
Power to transmission gear		Power-transmission gear-clutch	
Reduction ratio of power to transmission		□	
Clutch type		Dry multi-disc clutch	
Transmission gear operation type		Automatic centrifugal type	
Transmission ratio		1 speed	□
Reduction gear	Type	Two-stage reduction	
	1st reduction ratio	□	
	2nd reduction ratio	□	
Transmission gear type		Non-stage transmission	
Tire pressure (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Front	1.50	2.00
	Rear wheel	1.75	2.25
Turning angle		Right & left 45°	
Brake svstem type	Front	Expanding/hydraulic	
	Rear wheel	Expanding	
Suspension type	Front	Telescope	
	Rear wheel	Unit swing	
Shock absorber type	Front	Telescope	
	Rear wheel	Unit swing	
Frame type		Pipe under bone	

GENERAL INFORMATION

ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER/IDENTIFICATION ..... 2- 1

SERVICE PRECAUTIONS ..... 2- 2

SERVICE INFORMATION..... 2- 6

TORQUE VALUES..... 2- 8

SPECIAL TOOLS ..... 2- 9

LUBRICATION POINTS..... 2-11

WIRING DIAGRAM..... 2-12

CABLE & HARNESS ROUTING ..... 2-13

TROUBLESHOOTING..... 2-17

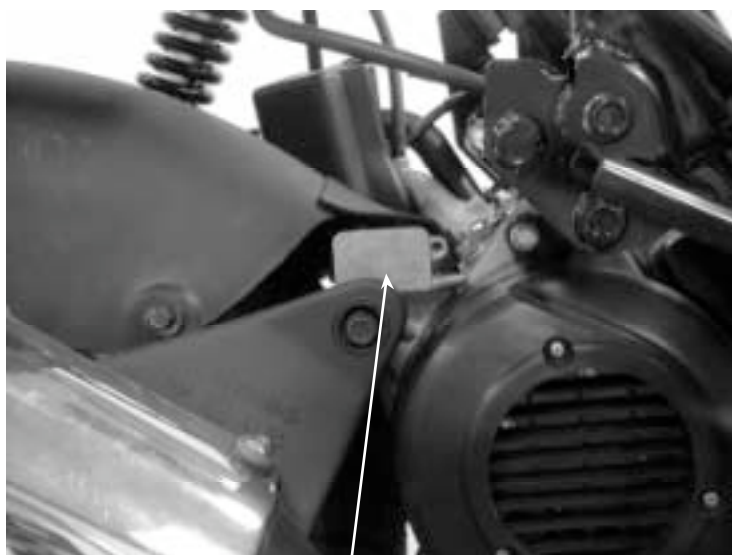


## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

---

 **KYMCO YUP 50**

### ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER/IDENTIFICATION



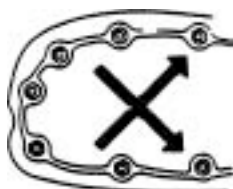
Location of Engine Serial Number

### SERVICE PRECAUTIONS

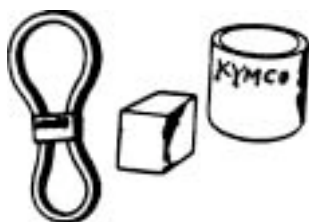
- Make sure to install new gaskets, O-rings, circlips, cotter pins, etc. when reassembling



- When tightening bolts or nuts, begin with larger-diameter to smaller ones at several times, and tighten to the specified torque diagonally.



- Use genuine parts and lubricants.



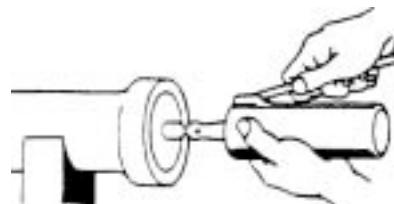
- When servicing the motorcycle, be sure to use special tools for removal and installation.



- After disassembly, clean removed parts. Lubricate sliding surfaces with engine oil before reassembly.



- Apply or add designated greases and lubricants to the specified lubrication points.



- After reassembly, check all parts for proper tightening and operation.



- When two persons work together, pay attention to the mutual working safety.

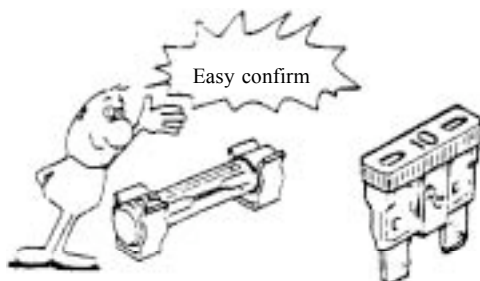


- Disconnect the battery negative (-) terminal before operation.
- When using a spanner or other tools, make sure not to damage the motorcycle surface.



- After operation, check all connecting points, fasteners, and lines for proper connection and installation.
- When connecting the battery, the positive (+) terminal must be connected first.
- After connection, apply grease to the battery terminals.
- Terminal caps shall be installed securely.

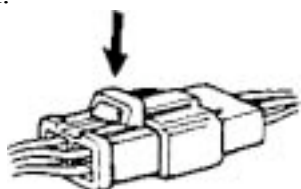
- If the fuse is burned out, find the cause and repair it. Replace it with a new one according to the specified capacity.



- After operation, terminal caps shall be installed securely.



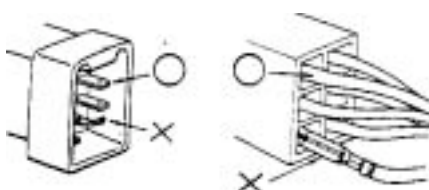
- When taking out the connector, the lock on the connector shall be released before operation.



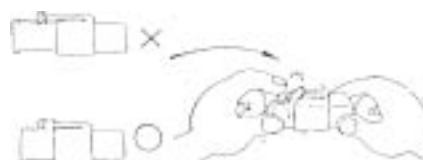
- Hold the connector body when connecting or disconnecting it.
- Do not pull the connector wire.



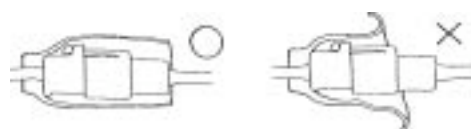
- Check if any connector terminal is bending, protruding or loose.



- The connector shall be inserted completely.
- If the double connector has a lock, lock it at the correct position.
- Check if there is any loose wire.



- Before connecting a terminal, check for damaged terminal cover or loose negative terminal.



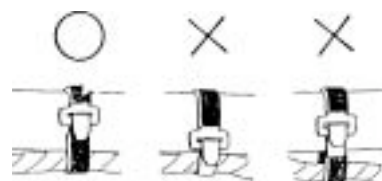
- Check the double connector cover for proper coverage and installation.



- Insert the terminal completely.
- Check the terminal cover for proper coverage.
- Do not make the terminal cover opening face up.



- Secure wire harnesses to the frame with their respective wire bands at the designated locations. Tighten the bands so that only the insulated surfaces contact the wire harnesses.



## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

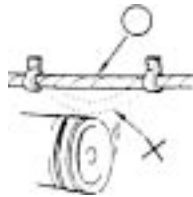
- After clamping, check each wire to make sure it is secure.



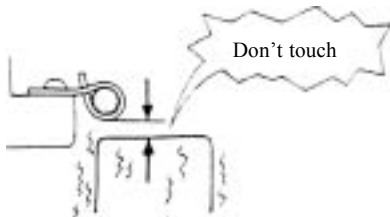
- Do not squeeze wires against the weld or its clamp.



- After clamping, check each harness to make sure that it is not interfering with any moving or sliding parts.



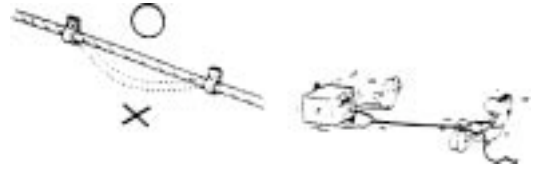
- When fixing the wire harnesses, do not make it contact the parts which will generate high heat.



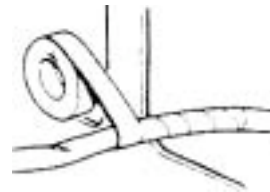
- Route wire harnesses to avoid sharp edges or corners. Avoid the projected ends of bolts and screws.
- Route wire harnesses passing through the side of bolts and screws. Avoid the projected ends of bolts and screws.



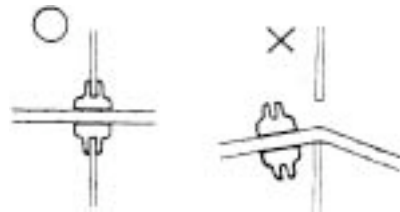
- Route harnesses so they are neither pulled tight nor have excessive slack.



- Protect wires and harnesses with electrical tape or tube if they contact a sharp edge or corner.



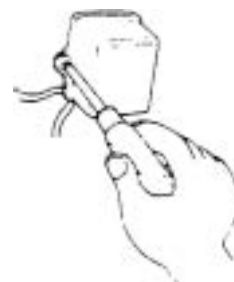
- When rubber protecting cover is used to protect the wire harnesses, it shall be installed securely.



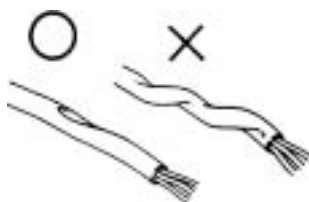
- Do not break the sheath of wire.
- If a wire or harness is with a broken sheath, repair by wrapping it with protective tape or replace it.



- When installing other parts, do not press or squeeze the wires.



- After routing, check that the wire harnesses are not twisted or kinked.



- Wire harnesses routed along with handlebar should not be pulled tight, have excessive slack or interfere with adjacent or surrounding parts in all steering positions.



- When a testing device is used, make sure to understand the operating methods thoroughly and operate according to the operating instructions.



- Be careful not to drop any parts.



- When rust is found on a terminal, remove the rust with sand paper or equivalent before connecting.



- Symbols:

The following symbols represent the servicing methods and cautions included in this service manual.



Engine Oil

: Apply engine oil to the specified points. (Use designated engine oil for lubrication.)



Grease

: Apply grease for lubrication.



Special

: Use special tool.



: Caution



: Warning

(⇒ 12-3)

: Refer to page 12-3.

## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

### SERVICE INFORMATION

ENGINE	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Item	YUP 50	YUP 50
Cylinder head warpage	□	0.10
Piston O.D.(5mm from bottom of piston)	38.955_ 38.970	38.90
Cylinder-to- piston clearance		0.10
Piston pin hole I.D.	12.002_ 12.008	12.03
Piston pin O.D.	11.994_ 12.0	11.98
Piston-to-piston pin clearance	□	□
Piston ring end gap (top/second)	0.10_ 0.25	0.40
Connecting rod small end I.D.	17.005_ 17.017	17.03
Cylinder bore	39.0_ 39.025	39.05
Drive belt width	18	17
Drive pulley collar O.D.	20.01_ 20.025	□
Movable drive face ID.	20.035_ 20.085	19.97
Weight roller O.D.	8.5	8.2
Clutch outer I.D.	107_ 107.2	107.5
Driven face spring free length	87.9	82.6
Driven face O.D.	□	□
Movable driven face I.D.	□	□
Connecting rod big end side clearance	□	□
Connecting rod big end radial clearance	□	□
Crankshaft runout A/B	□	□

CARBURETOR	YUP 50
Venturi dia.	14mm
Identification number	014A
Float level	5.0mm
Main jet	#75
Slow jet	#35
Air screw opening	1 ± _
Idle speed	2100±100rpm
Throttle grip free play	2_ 6mm
Jet needle clip notch	1st notch

## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

FRAME		Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Item		YUP50	YUP50
Axle shaft runout		□	0.2
Front wheel rim runout	Radial		
	Axial		
Front shock absorber spring free length		200.0	182.8
Rear wheel rim runout			2.0
Brake drum I.D.	Front/rear	110	111
Brake lining thickness	Front/rear	4.0/4.0	2.0/2.0
Brake disk runout	Front/rear	□	0.30
Rear shock absorber spring free length		235.7	218.7

ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT			YUP50
Battery	Capacity		12V3AH
	Voltage		13.0_ 13.2V
	Charging current	Standard	0.4A/5H
		Quick	4A/0.5H
Spark plug	(NGK)		BR8HSA
Spark plug gap			0.6_ 0.7mm
Ignition coil resistance	Primary coil		0.153_ 0.187□
	Secondary coil (with plug cap)		6.99_ 10.21K□
	Secondary coil (without plug cap)		3.24_ 3.96K□
Pulser coil resistance (20°C )			80_ 160□
Ignition timing			13.5°±2°BTDC/2000rpm



## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

### TORQUE VALUES

#### ENGINE

Item	Thread dia. (mm)	Torque (kg-m)	Remarks
Cylinder head bolt	BF7x115	1.5_ 1.7	(cold)
Clutch drive plate nut	10	3.5_ 4.0	
Clutch outer nut	NH10	3.5_ 4.5	
Drive face nut	NH12	5.0_ 6.0	
Oil check bolt	10	1.0_ 1.5	
Engine mounting bolt	BF10x95	4.5_ 5.5	
Engine hanger bracket bolt	BF10x50	3.5_ 4.5	
Exhaust muffler joint lock nut	NC6mm	1.0_ 1.4	
Exhaust muffler lock bolt	BF8x35	3.0_ 3.6	
Spark plug		1.1_ 1.7	(cold)

#### FRAME

Item	Thread dia. (mm)	Torque (kg-m)	Remarks
Handlebar lock nut	10	4.5_ 5.0	Flange bolt/U-nut
Steering stem lock nut	25.4	6.0_ 8.0	
Steering top cone race	25.4	0.5_ 1.3	
Front axle nut	12	5.0_ 7.0	Flange U-nut
Rear axle nut	16	11.0_ 13.0	Flange U-nut
Rear brake arm bolt			Flange nut
Front shock absorber:			
upper mount bolt	8	3.3	Flange bolt/U-nut
lower mount bolt		3.3	Cross head
hex bolt		1.5_ 3.0	Apply locking agent
Front damper nut	8	1.5_ 3.0	
Front pivot arm bolt			Flange screw/U-nut
Rear shock absorber:			
upper mount bolt	10	3.5_ 4.5	Flange nut
lower mount bolt	8	2.4_ 3.0	
lower joint nut	8	1.5_ 2.5	

Torque specifications listed above are for important fasteners. Others should be tightened to standard torque values below.

#### STANDARD TORQUE VALUES

SH bolt: 8mm Flange 6mm bolt

Item	Torque (kg-m)	Item	Torque (kg-m)
5mm bolt, nut	0.45_ 0.6	5mm screw	0.35_ 0.5
6mm bolt, nut	0.8_ 1.2	6mm screw, SH bolt	0.7_ 1.1
8mm bolt, nut	1.8_ 2.5	6mm flange bolt, nut	1.0_ 1.4
10mm bolt, nut	3.0_ 4.0	8mm flange bolt, nut	2.4_ 3.0
12mm bolt, nut	5.0_ 6.0	10mm flange bolt, nut	3.5_ 4.5



## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

### SPECIAL TOOLS

Tool Name	Tool No.	Remarks
Universal bearing puller	E030	Crankshaft bearing removal
Lock nut socket wrench	F001	Top cone race holding
Lock nut wrench,	F002	Stem lock nut tightening
Crankcase puller	E026	Crankcase disassembly
Bearing remover set, 12mm (Spindle assy, 12mm) (Remover weight)	E020	Drive shaft bearing removal/installation
Bearing remover set, 15mm (Spindle assy, 15mm) (Remover head, 15mm) (Remover shaft, 15mm)	E018	Drive shaft bearing removal/installation
Bearing outer driver, 28x30mm	E014	Bearing installation
Clutch spring compressor	E027	Driven pulley disassembly/assembly
Crankcase assembly collar	E023	Driven shaft, crankshaft & crankcase assembly
Crankcase assembly tool	E024	Crankshaft & crankcase assembly
Ball race remover	F005	Steering stem bearing races
Rear shock absorber compressor	F004	Rear shock absorber disassembly/assembly
Universal holder	E017	Flywheel holding
Flywheel puller	E001	Flywheel removal
Bearing outer driver, 32x35mm	E014	Drive shaft bearing installation Final shaft bearing installation
Bearing outer driver, 37x40mm	E014	Drive shaft bearing installation Final shaft bearing installation Crankshaft bearing installation
Universal bearing puller	E030	Crankshaft bearing removal

## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

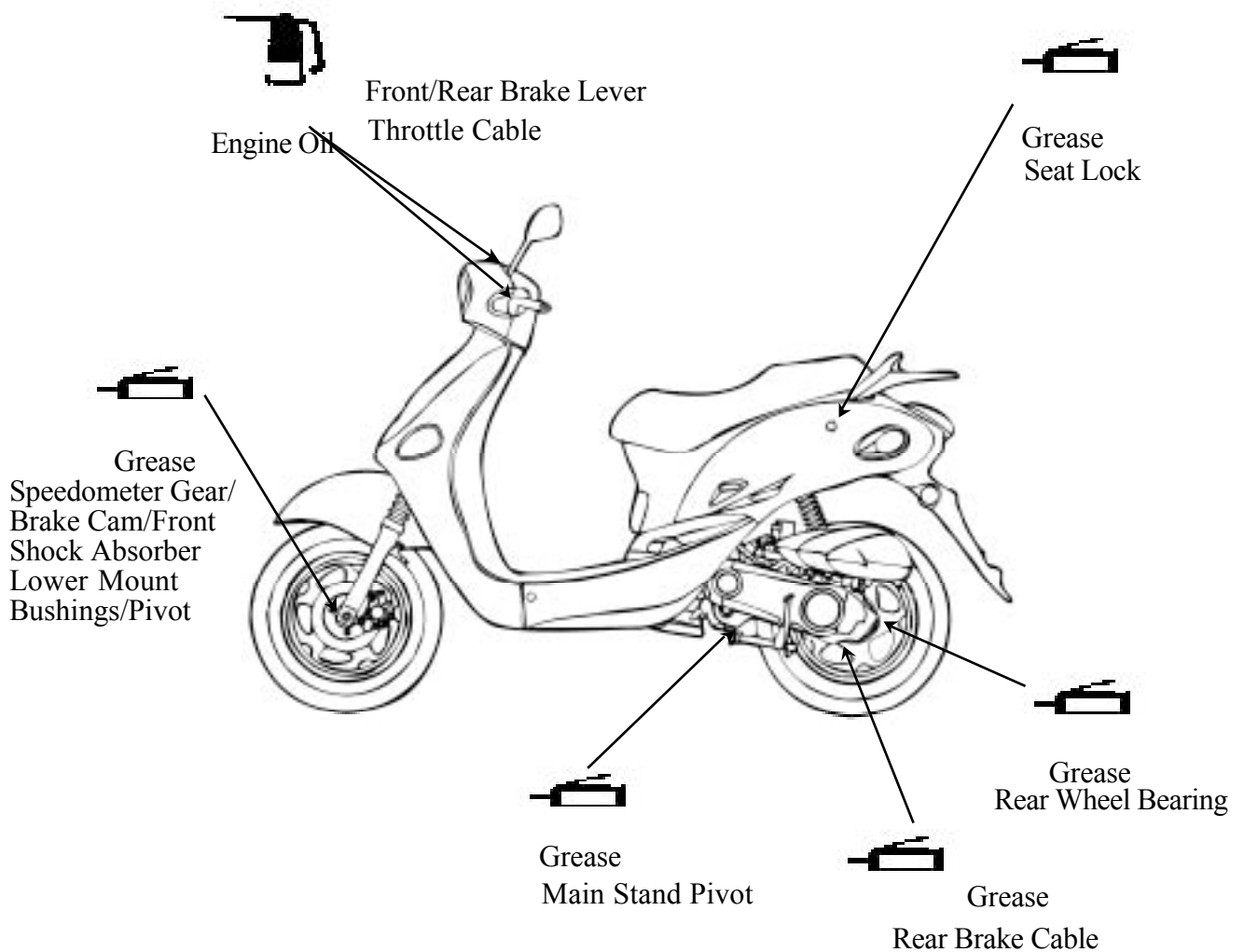
### LUBRICATION POINTS

#### ENGINE

NO.	Lubrication Points	Lubricant	Remarks
1	Crankcase sliding & movable parts	JASO-FC or API-TC	
2	Cylinder movable parts	JASO-FC or API-TC	
3	Transmission gear (final gear)	SAE-90#	
4	Kick starter spindle bushing	Grease	
5	Drive pulley movable parts	Grease	
6	Starter pinion movable parts	Grease	

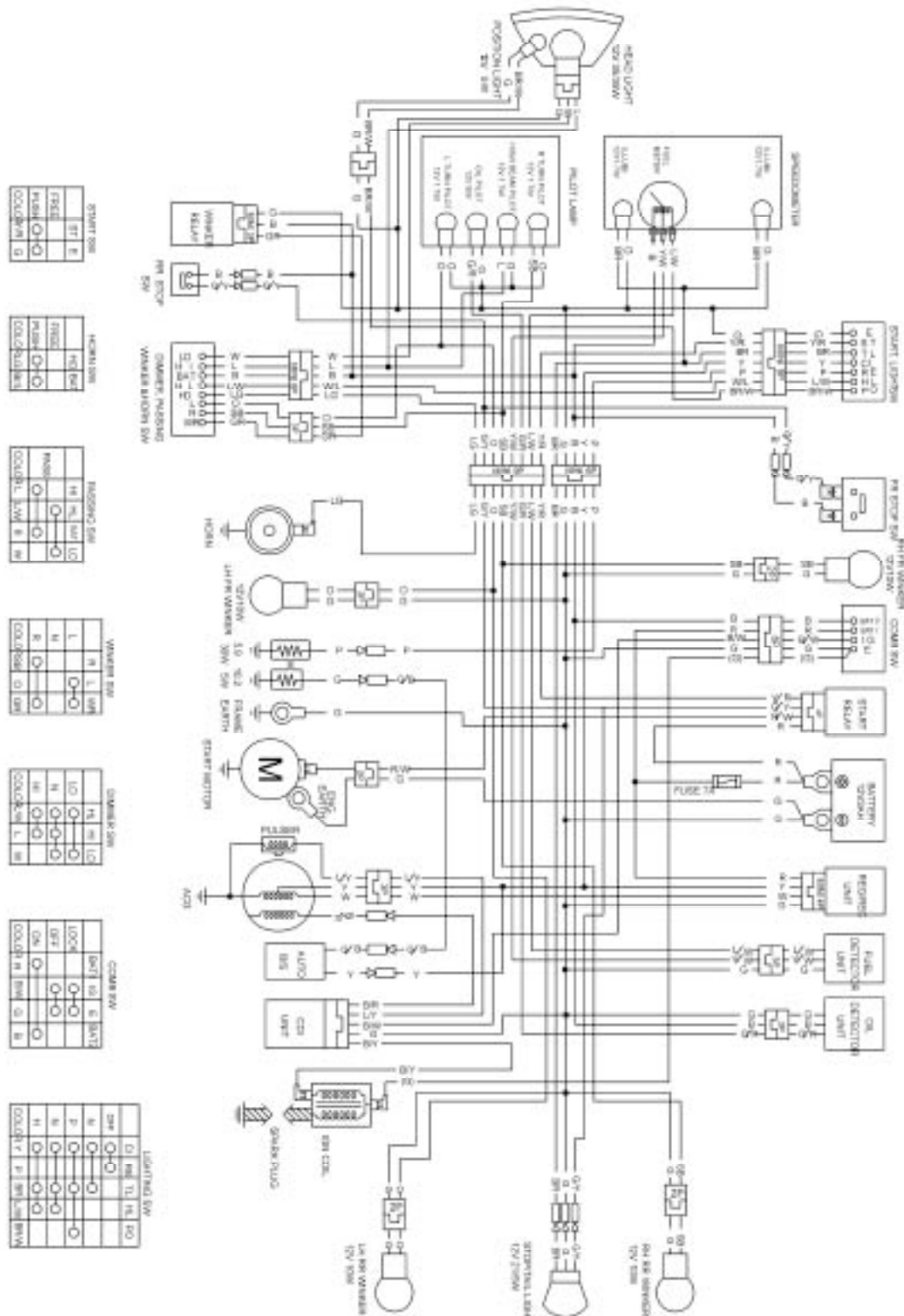
#### FRAME

Apply clean engine oil or grease to cables and movable parts not specified. This will avoid abnormal noise and rise the durability of the motorcycle.

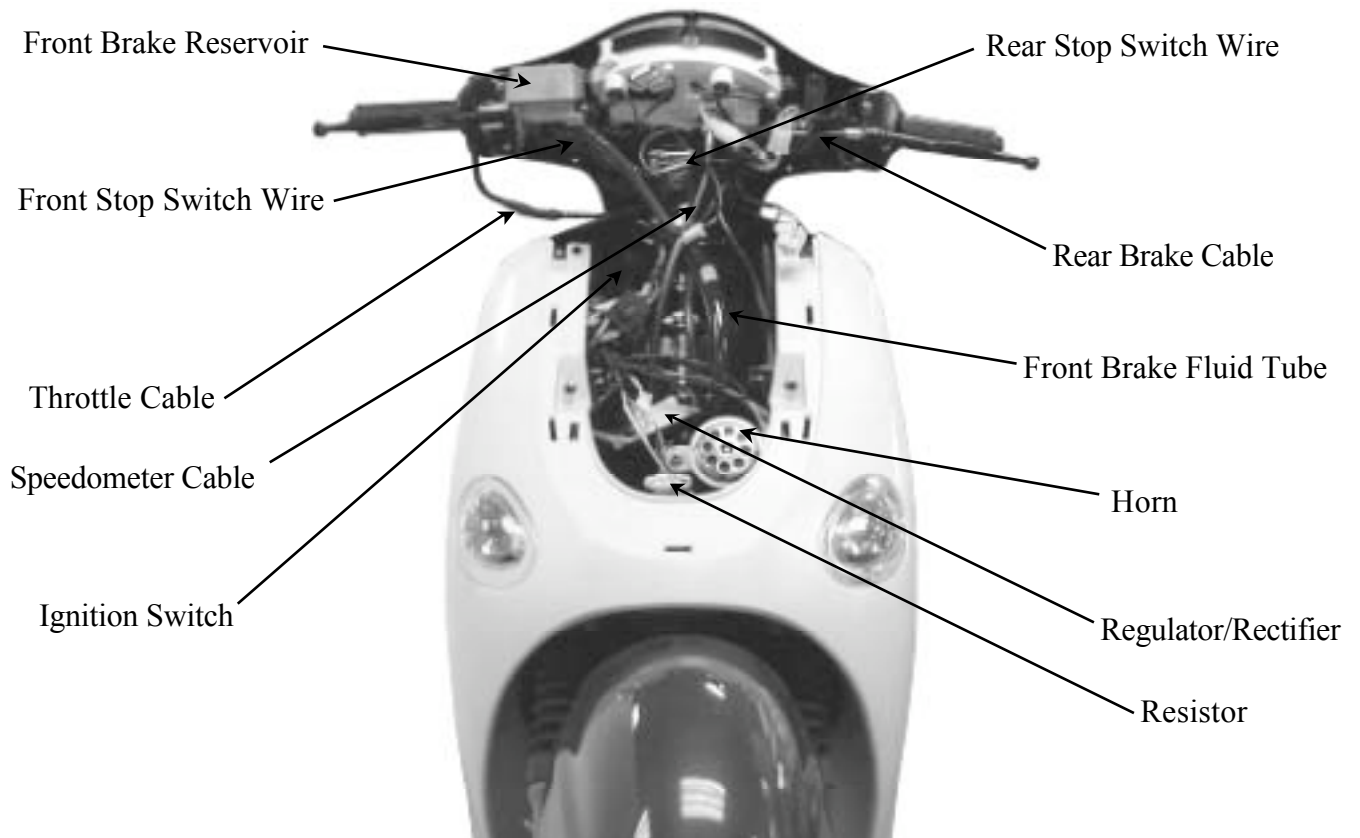


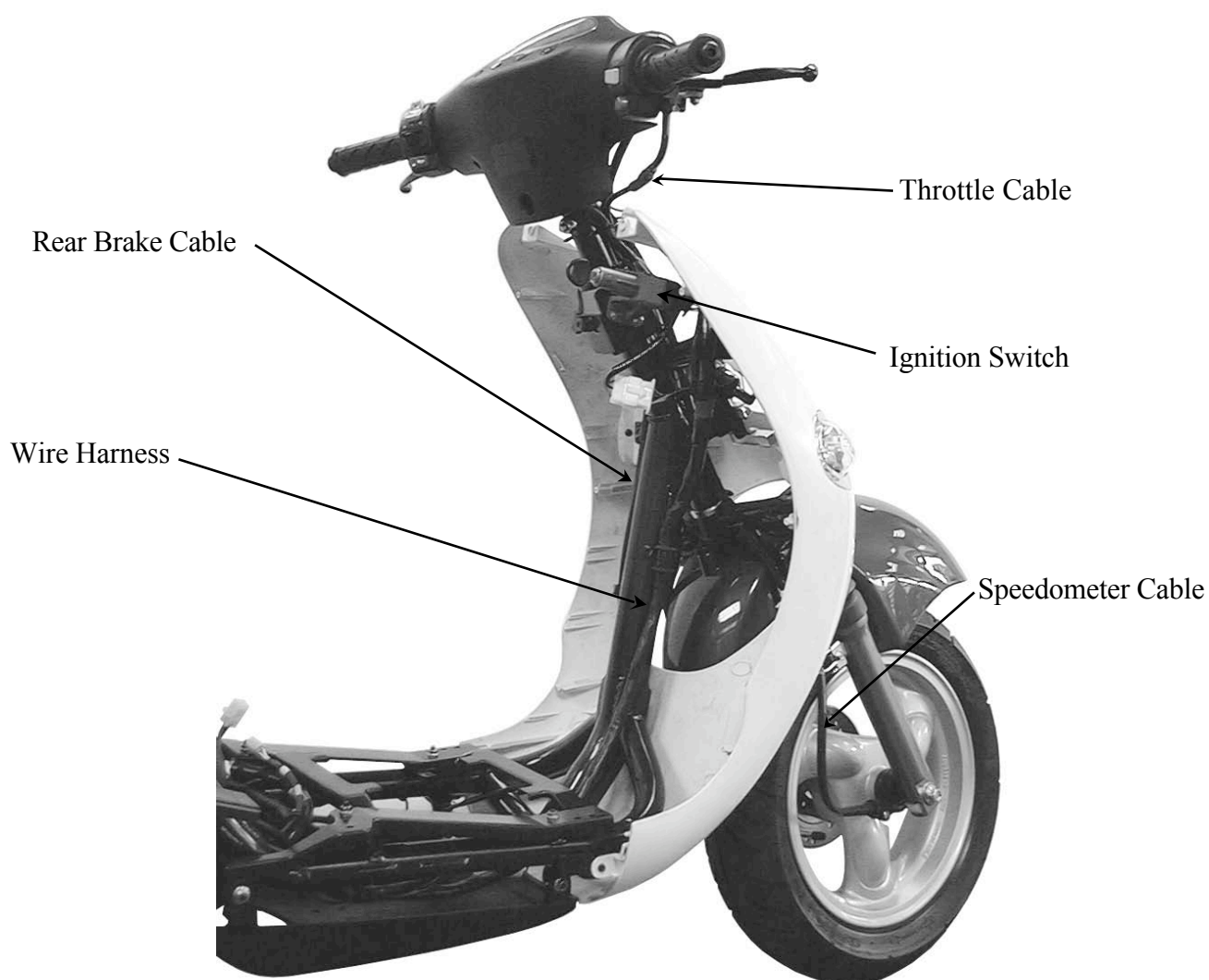
## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

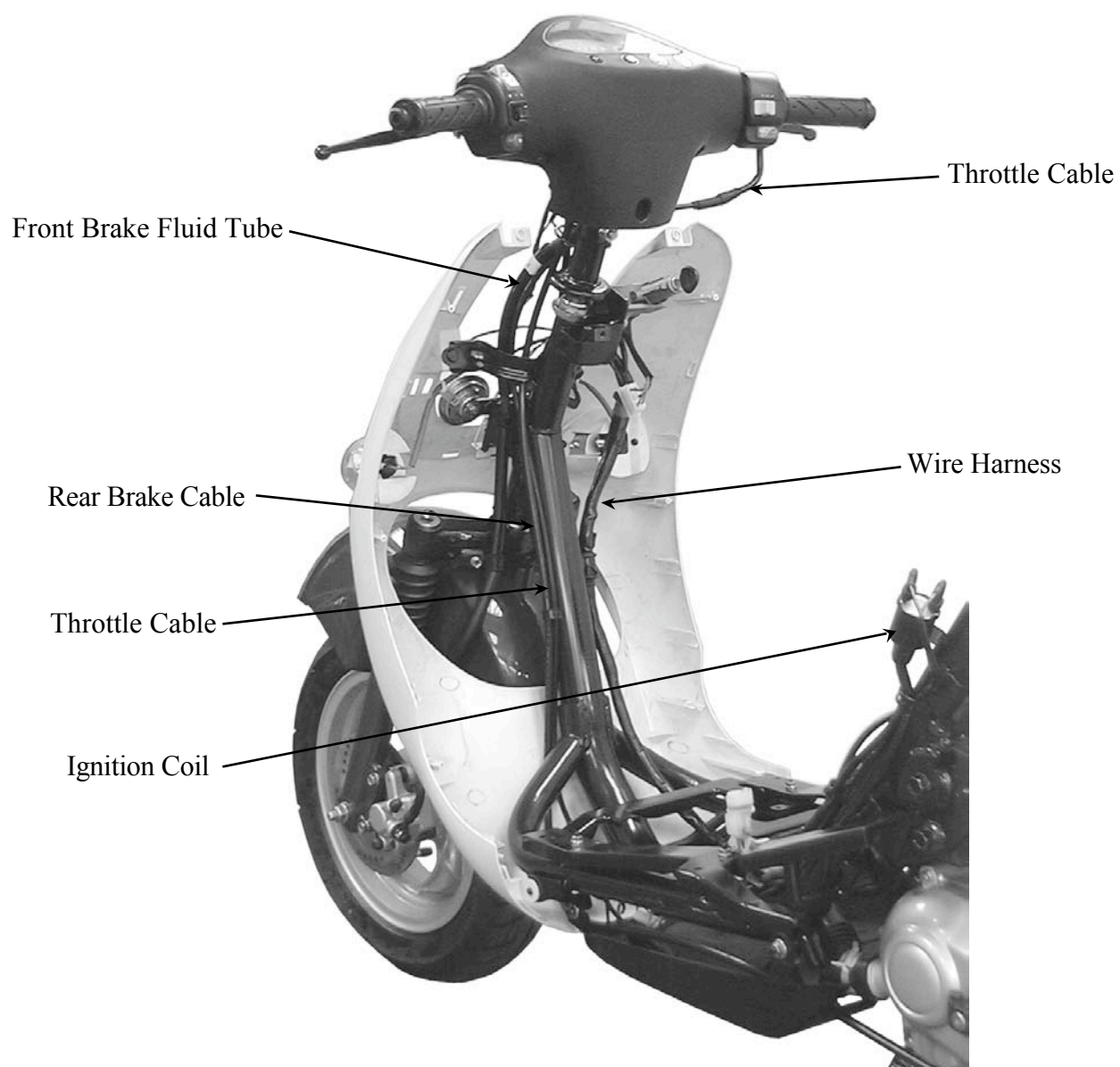
### WIRING DIAGRAM



### CABLE & HARNESS ROUTING

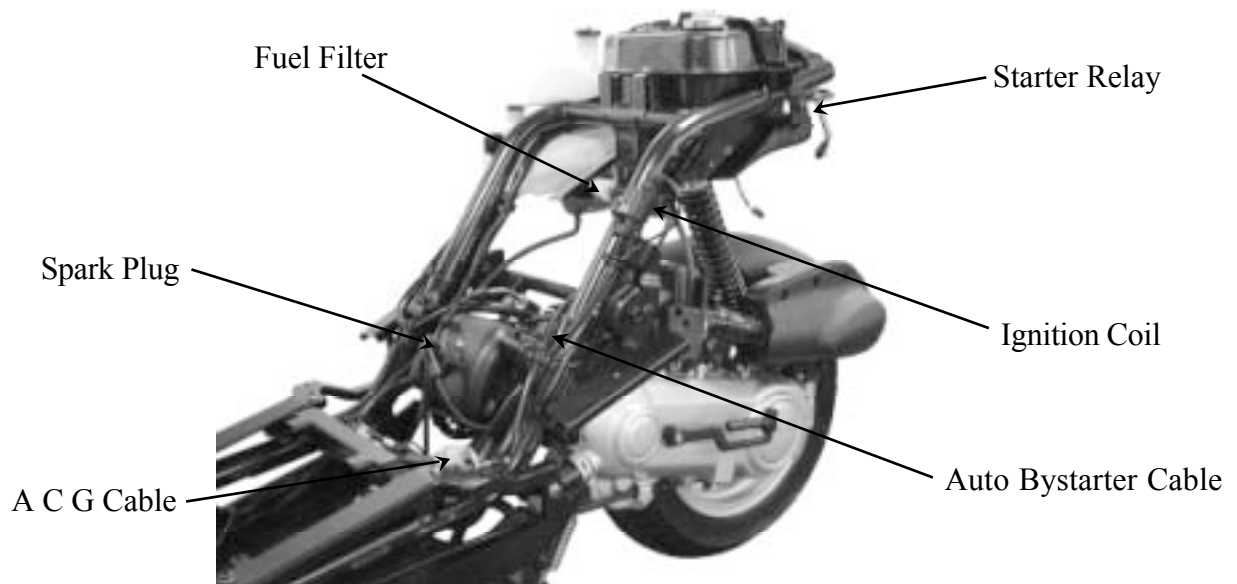
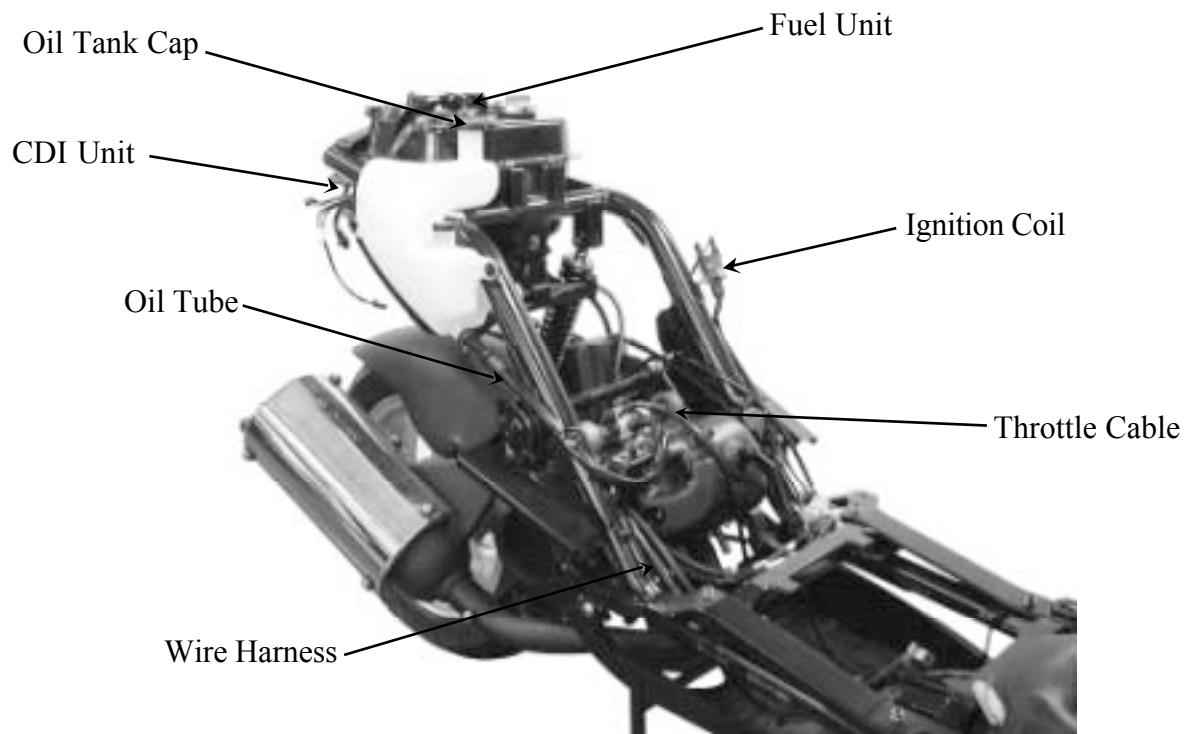


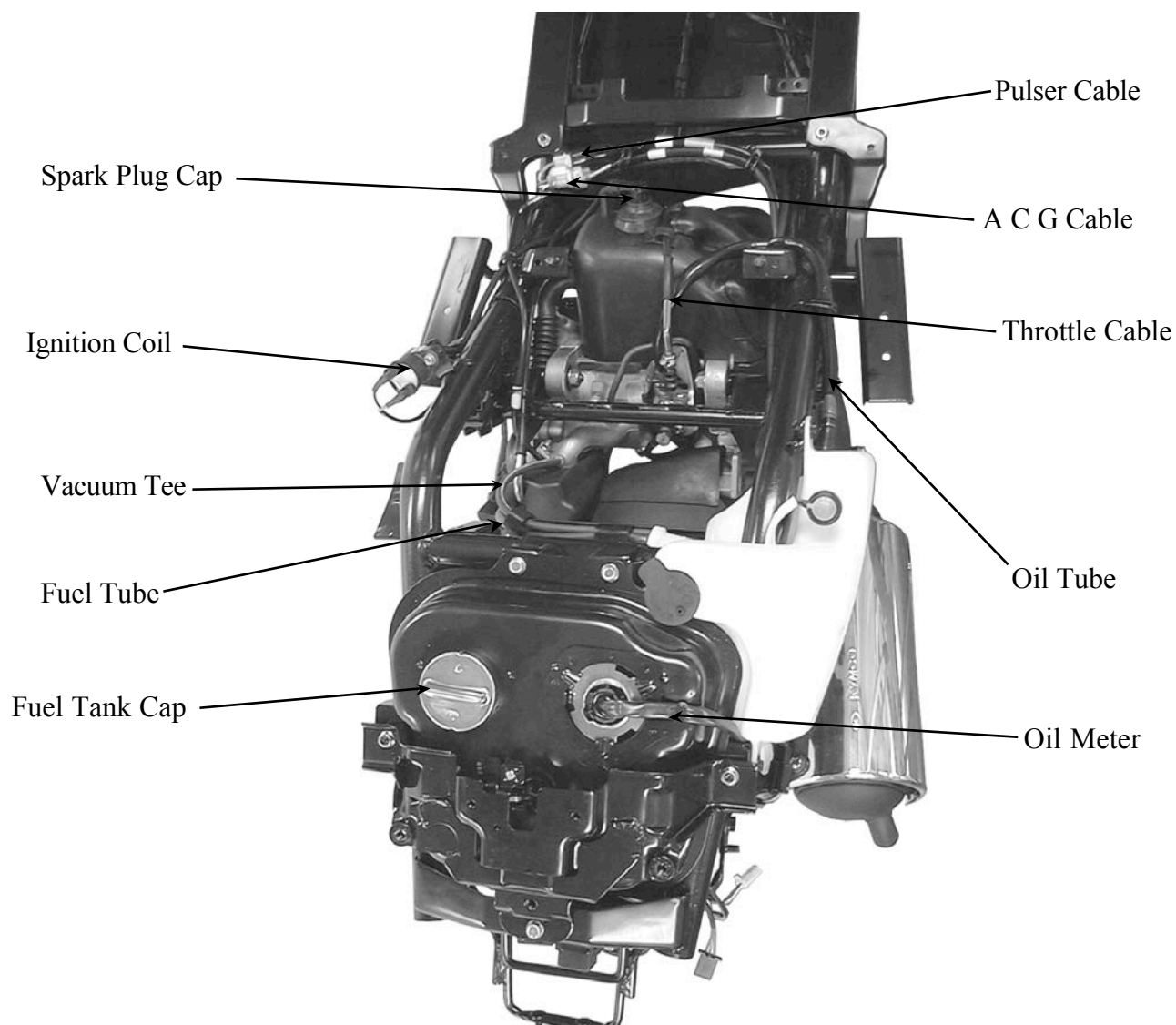






## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION



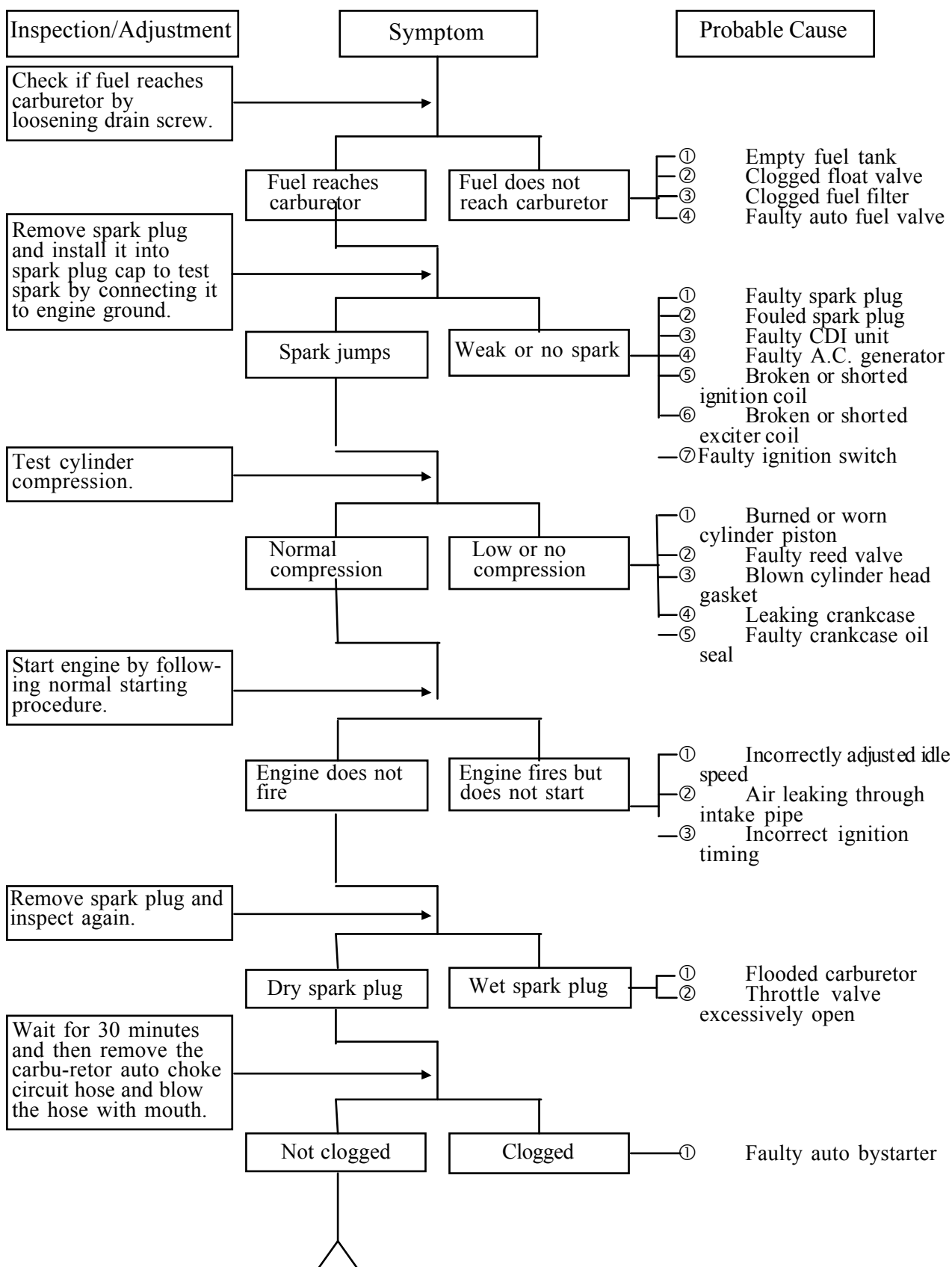




## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

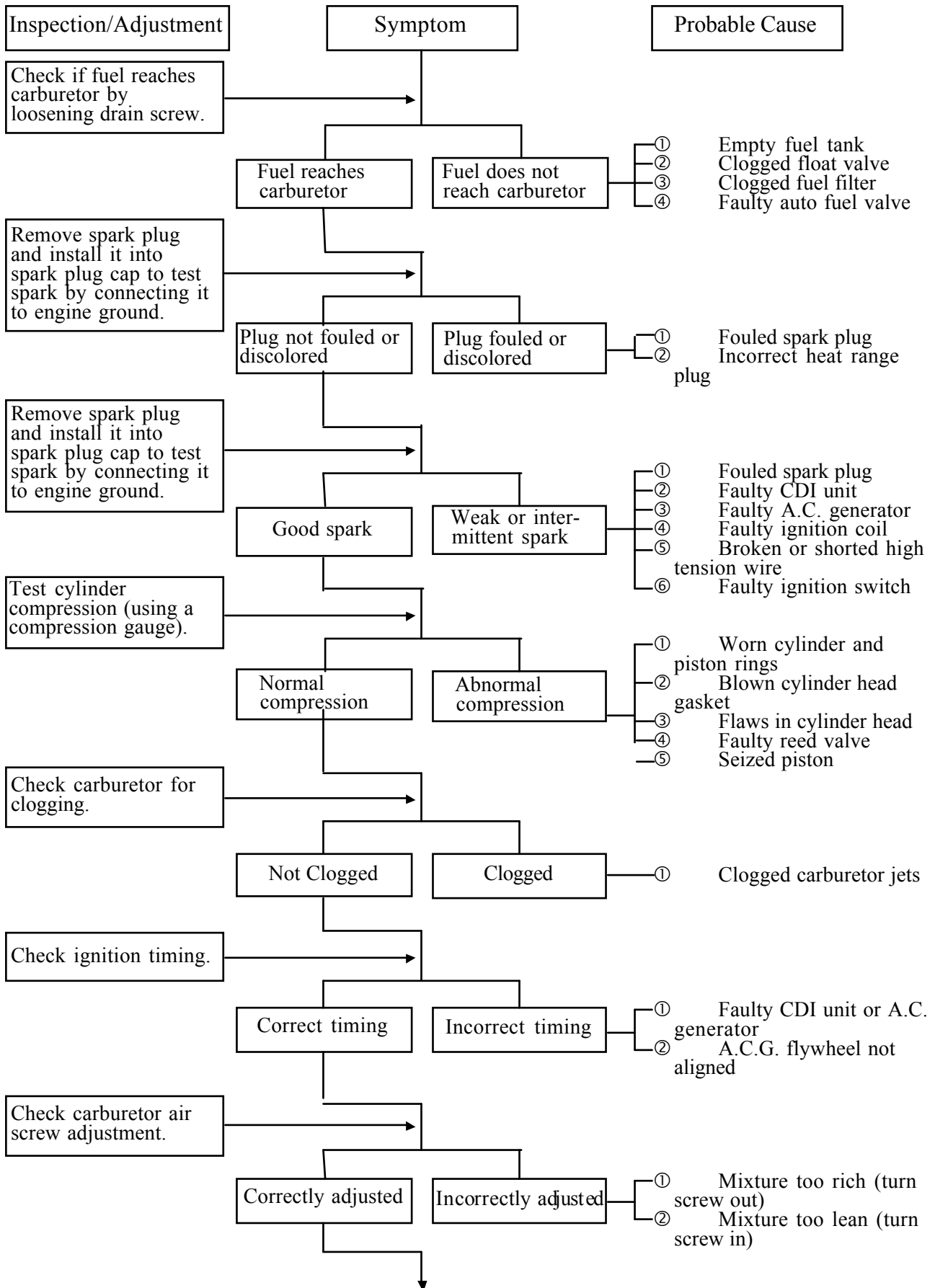
### TROUBLESHOOTING

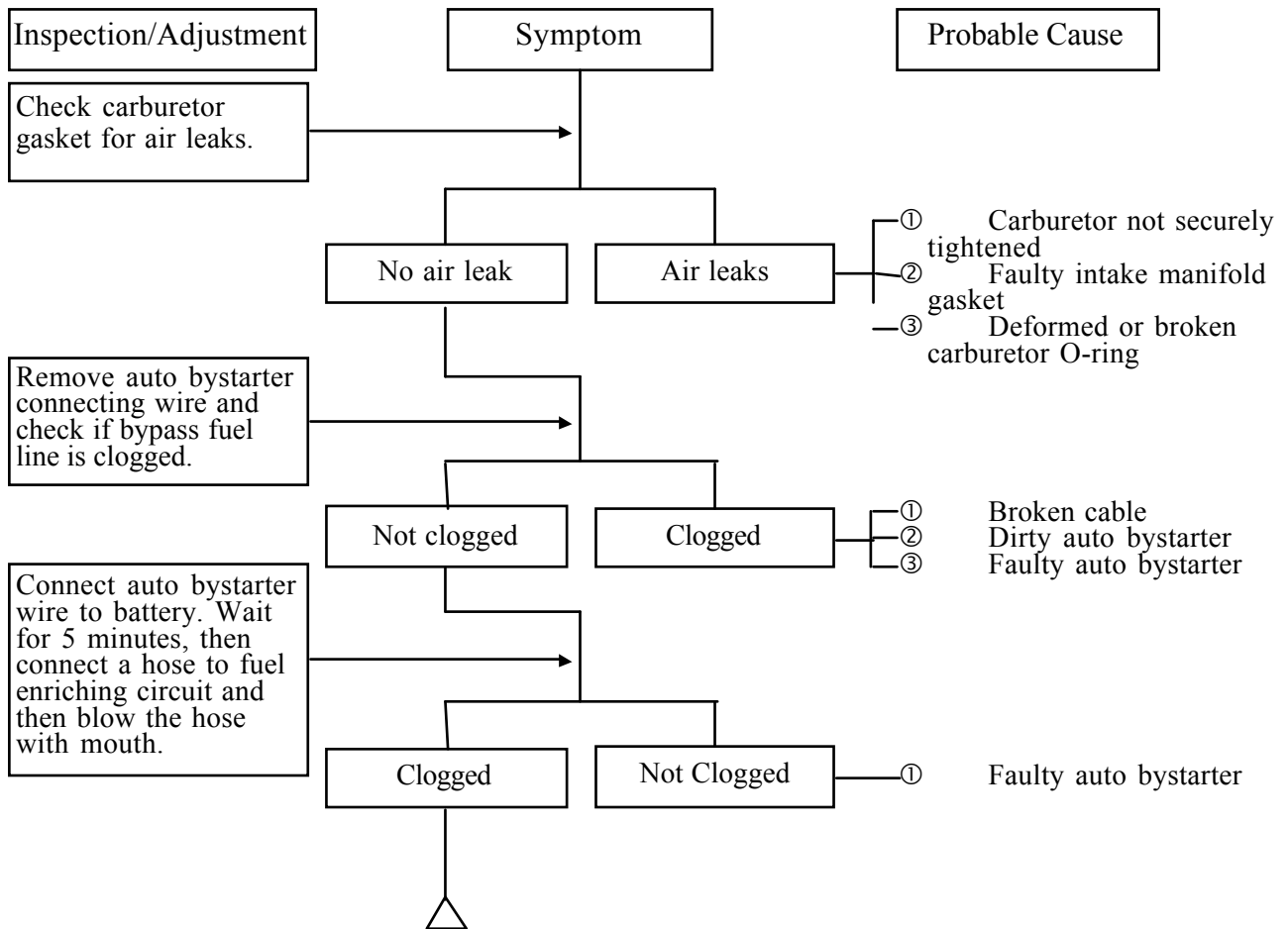
#### ENGINE WILL NOT START OR IS HARD TO START



## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

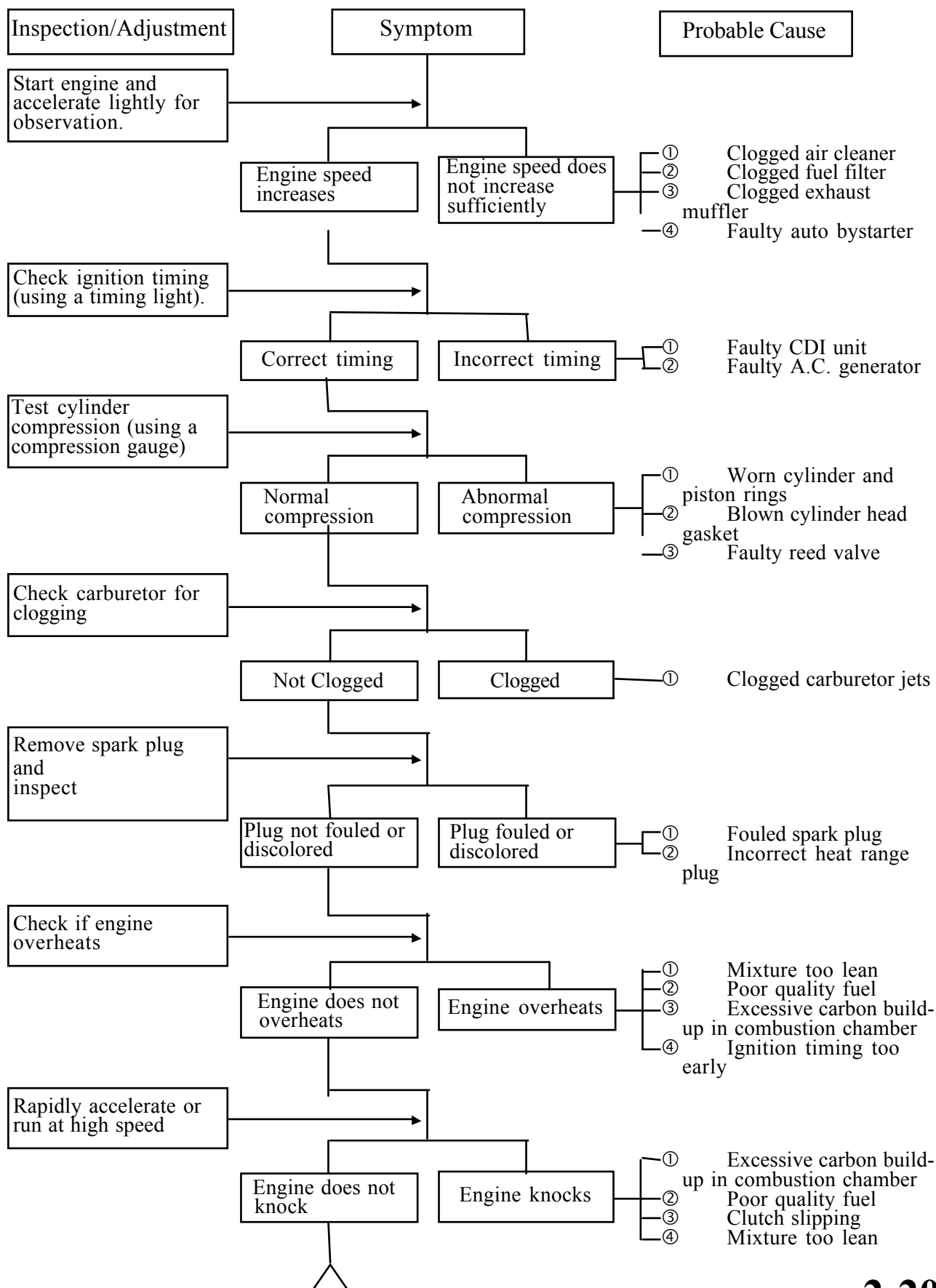
### ENGINE STOPS IMMEDIATELY AFTER IT STARTS



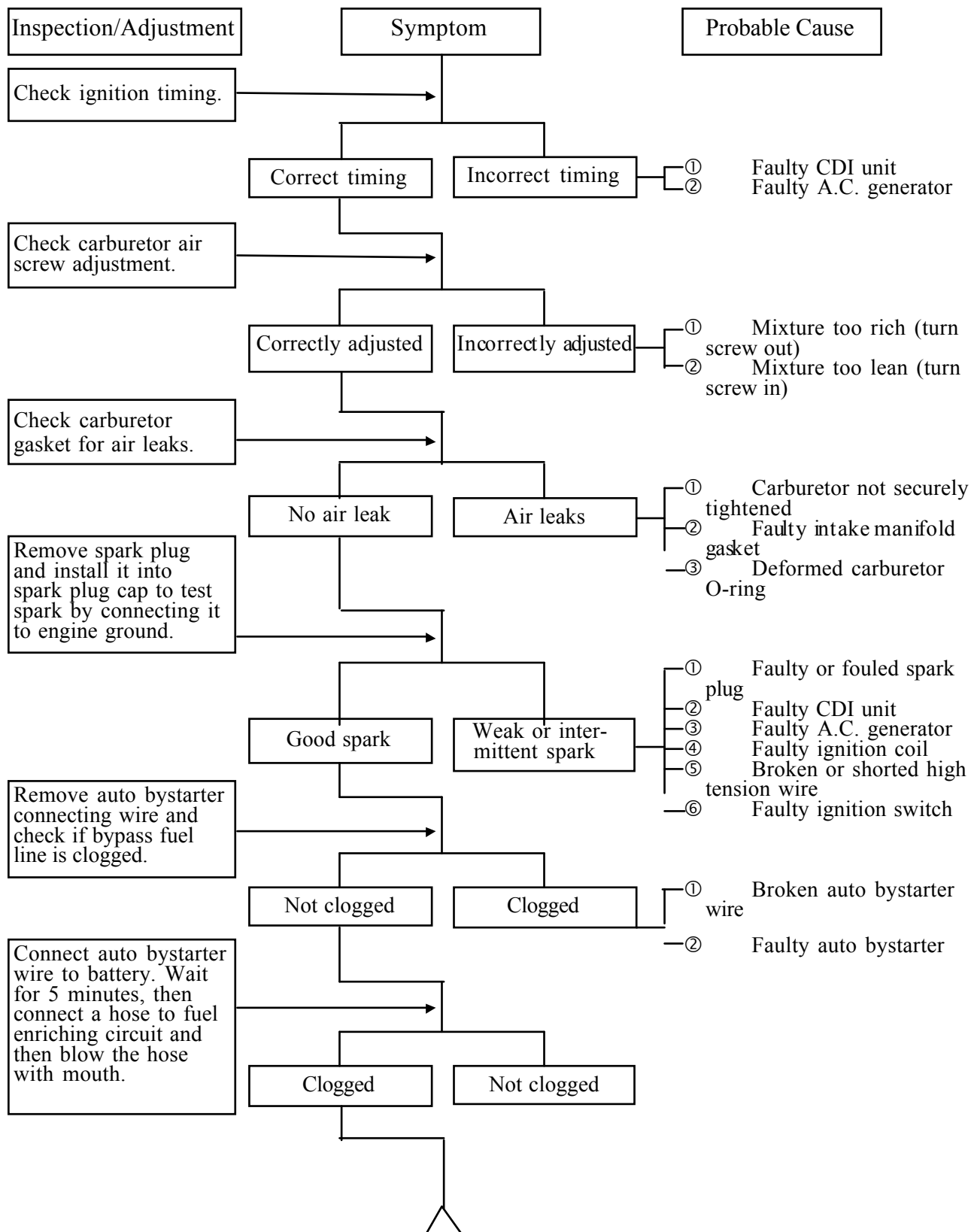


## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

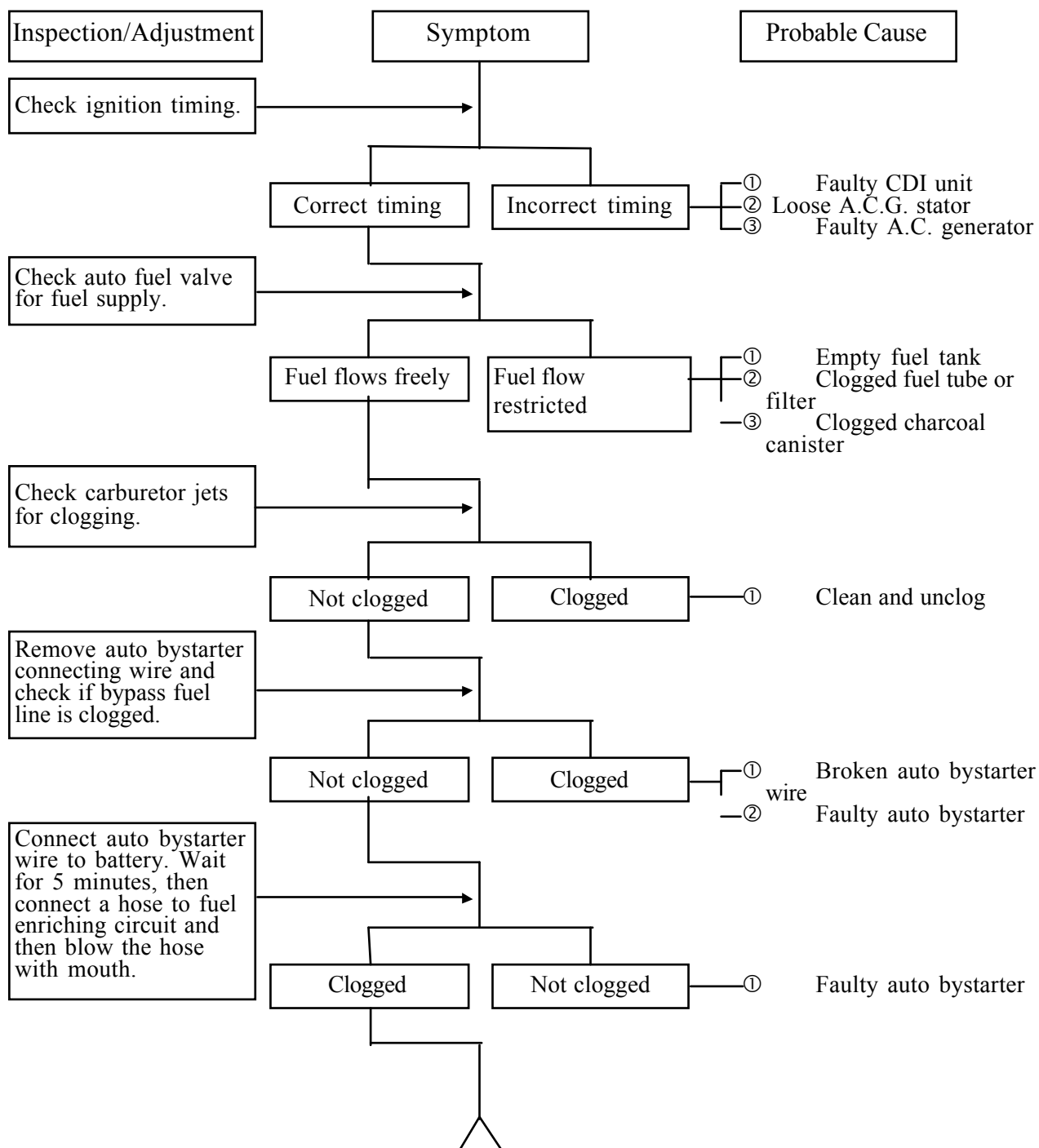
### ENGINE LACKS POWER



### POOR PERFORMANCE (ESPECIALLY AT IDLE AND LOW SPEEDS)



### POOR PERFORMANCE (AT HIGH SPEED)



## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

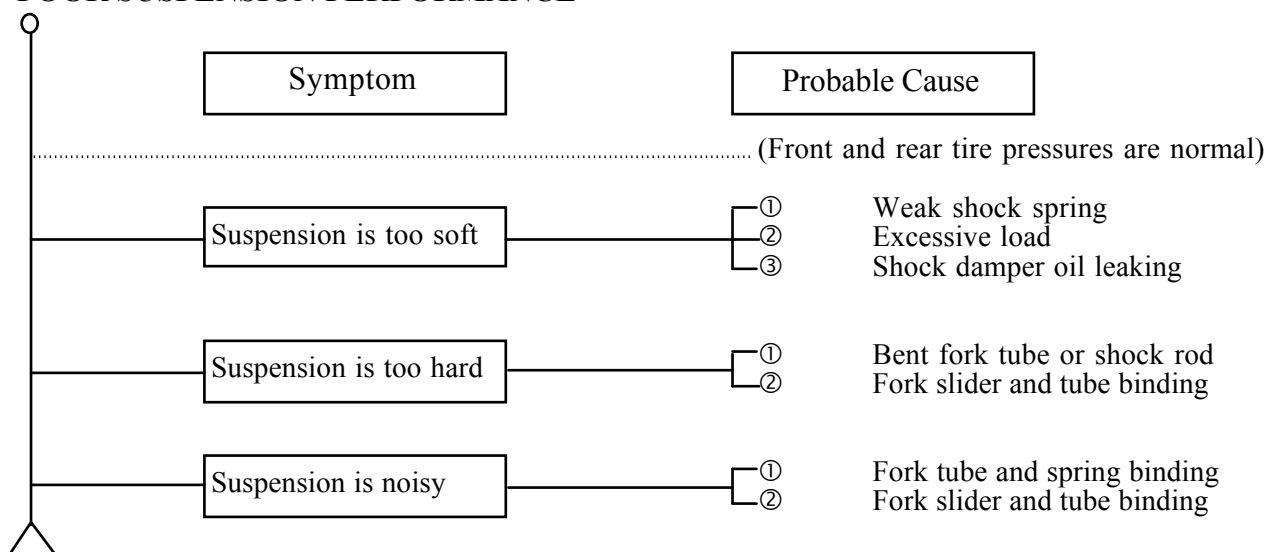
### CLUTCH, DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS

Symptom	Probable Cause
Engine starts but motor-cycle does not move	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Worn or slipping drive belt</li> <li>② Broken ramp plate</li> <li>③ Broken driven face spring</li> <li>④ Separated clutch lining</li> <li>⑤ Damaged driven pulley shaft splines</li> <li>⑥ Damaged final gear</li> <li>⑦ Seized final gear</li> </ul>
Motorcycle creeps or engine starts but soon stops or seems to rush out (Rear wheel rotates when engine idles)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Broken shoe spring</li> <li>② Clutch outer and clutch weight stuck</li> <li>③ Seized pivot</li> </ul>
Engine lacks power at start of a grade (poor slope performance)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Worn or slipping drive belt</li> <li>② Worn weight rollers</li> <li>③ Seized drive pulley bearings</li> <li>④ Weak driven face spring</li> <li>⑤ Worn or seized driven pulley bearings</li> </ul>
Engine lacks power at high speed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Worn or slipping drive belt</li> <li>② Worn weight rollers</li> <li>③ Worn or seized driven pulley bearings</li> </ul>
There is abnormal noise or smell while running	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Oil or grease fouled drive belt</li> <li>② Worn drive belt</li> <li>③ Weak driven face spring</li> <li>④ Worn or seized driven pulley bearings</li> </ul>

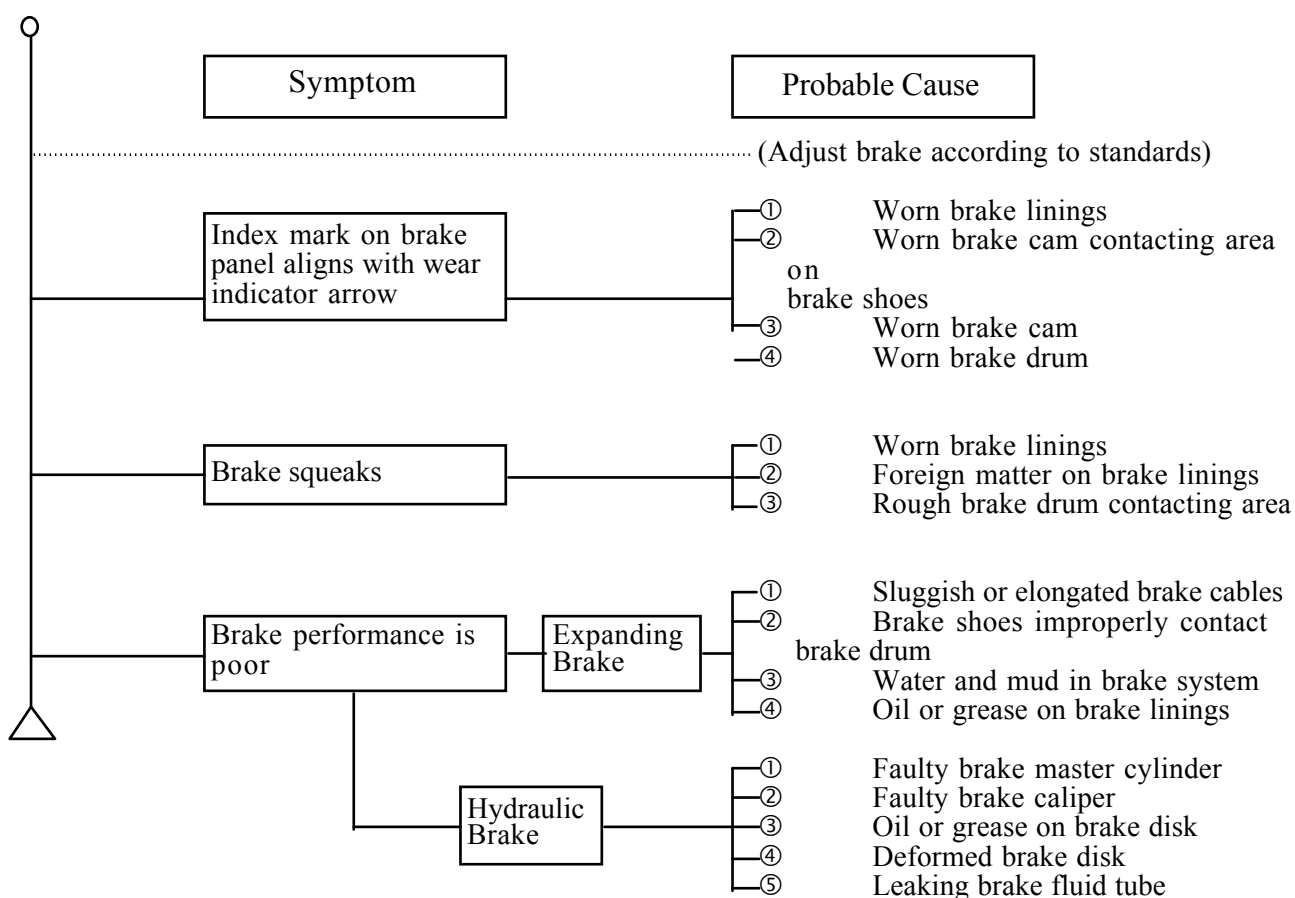
### STEERING HANDLEBAR DOES NOT TRACK STRAIGHT

Symptom	Probable Cause
(Front and rear tire pressures are normal)	
Steering is heavy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Steering stem nut too tight</li> <li>② Broken steering steel balls</li> </ul>
Front or rear wheel is wobbling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Excessive wheel bearing play</li> <li>② Bent rim</li> <li>③ Loose axle nut</li> </ul>
Steering handlebar pulls to one side	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>① Misaligned front and rear wheels</li> <li>② Bent front fork</li> </ul>

### POOR SUSPENSION PERFORMANCE



### POOR BRAKE PERFORMANCE

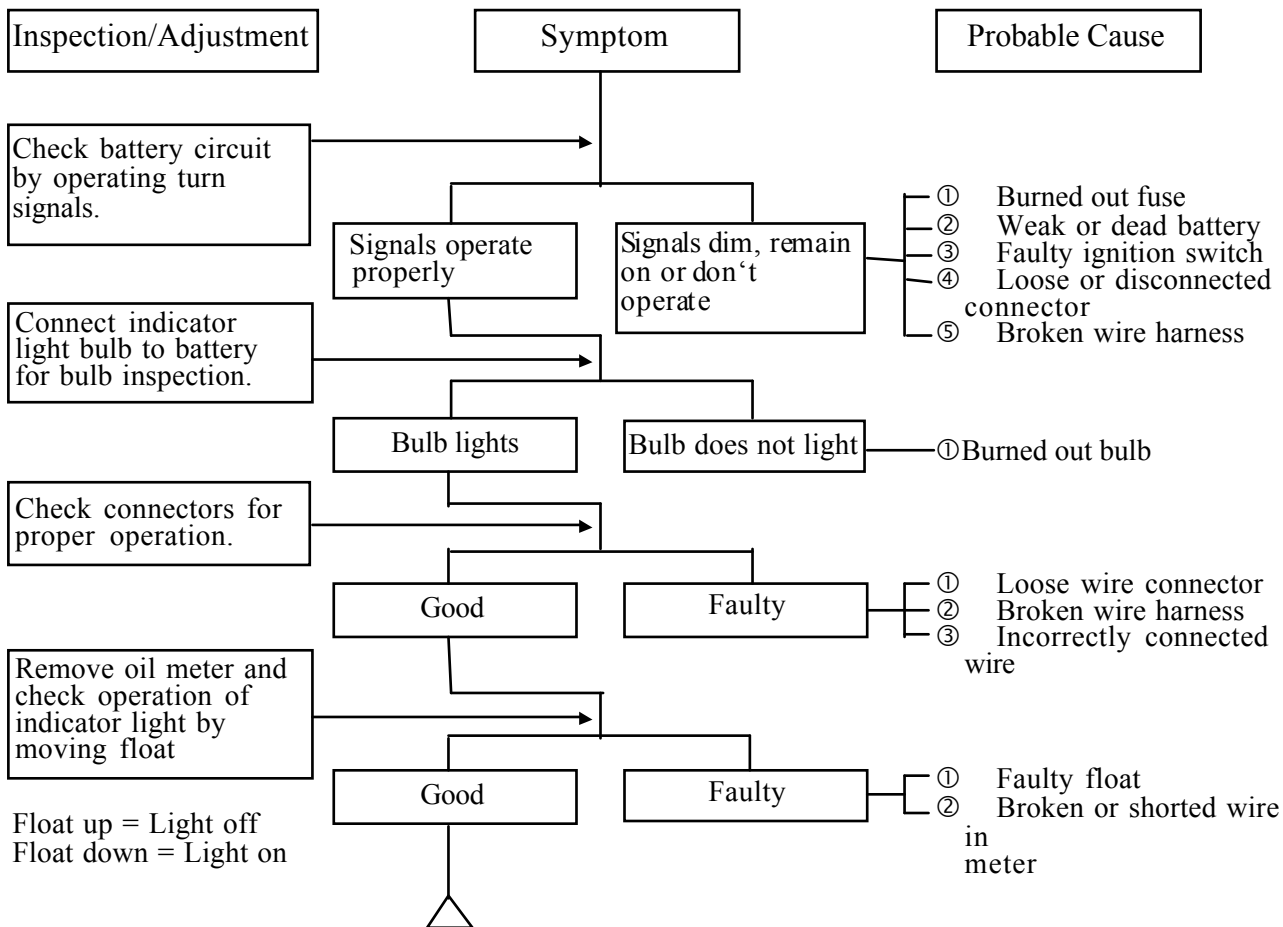




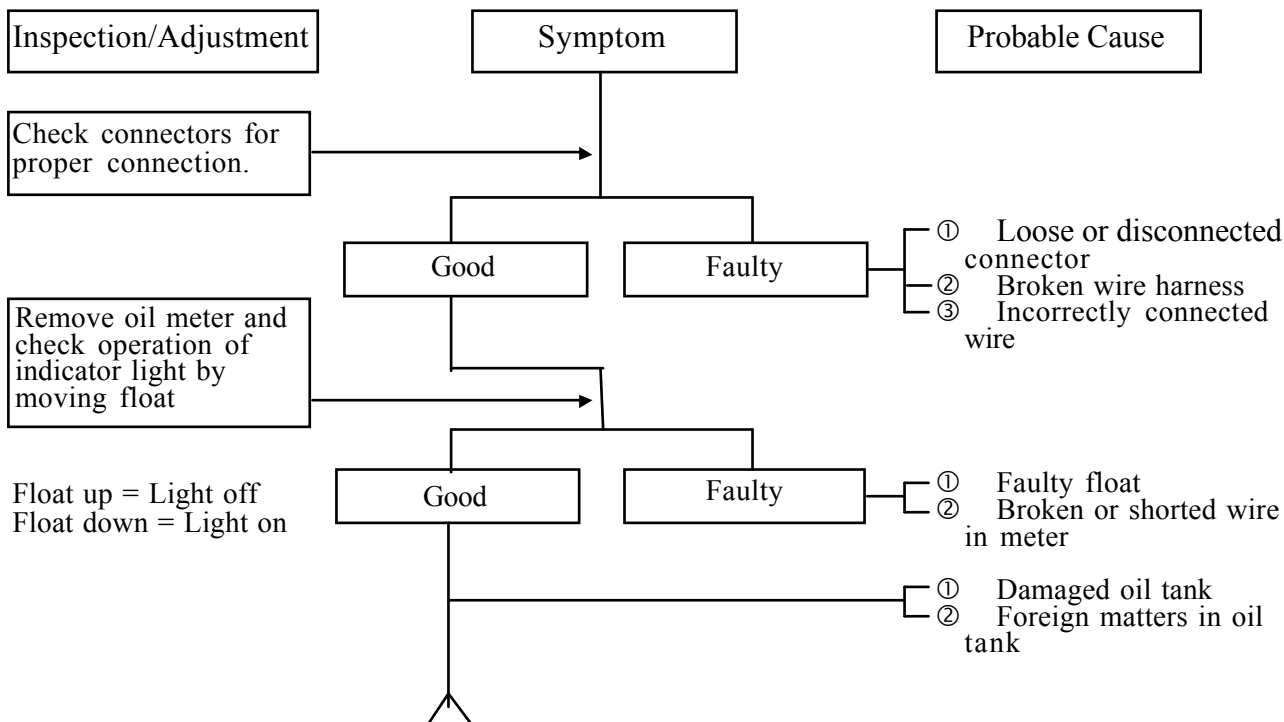
## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

### OIL METER

1. Motor oil indicator light does not come on when there is no motor oil (Ignition switch ON)



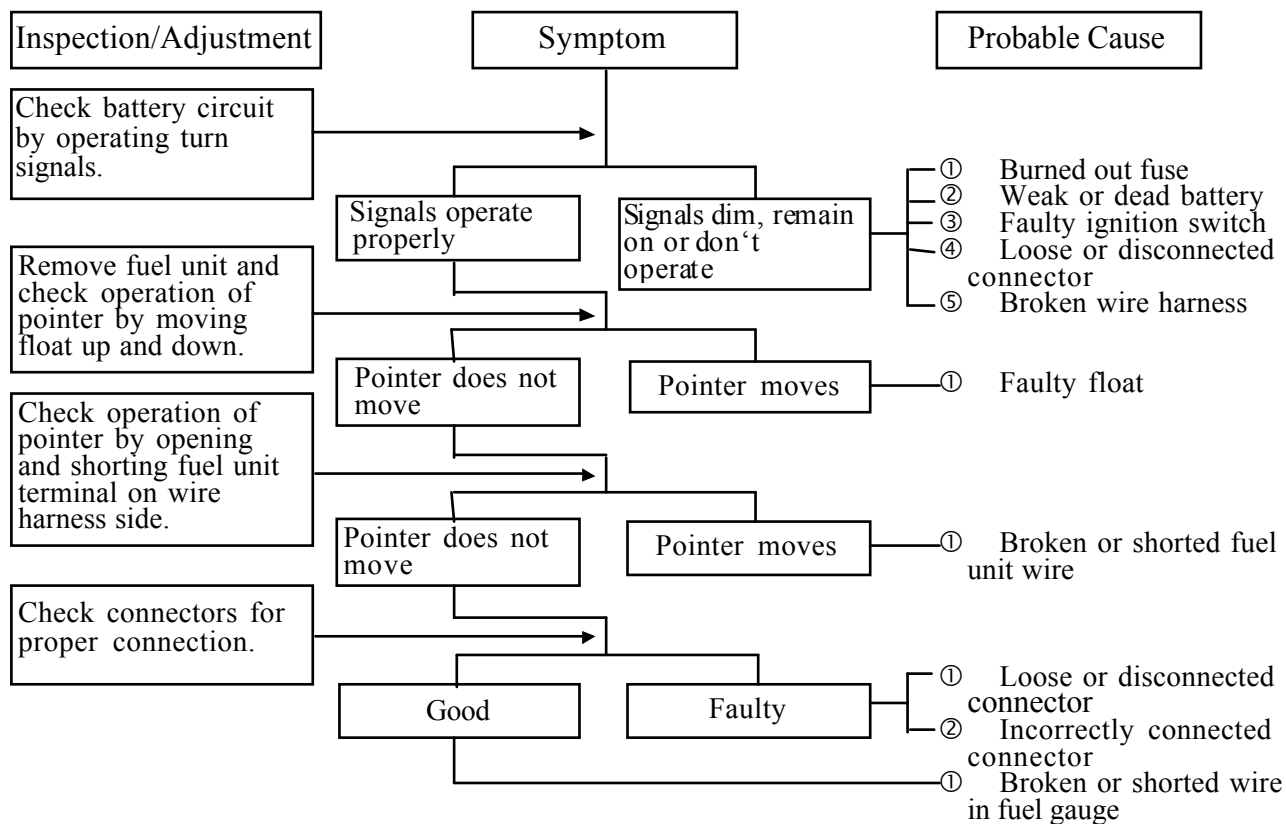
2. Motor oil is sufficient but the indicator light remains on (Ignition switch ON)



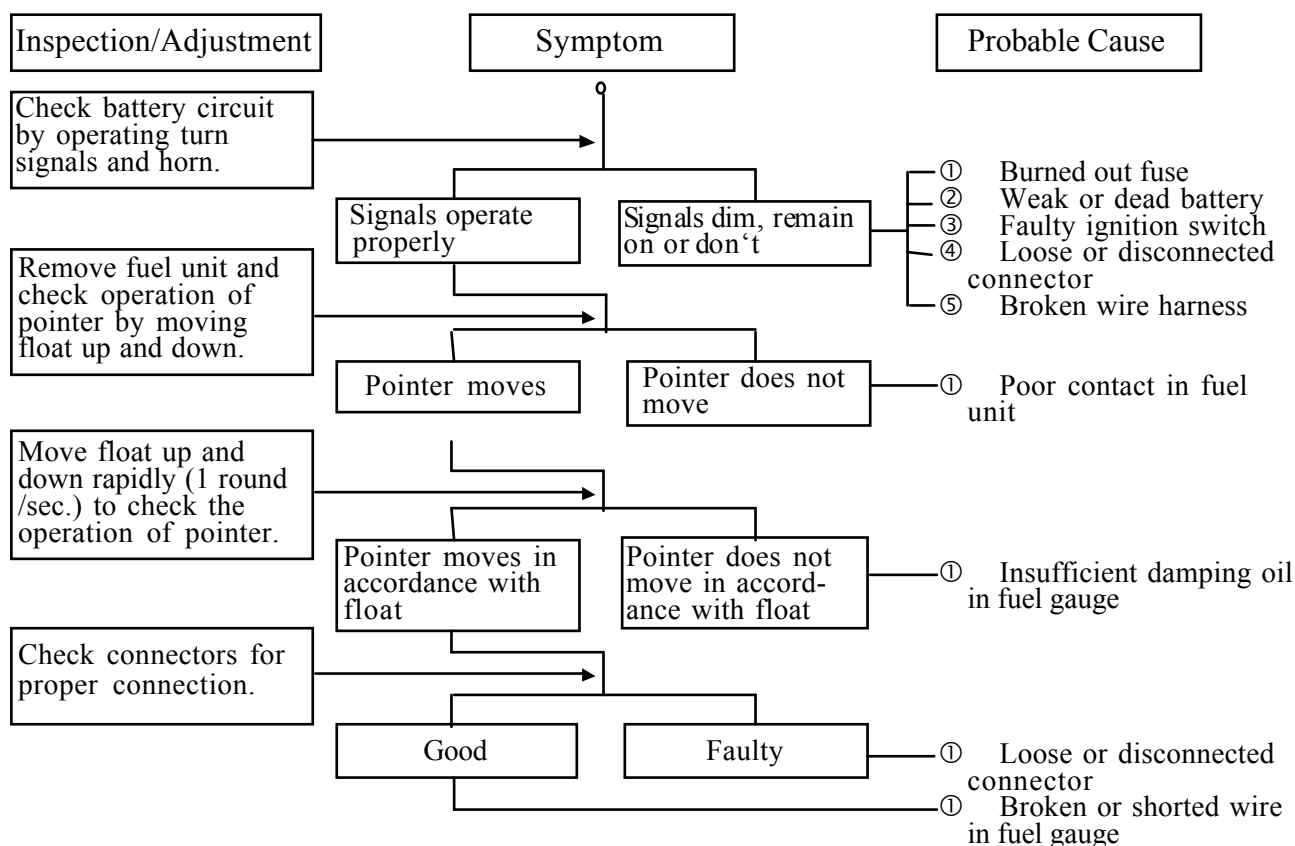
## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

### FUEL GAUGE

#### 1. Pointer does not register correctly (Ignition switch ON)



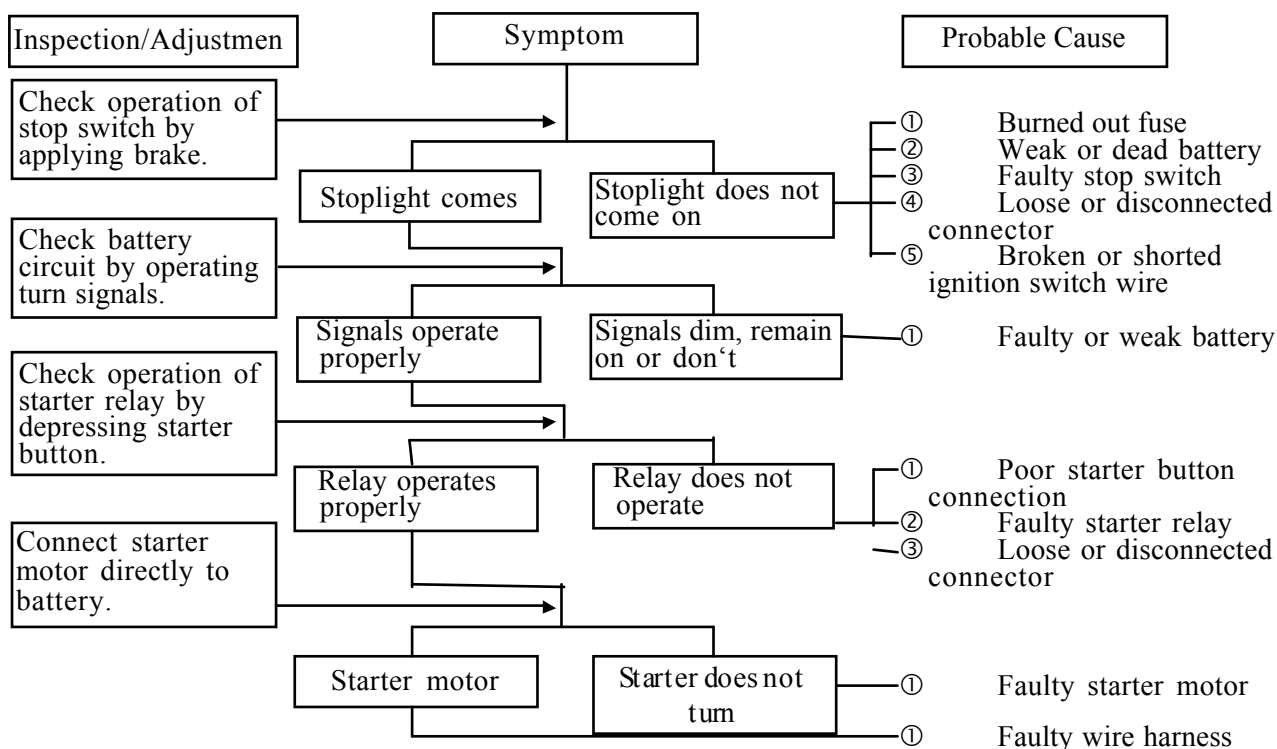
#### 2. Pointer fluctuates or swings (Ignition switch ON)



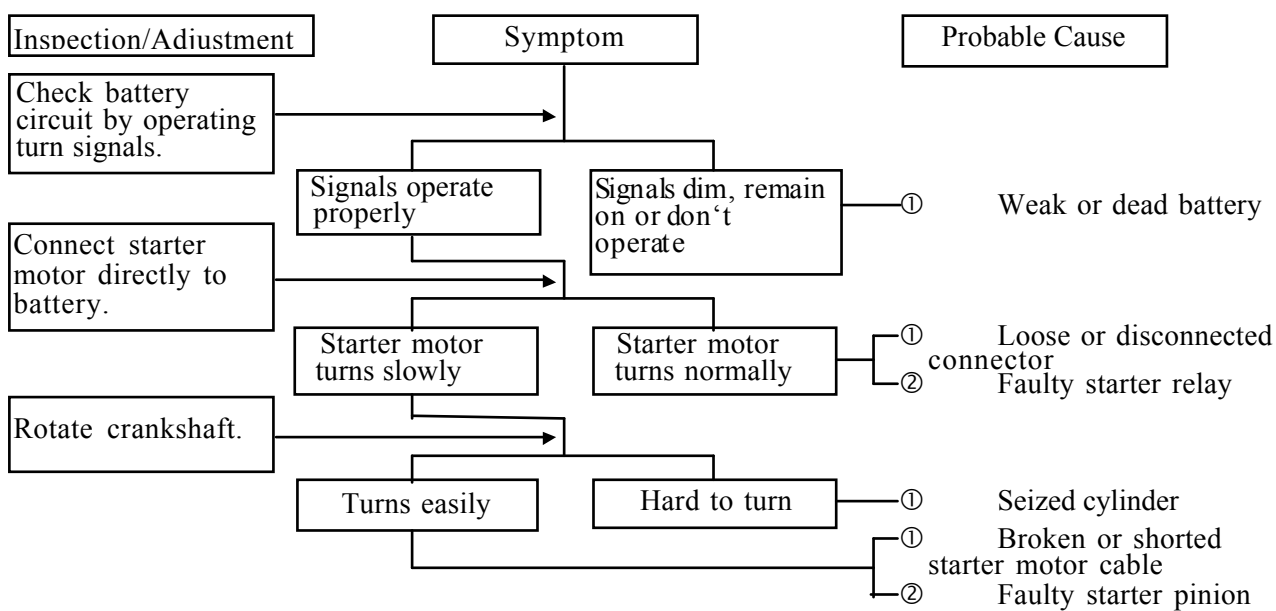
## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

### STARTER MOTOR

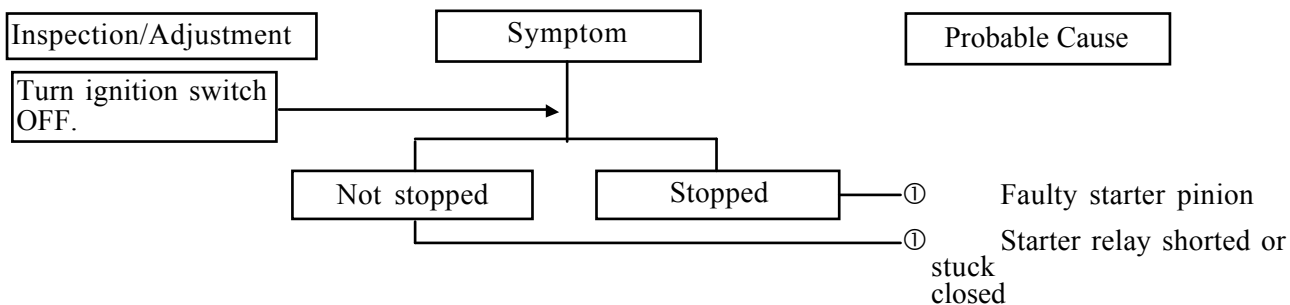
#### 1. Starter motor won't turn



#### 2. Starter motor turns slowly or idles



#### 3. Starter motor does not stop turning



INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE..... 3- 1

BRAKE SYSTEM ..... 3- 4

MOVING DEVICE..... 3- 5

DAMPING DEVICE..... 3- 6

POWER DRIVE SYSTEM ..... 3- 6

ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT..... 3- 7

ENGINE..... 3- 8

OTHERS ..... 3- 11

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

#### INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

(Note) 1. ○ means time for inspection.

2. ☆ means regular replacement for the specified parts.

This inspection and maintenance schedule is based upon average riding conditions.

Machines subjected to serve use, or ridden in unusually dusty areas, require more frequent servicing.

Inspection & Maintenance Item			Frequency				Judgment Standards	Remarks									
			Preride	1st month	Every 6 months	Every 12 months											
Suspension	Steering handlebar	Check for looseness and vertical play				○											
		Operating performance	○			○											
		Right/left turning angle				○											
	Front fork	Damage			○	○											
		Check for front fork pivot installation			○	○		Check steering stem									
		Check front fork pivot for looseness and abnormal noise				○		Check steering stem									
Brake System	Brake Lever	Front/rear brake lever free play			○	○	Free play: 10_ 20mm										
		Brake lever operation	○														
		Brake performance		○	○	○											
	Lever/Cable	Looseness, abnormal noise and damage		○		○											
	Brake drum/shoe	Drum-to-lining clearance			○	○											
		Brake shoe and lining wear				☆		Indicator type									
		Brake drum wear and damage				○	Standard: Front: 110 mm Rear : 110 mm Service Limits: Front: 111 mm Rear : 111 mm										
Moving Device	Tire	Tire pressure	○		○	○	<table><tr><td></td><td>Front</td><td>Rear</td></tr><tr><td>1 rider</td><td>1.50 kg/cm</td><td>1.75 kg/cm</td></tr><tr><td>Tire Size</td><td>120/70-12</td><td>120/70-12</td></tr></table>		Front	Rear	1 rider	1.50 kg/cm	1.75 kg/cm	Tire Size	120/70-12	120/70-12	
	Front	Rear															
1 rider	1.50 kg/cm	1.75 kg/cm															
Tire Size	120/70-12	120/70-12															

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

Inspection & Maintenance Item			Frequency				Judgment Standards	Remarks
			Per ride	1st month	Every 6 months	Every 12 months		
Moving Device	Motor-cycle	Tire crack and damage	○		○	○		
		Tire groove and abnormal wear	○		○	○	Groove Depth: Front: 0.8mm Rear : 0.8mm	
		Imbedded objects, gravel, etc.	○		○	○		
		Axle nut looseness			○	○	Torque Values: Front axle nut 5.0_ 7.0kg-m Rear axle nut 11.0_ 13.0kg-m	Axle nut torque
		Check wheel rim, rim edge and spoke plate for damage		○		○	Rim runout at rim end: Front: Axial 2.0mm Radial 2.0mm Rear: Axial 2.0mm Radial 2.0mm	
		Check front wheel bearing for excessive play and abnormal noise				○		
		Check front wheel bearing for excessive play and abnormal noise				○		
Damping Device	Frame Spring	Damage						Shock spring free length
	Suspension arm	Connecting parts loose-ness and arm damage				○		
	Shock absorber	Oil leakage and damage				○		
		Assembly parts loose-ness abnormal noise				○		
Power Drive System	Clutch	Operation		○	○	○		
	Transmission case	Oil leakage and oil level			○	○	Oil level: Oil check bolt hole at lower hole edge	Rear wheel transmission case
Electrical Equipment	Ignition device	Spark plug condition			○	○	Plug gap: 0.6_ 0.7mm	
	Battery	Terminal connection				○		
	Wires	Loose connection and damage				○		

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

Inspection & Maintenance Item			Frequency				Judgment Standards	Remarks
			Per ride	1st month	Every 6 months	Every 12 months		
Engine	Body	Performance and abnormal noise			○	○		
		Conditions at low and high speeds		○	○	○		
		Exhaust smoke			○	○		
		Air cleaner			○	○		
	Lubrication system	Oil quality and quantity			○	○	<input type="checkbox"/> Oil level indicator Indicator light comes on when oil is insufficient	
		Oil leakage			○	○		
		Oil level	○					
		Check oil filter for clogging				○		
	Fuel System	Fuel leakage						
		Carburetor, throttle valve and auto bystarter				○		
		Check fuel filter for clogging				○		
		Fuel level	○					
		Fuel tube replacement					☆ Every 4 years	
Lights & Winker	Operation							
	Winking action, dirt and damage		○					
Buzzer & Steering Lock	Operation					○		
Rearview Mirror & Reflector	Rearview mirror position		○					Rearview Mirror
Reflector & License Plate	Dirt and damage		○					
Counter	Operation					○		
Exhaust Muffler	Joint looseness and damage					○		
	Exhaust muffler performance					○		
Body & Frame	Looseness and damage					○		
Abnormal Conditions Happened Last Time	Check if the abnormal conditions occur again		○					
Others	Lubrication points				○	○		
	Remove carbon deposits on combustion chamber, breather hole and exhaust muffler					○		

### 3. INSPECTION/ADJUSTMENT

“Δ ” Marks <Rear>

#### BRAKE DRUM/SHOE

##### 《 Brake Shoe Wear》

Replace the brake shoes if the arrow on the brake arm aligns with reference mark “Δ ” on the brake panel when the brake is fully applied.

##### 《 Brake Drum Wear/Damage》

Check the brake drum appearance for damage. Check if the brake lining wear is within the specified service limit. Check the brake operation for abnormal noise and brake drum inside for wear or damage.



Adjusting Nuts

#### BRAKE DISK/LINING

##### 《 Brake Disk Surface and Brake Pad Wear》

Check the brake disk surface for scratch. Check if the brake pad wear is within the specified service limit.

##### 《 Brake Disk Runout Inspection》

Jack the motorcycle wheels off the ground and check if the brake disk runout is within the specified service limit.

<Front>



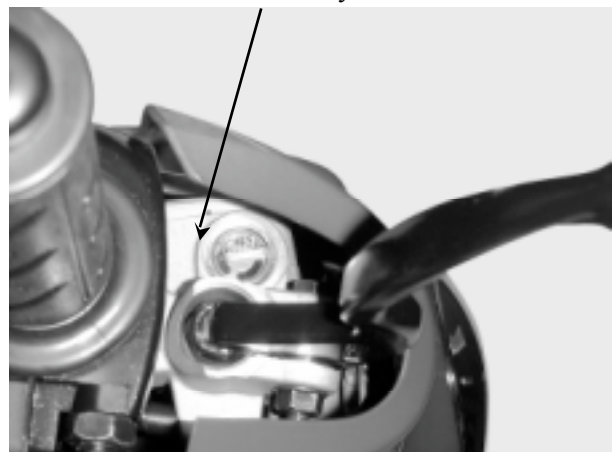
Brake Disk

#### BRAKE FLUID LEVEL INSPECTION

##### 《 Brake Master Cylinder Fluid Level Inspection》

Turn the steering handlebar upright and check if the front brake fluid level is within the specified limits through the front brake master cylinder check hole.

Brake Master Cylinder





#### MOVING DEVICE

##### TIRES

###### 《 Tire Pressure》

Check the tire pressure.

- \* 

Tire pressure should be checked when tires are cold.

Tire Pressure (one rider)

**Front:** 1.50 kg/cm<sub>2</sub>

**Rear:** 1.75 kg/cm<sub>2</sub>

Tire Size:

**Front:** 120/70-12

**Rear:** 130/70-12



###### 《 Axle Nut/Axle Shaft Looseness》

Check the front and rear axle nuts for looseness.

If the axle nuts are loose, tighten them to the specified torques.

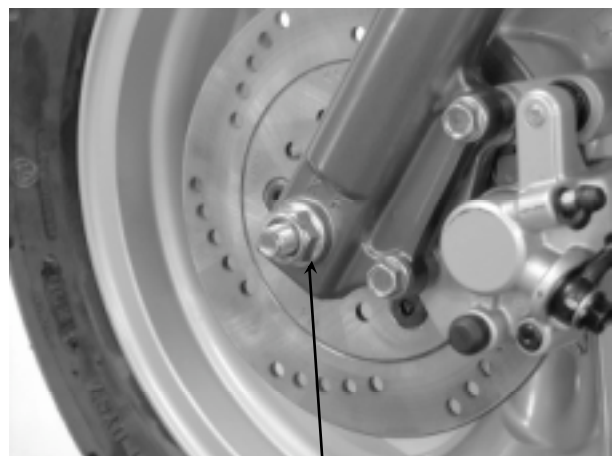
Torques:

**Front:** 5.0\_ 7.0kg-m

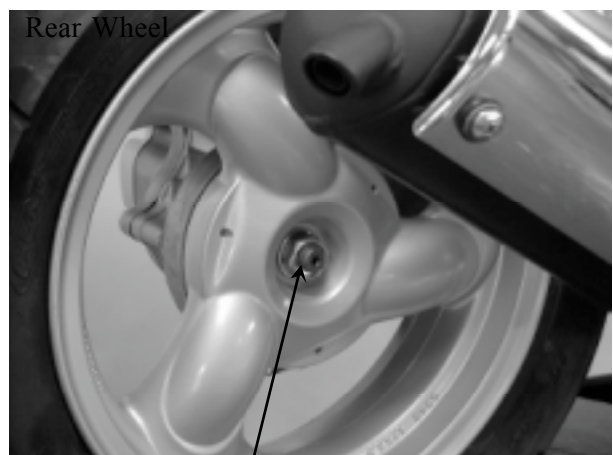
**Rear:** 11.0\_ 13.0kg-m

###### 《 Wheel Rim/Spoke Plate Damage》

Check the wheel rim and spoke plate for wear or damage and measure the rim runout.



Axle Nut



Rear Wheel

Axle Nut

#### **DAMPING DEVICE**

##### **SHOCK ABSORBERS**

###### **《 Oil Leak/Damage 》**

Fully apply the front brake and check the action of the front shock absorber by compressing it several times.  
Check the entire shock absorber assembly for looseness or damage.  
Check the action of the rear shock absorber by compressing it several times.  
Check the entire shock absorber assembly for looseness or damage.



#### **POWER DRIVE SYSTEM**

##### **TRANSMISSION CASE**

Check the rear wheel transmission case surrounding area for oil leaks.  
Stop the engine and remove the oil check bolt.

**\***

Place the motorcycle on its main stand on level ground.



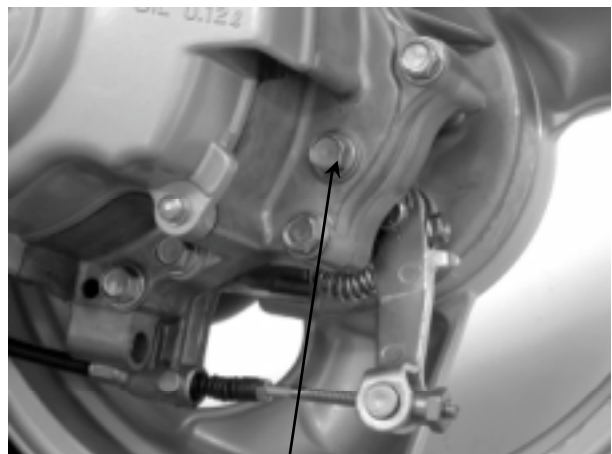
The gear oil level shall be at the oil check bolt hole. If the oil level is low, add the specified oil to the proper level.

**Specified Gear Oil:** SAE10W90#

Install and tighten the oil check bolt.

**Torque:** 1.0\_ 1.5kg-m

Start the engine and check for oil leaks.



Oil Check Bolt

#### ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

##### IGNITION APPARATUS

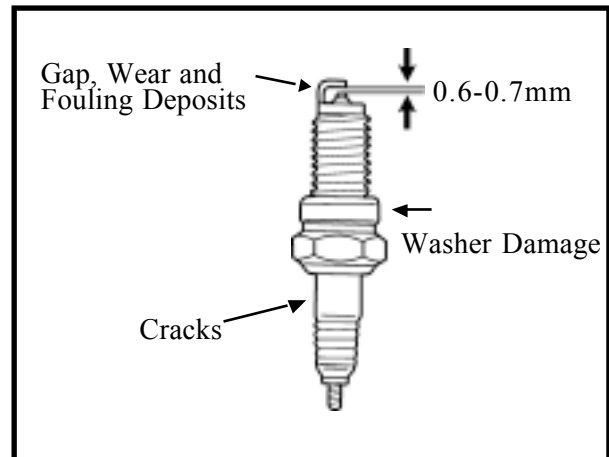
###### 《 Spark Plug》

Remove the frame center cover.  
Remove the spark plug cap and spark plug.  
Check the spark plug for wear, fouling and carbon deposits.  
Remove the fouling and carbon deposits with a spark plug cleaner or wire brush.

###### Specified Spark Plug

BR8HSA

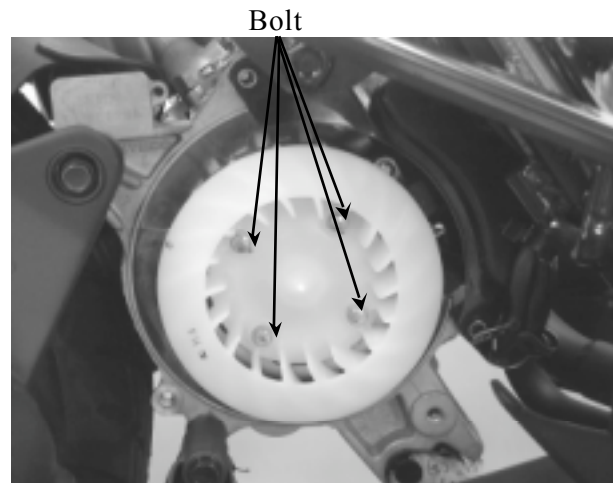
Spark Plug Gap: 0.6\_ 0.7mm



###### 《 Ignition Apparatus》

- \* The CDI ignition timing is not adjustable. If the timing is incorrect, check the CDI unit, ignition coil and A.C. generator and replace any faulty parts.

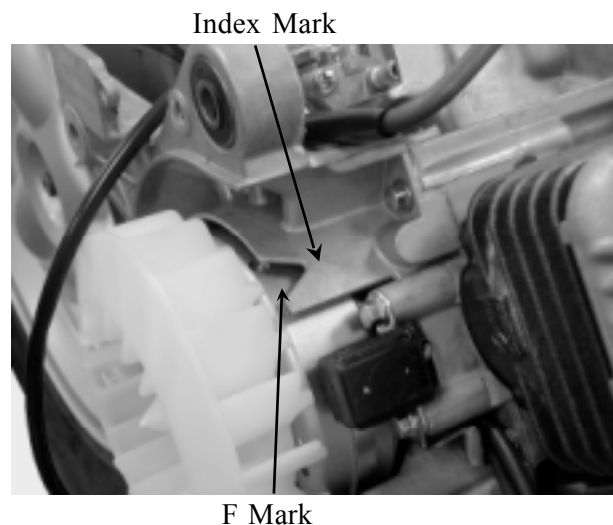
Remove the right side rail. (⇒12-4)  
Remove the A.C. generator fan cover. (⇒7-3)  
Remove the four bolts attaching the fan and then remove the fan.  
Warm up the engine and check the ignition timing with a timing light.



When the engine is running at the specified rpm, the ignition timing is correct if the "F" mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the crankcase within  $\pm 1.5^\circ$ .

###### Ignition Timing:

$13.5^\circ \pm 1.5^\circ$  BTDC/3000rpm



#### ENGINE

#### BODY

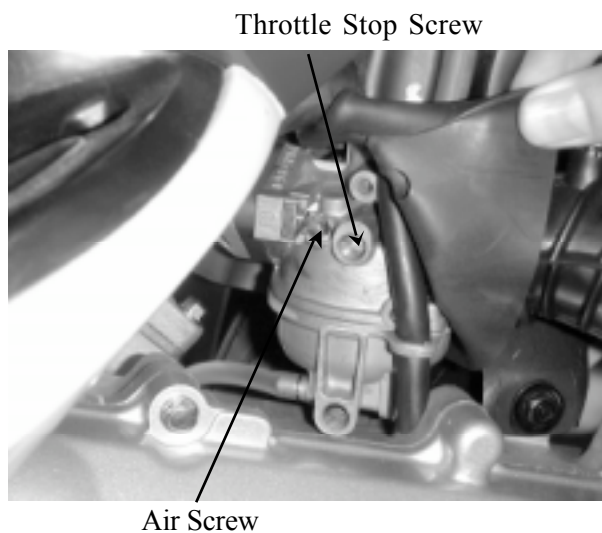
##### 《 At High and Low Speeds》

\* The engine must be warm for accurate idle speed adjustment.

Adjust the idle speed to the specified range by turning the throttle stop screw and air screw.

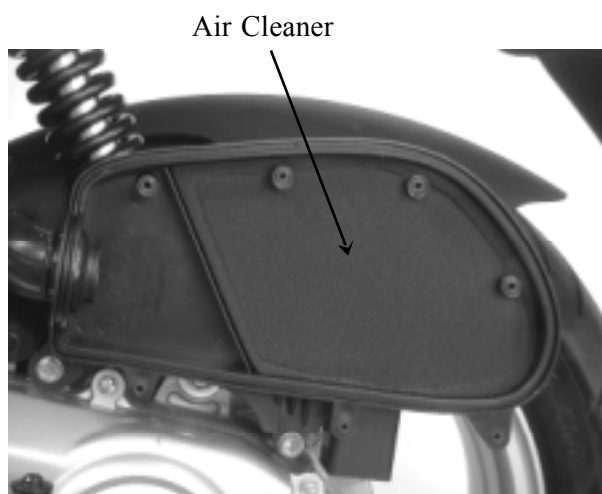
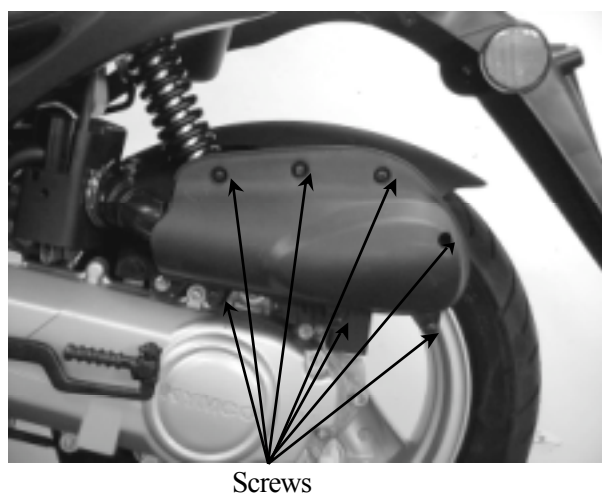
##### Idle Speed:

2000±100rpm



##### 《 Air Cleaner》

Remove the air cleaner cover by removing the six air cleaner cover screws.  
Remove the air cleaner element.



### 3. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

Wash the air cleaner element in detergent oil, squeeze out and allow to dry.

- \* Never use gasoline or organic vaporable oil with acid or alkali for washing.

After washing, soak the element in clean engine oil SAE 15W-40# and squeeze out excess oil. Reinstall the element.

#### 《 Cylinder Compression》

- \* Warm up the engine before compression test.

Remove the spark plug and insert a compression gauge. Open the throttle valve fully and push the starter button for 7\_ 8 seconds to test the compression.

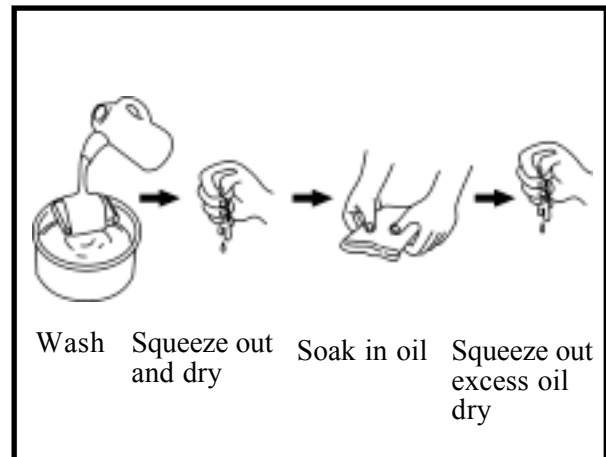
**Compression:**

11.5kg/cm\_

If the compression is low, check for the following:

- Leaking cylinder head gasket
- Worn piston/cylinder

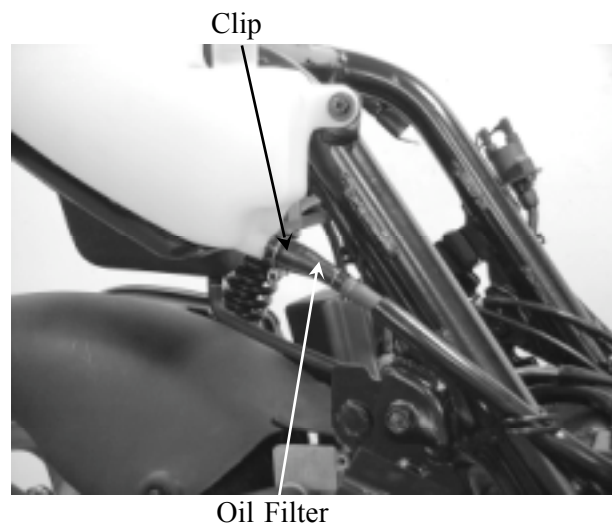
If the compression is high, it indicates that carbon deposits have accumulated on the combustion chamber and the piston head.



#### LUBRICATION SYSTEM

##### 《 Oil Filter Cleaning》

Disconnect the oil tube at the oil pump side and allow oil to drain into a clean container. Remove the tube clip at the oil tank side and disconnect the oil tube. Remove the oil filter.





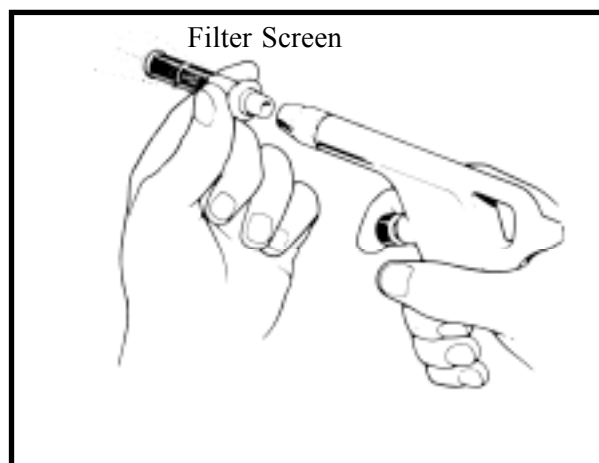
Clean the oil filter screen with compressed air.

Install the oil filter in the reverse order of removal and fill the oil tank with specified oil up to the proper level.

Bleed air from the oil pump and oil lines.

\*

- Connect the oil tubes securely.
- Install the tube clip at the oil tank side and also install the clip to the lower oil tube that goes to the oil pump.
- Check for oil leaks.



#### 《 Oil Pump Condition》

\*

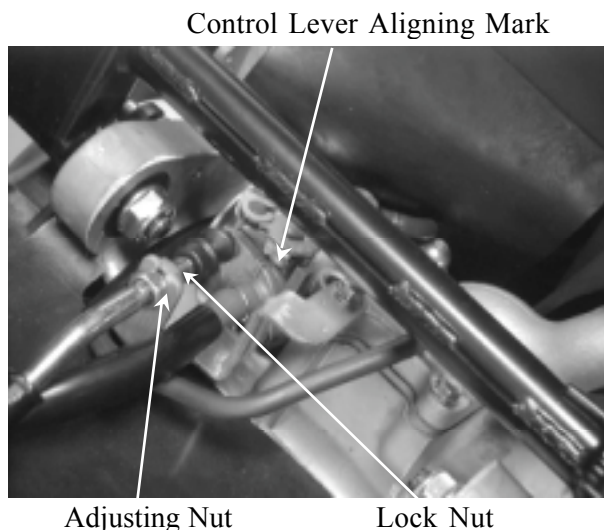
Adjust oil pump control cable after the throttle grip free play is adjusted.

Open the throttle valve fully and check that the index mark on the pump body aligns with the aligning mark on the oil pump control lever.

Reference tip alignment within 1mm of index mark on open side is acceptable.

Start and idle the engine, then slowly open the throttle to increase engine rpm and check the operation of the oil pump control lever.

If adjustment is necessary, adjust the oil pump control cable by loosening the control cable lock nut and turning the adjusting nut. After adjustment, tighten the lock nut.



\*

Reference tip alignment within 1mm of index mark on open side is acceptable. However, the aligning mark on the control lever must never be on the closed side of the index mark, otherwise engine damage will occur because of insufficient lubrication.

If the oil pump is not synchronized properly, the following will occur:

- Excessive white smoke or hard starting due to pump control lever excessively open
- Seized piston due to pump control lever insufficiently open

### FUEL SYSTEM

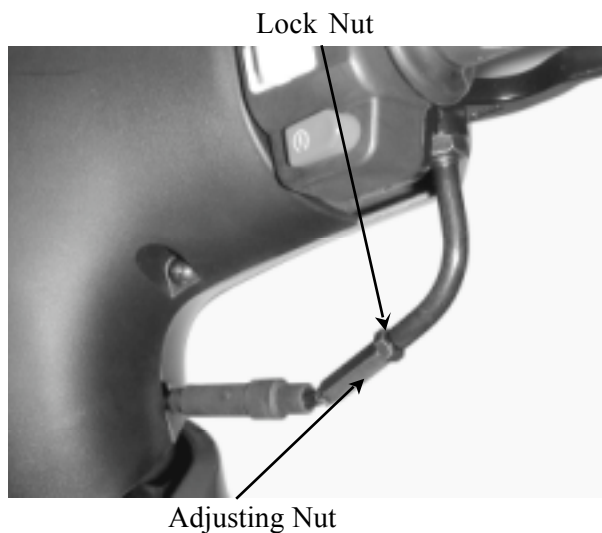
#### 《 Throttle Grip Free Play》

Measure the throttle grip free play.

**Free Play:** 2\_ 6mm



If the throttle grip free play does not fall within the specified range, adjust by loosening the lock nut and turning the adjusting nut.



### OTHERS

#### LIGHTS

#### 《 Headlight》

Adjust the headlight beam by loosening the headlight adjusting bolt and moving the adjusting bolt forward and backward to a proper position. Tighten the adjusting bolt.



Headlight Adjusting Bolt

LUBRICATION SYSTEM

SERVICE INFORMATION..... 4-2

TROUBLESHOOTING..... 4-2

OIL PUMP REMOVAL ..... 4-3

OIL PUMP INSPECTION..... 4-3

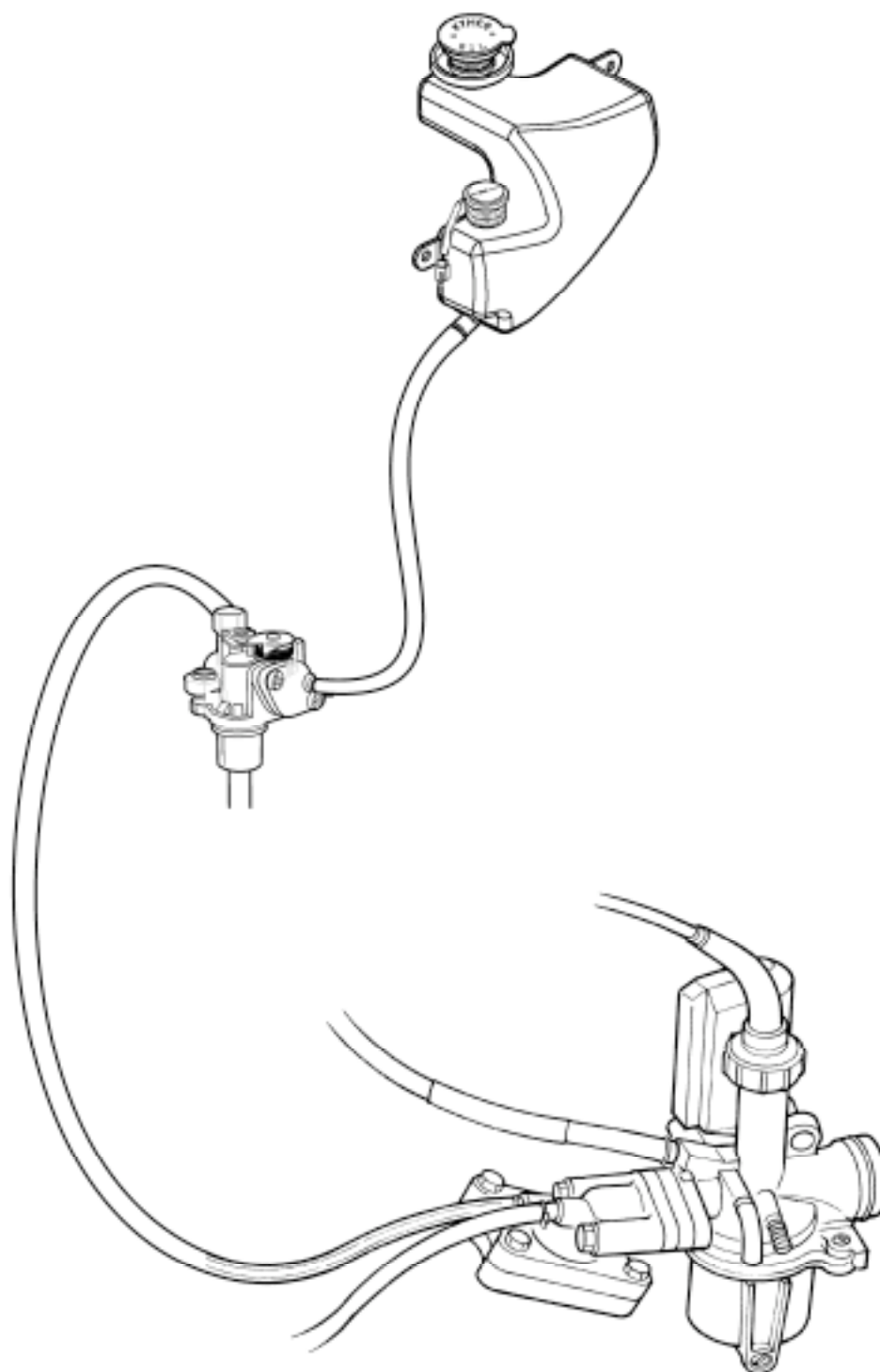
OIL PUMP INSTALLATION..... 4-4

OIL PUMP BLEEDING..... 4-5

OIL TANK ..... 4-6



### LUBRICATION SYSTEM



### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Use care when removing and installing the oil pump not to allow dust and dirt to enter the engine and oil line.
- Do not attempt to disassemble the oil pump.
- Bleed air from the oil pump if there is air between the oil pump and oil line.
- If the oil is disconnected, refill the oil line with motor oil before connecting it.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

- Recommended Motor Oil: SAE20W20# 2-stroke Motor Oil
- Oil Capacity : 0.80 liter  
Light comes on : 0.25 liter

### TROUBLESHOOTING

#### **Excessive white smoke or carbon deposits on spark plug**

- Oil pump not properly synchronized (excessive oil)
- Poor quality oil

#### **Engine overheating**

- Oil pump not properly adjusted (insufficient oiling)
- Poor quality oil

#### **Seized piston**

- No oil in tank or clogged oil line
- Oil pump not properly adjusted (insufficient oiling)
- Air in oil line
- Faulty oil pump

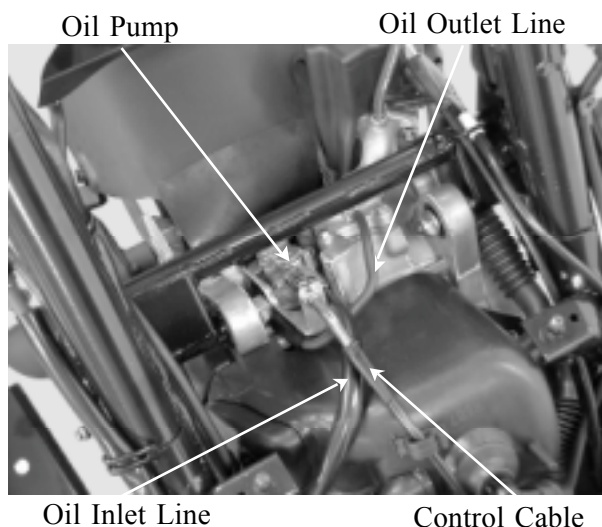
#### **Oil not flowing out of tank to engine**

- Clogged oil tank cap breather hole
- Clogged oil filter

### OIL PUMP REMOVAL

- \* Do not allow foreign matters to enter the crankcase. Before removing the oil pump, clean the oil pump and crankcase surfaces.

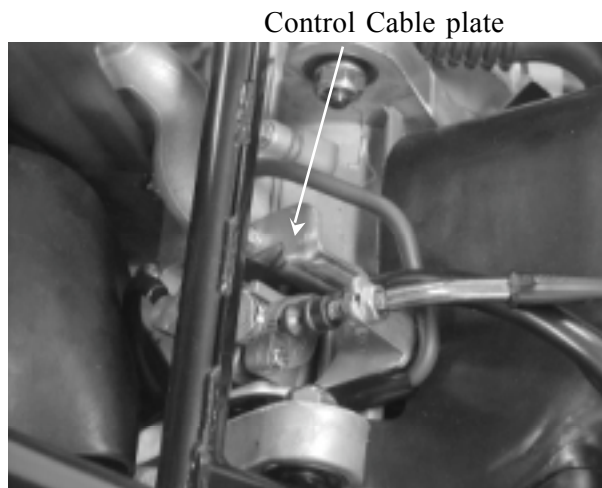
Remove the met-in box. (⇒ 12-4)



Disconnect the oil pump control cable from the pump body.  
Disconnect the oil inlet line from the oil pump.  
Then, disconnect the oil outlet line.

- \* Before disconnecting the oil line, clip the oil line to avoid oil flowing out and then plug the oil line after it is disconnected.

Remove the oil pump control cable plate bolt and copper washer.  
Remove the oil pump from the crankcase.

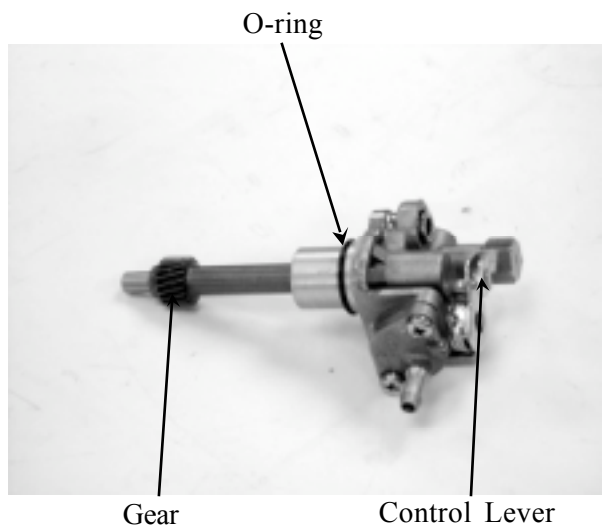


### OIL PUMP INSPECTION

Remove the oil pump and inspect the following items:

- Weakened O-ring
- Damage to crankcase mating surface
- Damage to pump body
- Control lever operation
- Oil leaks through oil seals
- Worn or damaged pump pinion

- \* Do not disassemble the oil pump which cannot be used after disassembly.



### OIL PUMP INSTALLATION

\*

- Lubricate the O-ring with grease or engine oil before installation.
- Make sure that the oil pump is inserted into the crankcase.
- Apply molybdenum disulfide or grease to the pump pinion.

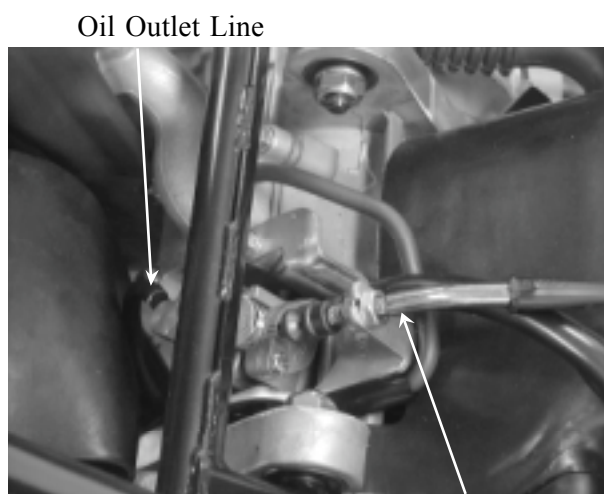


Grease or Engine Oil

Install the oil pump onto the crankcase.



Install the oil pump control cable plate.  
Connect the oil inlet line and oil outlet line properly.  
Connect the oil pump control cable.  
Bleed air from the oil pump.

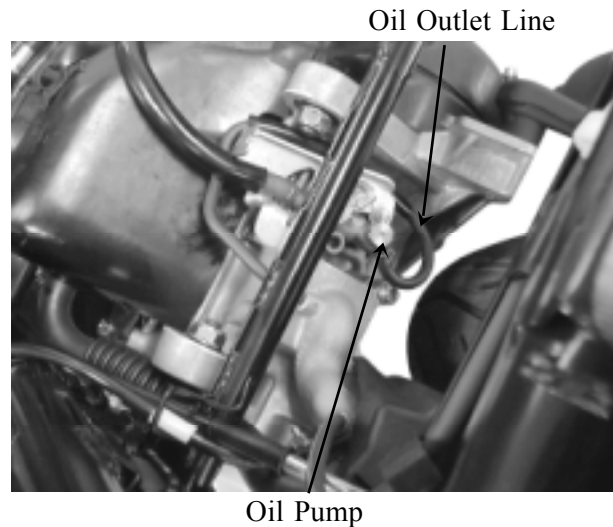


Control Cable

### OIL PUMP BLEEDING

**\***

- Air in the oil lines will block oil flow and result in severe engine damage.
- Bleed air from the oil lines and oil pump whenever the oil lines or pump have been removed or there is air in the oil lines.



### OIL INLET LINE/OIL PUMP BLEEDING

Fill the oil tank with recommended oil.  
Place a shop towel around the oil pump.  
Disconnect the oil inlet line from the oil pump and clip it.  
Fill the oil pump with oil by squirting clean oil through the joint. (About 3cc)  
Fill the oil line with oil and connect it to the oil pump.

**\***

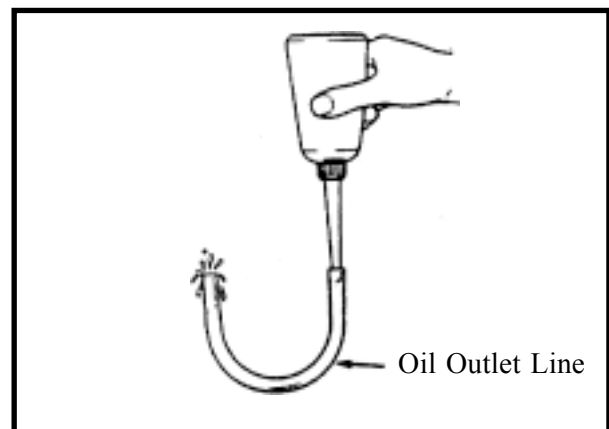
Bleed air from the oil inlet line first, then bleed air from the oil outlet line.

### OIL OUTLET LINE BLEEDING

1. Disconnect the oil outlet line and bend it into U shape. Force air out of the tube by filling it with oil.
2. Start the engine and allow it to idle with the oil control lever in the fully open position. Visually check the oil flow.
3. If there is no oil flowing out within 1 minute, bleed air from the oil inlet line and oil pump.

**\***

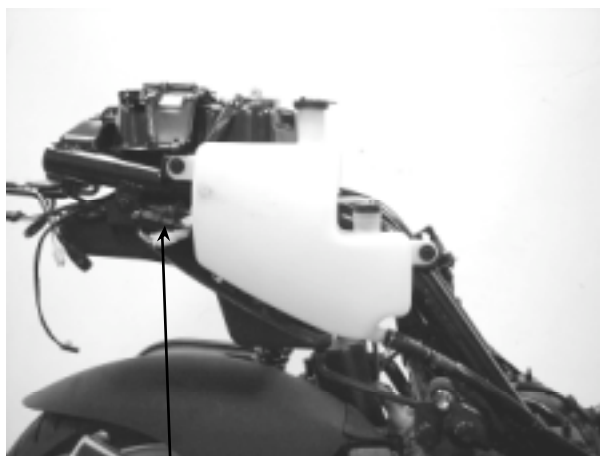
- Never run the engine in a closed area.
- Do not increase the engine speed at will.



### OIL TANK

#### OIL TANK REMOVAL

Remove the rear carrier. (⇒ 12-5)  
Remove the frame body cover. (⇒ 12-5)  
Remove the oil meter connector.  
Remove the two bolts attaching the oil tank.  
Disconnect the oil inlet line.  
Drain the oil inside the oil tank into a clean container.  
Remove the oil tank.  
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



Wire Connector

\*

- Connect the oil line properly.
- Bleed air from the oil pump after installation.
- The oil tube clip (at the oil tank side) must be locked from inside of the oil tube joint.



ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

SERVICE INFORMATION..... 5-1

ENGINE REMOVAL..... 5-2

ENGINE INSTALLATION..... 5-4

### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Parts requiring engine removal for servicing:
  - Crankcase
  - Crankshaft

#### TORQUE VALUES

Engine mounting bolt	4.5_	5.5kg-m
Rear shock absorber lower mount bolt	2.4_	3.0kg-m
Engine hanger bracket bolt	3.5_	4.5kg-m



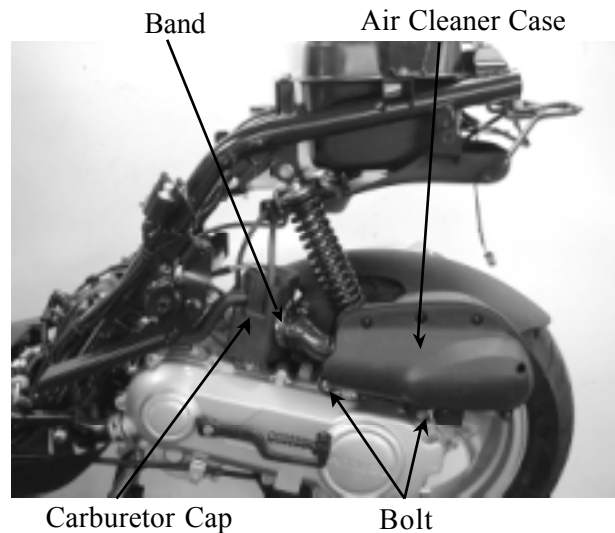
### ENGINE REMOVAL

Remove the frame body cover. (⇒ 12-5)

Remove the two bolts attaching the air cleaner case.

Loosen the band between the air cleaner and carburetor to remove the air cleaner case.

Remove the carburetor cap.



Disconnect the oil pump control cable from the pump body.

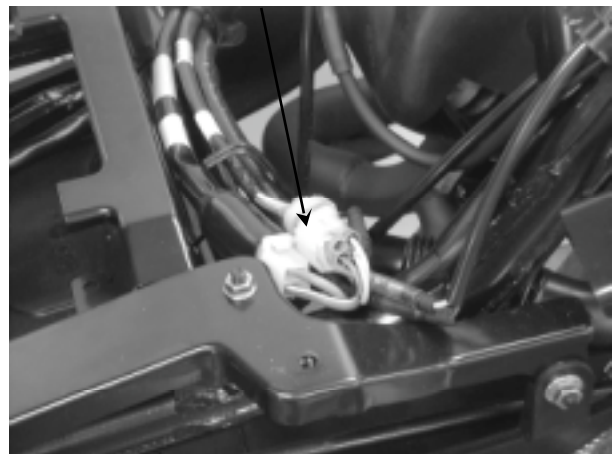
Disconnect the oil inlet line from the oil pump.

\*

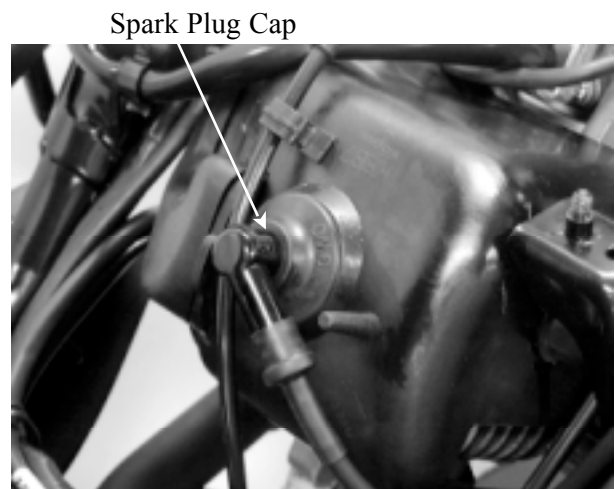
After the oil inlet line is disconnected, plug the oil line opening to prevent oil from flowing out.

Disconnect the auto bystarter, A.C. generator and starter motor wire connectors.

AC Generator Wire Connector

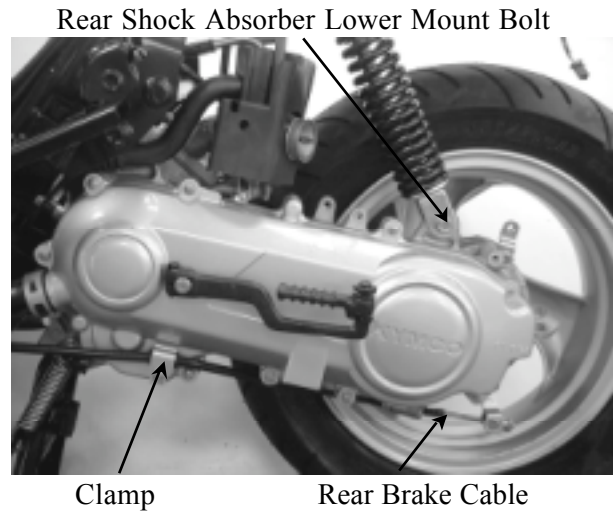


Remove the spark plug cap.

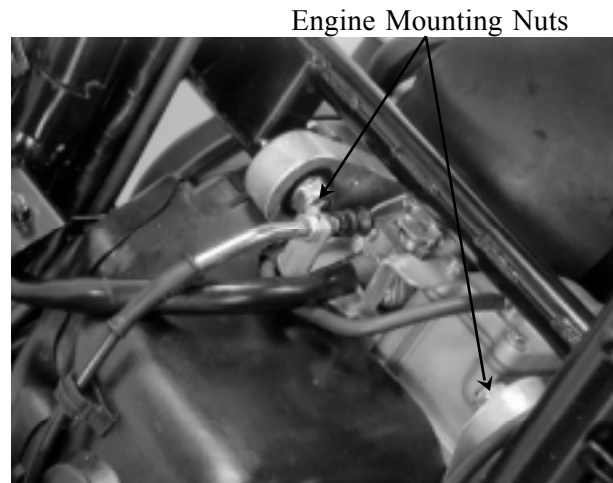


## 5. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove the rear brake adjusting nut and disconnect the brake cable from the crankcase.  
Remove the rear brake cable clamp and rear brake cable.  
Remove the cooling air tube band on the left crankcase cover and disconnect the cooling air tube.  
Remove the rear shock absorber lower mount bolt.



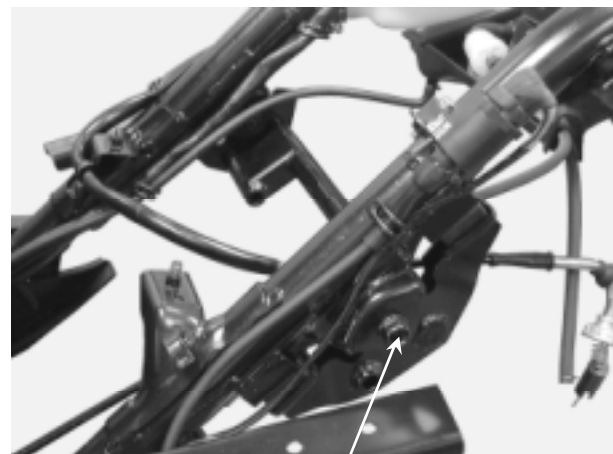
Remove the right and left engine mounting nuts.  
Take out the right and left engine mounting bolts.  
Lift the frame upward to separate it from the engine and be careful not to damage the rear fender.



### ENGINE HANGER BRACKET REMOVAL

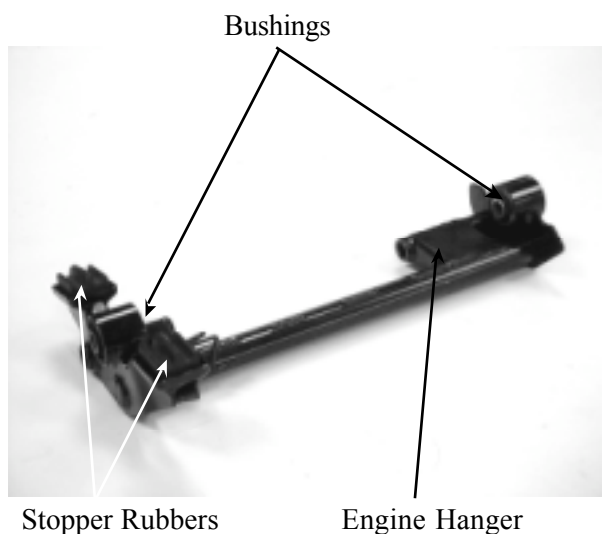
Remove the engine hanger bracket bolt and engine hanger bracket.  
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

**Torque:** 3.5\_ 4.5kg-m



### ENGINE HANGER BRACKET INSPECTION

Inspect the stopper rubbers and bushings for damage and replace with new ones if necessary.



### ENGINE INSTALLATION

Install the engine in the reverse order of removal.

- \* Cables and wires should be routed properly.

#### Torque Values:

Engine mounting bolt : 4.5\_ 5.5kg-m

Rear shock absorber lower mount bolt:  
2.4\_ 3.0kg-m



Perform the following inspections and adjustments after installation.

- Throttle cable
- Oil pump control cable (⇒3-10)
- Rear brake cable (⇒3-4)
- Oil pump bleeding (⇒4-5)

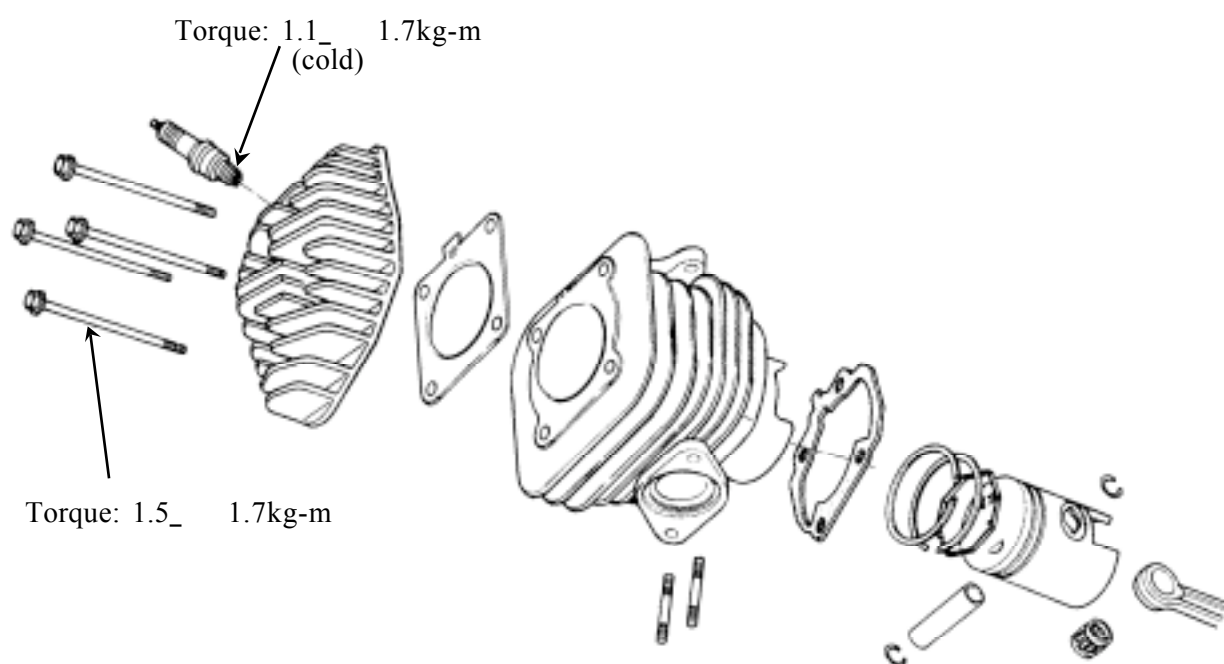


CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON

SERVICE INFORMATION.....	6-2
TROUBLESHOOTING.....	6-2
CYLINDER HEAD.....	6-3
CYLINDER/PISTON.....	6-6

## 6. CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON KYMCO YUP 50

---



## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The cylinder head, cylinder and piston can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame.
- Before disassembly, clean the engine to prevent dust from entering the engine.
- Remove all gasket material from the mating surfaces.
- Do not use a driver to pry between the cylinder and cylinder head, cylinder and crankcase.
- Do not damage the cylinder inside and the piston surface.
- After disassembly, clean the removed parts before inspection. When assembling, apply the specified engine oil to movable parts.

SPECIFICATIONS	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Item	BA10AB.AC.50	BA10AB.AC 50
Cylinder head warpage	□	0.10
Piston O.D.(5mm from bottom of piston)	38.970_ 38.955	38.90
Cylinder-to- piston clearance		0.10
Piston pin hole I.D.	12.002_ 12.008	12.03
Piston pin O.D.	11.994_ 12.0	11.98
Piston-to-piston pin clearance	□	□
Piston ring end gap (top/second)	0.10_ 0.25	0.40
Connecting rod small end I.D.	17.005_ 17.017	17.03
Cylinder bore	39.0_ 39.025	39.05

### TORQUE VALUES

Cylinder head bolt	1.5_	1.7kg-m
Exhaust muffler joint lock nut	1.0_	1.4kg-m
Exhaust muffler lock bolt	3.0_	3.6kg-m
Spark plug	1.1_	1.7kg-m

## ● TROUBLESHOOTING

### Compression too low, hard starting or poor performance at low speed

- Leaking cylinder head gasket
- Loose spark plug
- Worn, stuck or broken piston and piston rings
- Worn or damaged cylinder and piston

### Compression too high, overheating or knocking

- Excessive carbon build-up in cylinder head or on piston head

### Abnormal noisy piston

- Worn cylinder and piston
- Worn piston pin or piston pin hole
- Worn connecting rod small end bearing

### Abnormal noisy piston rings

- Worn, stuck or broken piston rings
- Worn or damaged cylinder

### CYLINDER HEAD

#### REMOVAL

Remove the rear carrier.

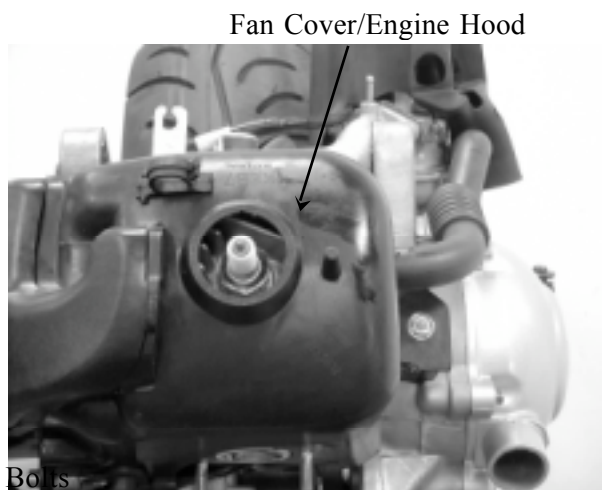
Remove the frame body cover. (⇒12-5)



Remove the spark plug cap.  
Remove the three bolts attaching the fan cover to remove the fan cover.  
Remove the two joint lock nuts on the front of the exhaust muffler and then remove the two exhaust muffler lock bolts.  
Remove the bolt attaching the engine hood to remove the engine hood.  
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

\*

When installing the exhaust muffler, first tighten the two nuts on the front and then tighten the two bolts.

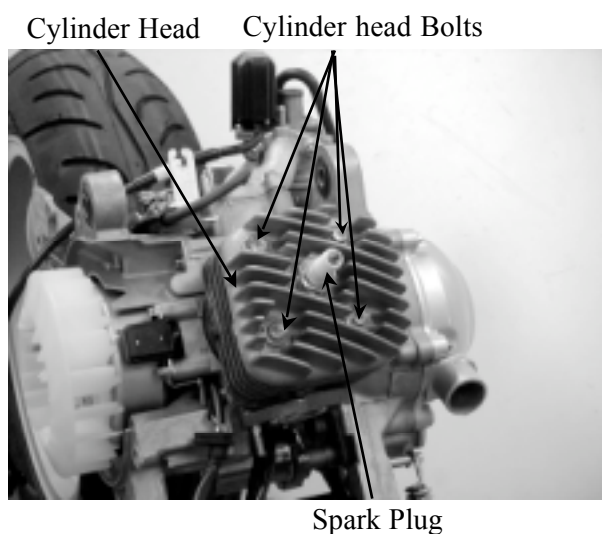


Remove the spark plug.  
Remove the cylinder head bolts and the cylinder head.

\*

Loosen the bolts diagonally in 2 or 3 times.

Remove the cylinder head gasket.





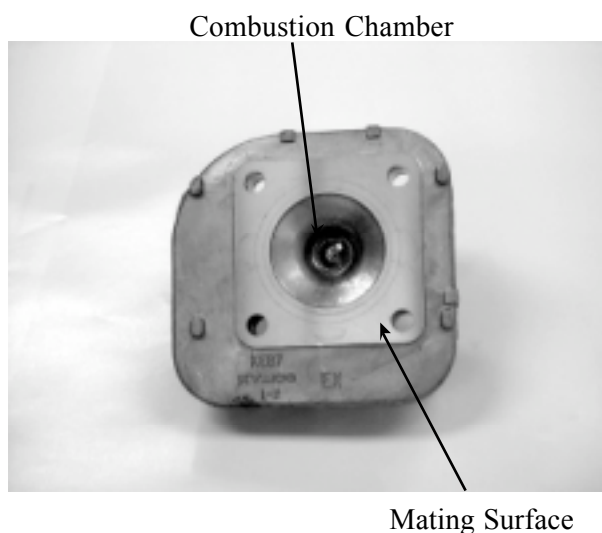
## 6. CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON KYMCO YUP 50

### COMBUSTION CHAMBER DECARBONIZING

Remove the carbon deposits from the combustion chamber

**\***

Avoid damaging the combustion chamber wall and cylinder mating surface.



### CYLINDER HEAD INSPECTION

Check the cylinder head for warpage with a straight edge and feeler gauge.

**Service Limit:**

BA10AB.AC.50: 0.10mm replace if over



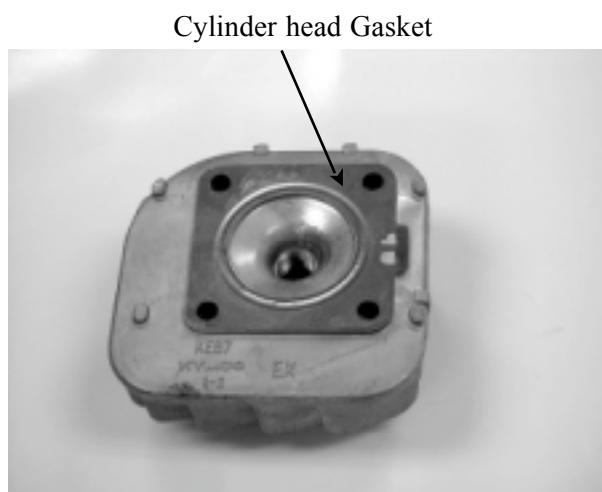
### CYLINDER HEAD INSTALLATION

Install the cylinder head on the cylinder properly.

**\***

Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

Install a new cylinder head gasket onto the cylinder.





## 6. CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON KYMCO YUP 50

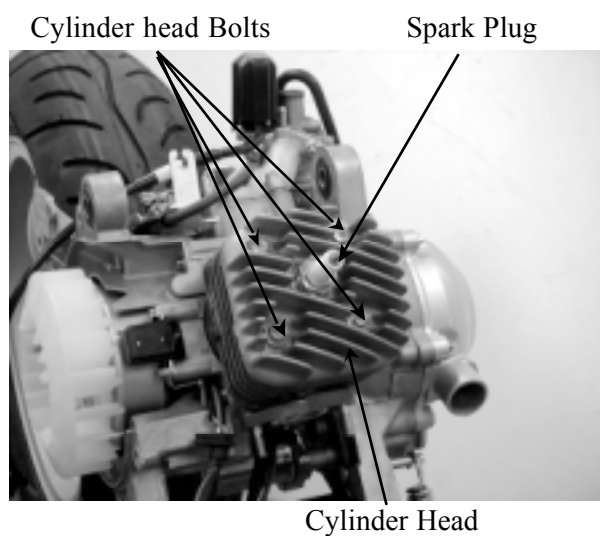
### Cylinder Head Bolts Installation

Install and tighten the cylinder head bolts diagonally in 2 or 3 times.

**Torque:** 1.5\_ 1.7kg-m

Install the spark plug.

**Torque:** 1.1\_ 1.7kg-m



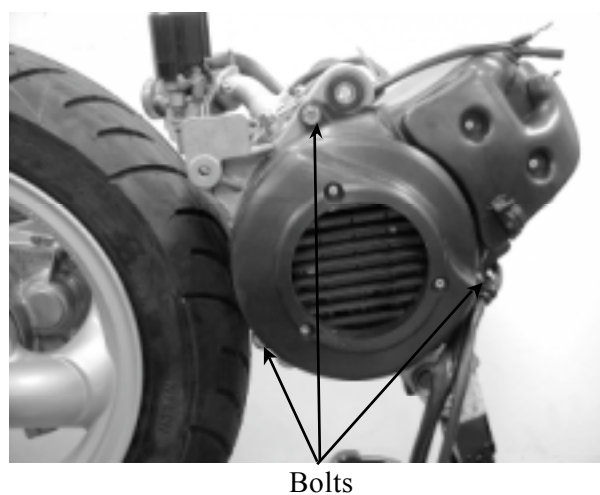
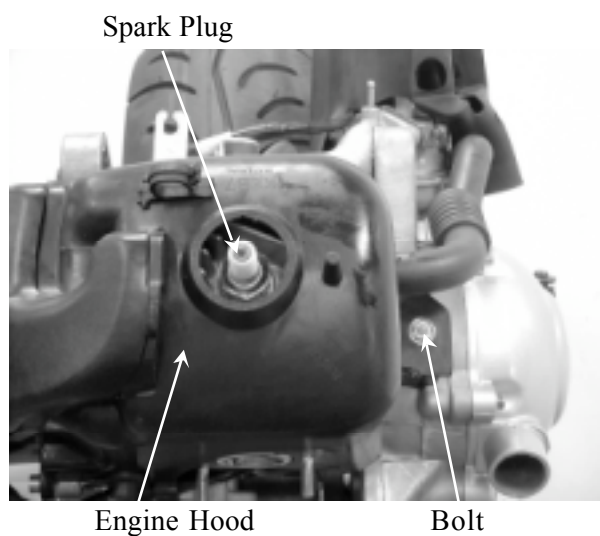
### Engine Hood Installation

Install the engine hood. (⇒6-3)

Install the spark plug cap. (⇒6-3)

Perform the following inspections after installation:

- Compression test
- Abnormal engine noise
- Cylinder air leaks



## 6. CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON KYMCO YUP 50

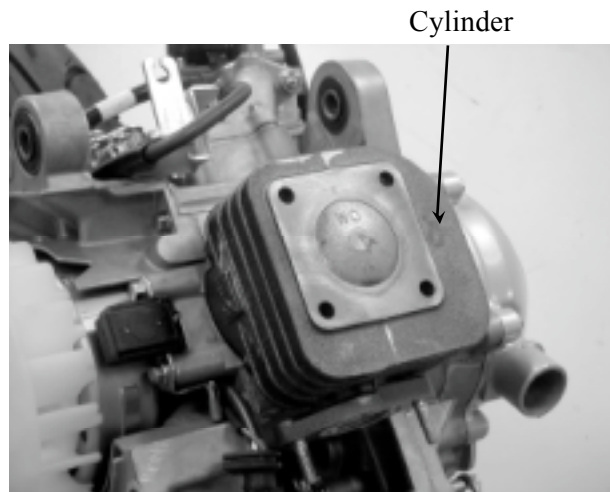
### CYLINDER/PISTON

#### CYLINDER REMOVAL

Remove the met-in box and seat.  
Remove the frame body cover.  
Remove the cylinder head.  
Remove the two exhaust muffler joint lock nuts and two exhaust muffler lock bolts.  
Remove the exhaust muffler.  
Remove the cylinder.  
Remove the cylinder gasket.

\*

Do not pry between the cylinder and crankcase or strike the fins.

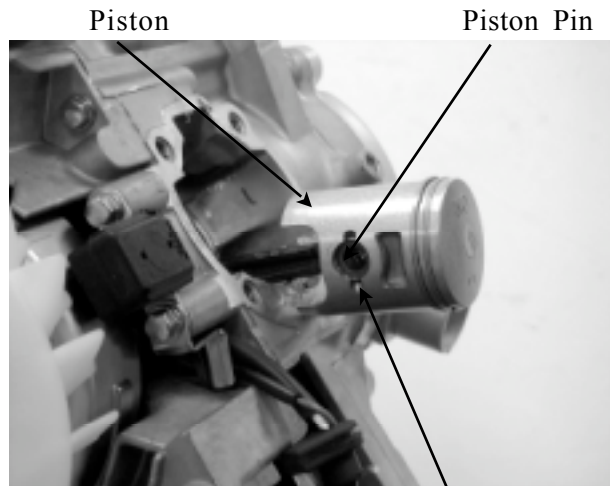


#### PISTON REMOVAL

Remove the piston pin clip to remove the piston pin and piston.

\*

- Do not damage or scratch the piston.
- Do not apply side force to the connecting rod when removing the piston pin.
- Place clean shop towels in the crankcase to keep the piston pin clip from falling into the crankcase.



Piston Pin Clip

Spread each piston ring and remove by lifting it up at a point just opposite the gap.  
Remove the expander.



## 6. CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON KYMCO YUP 50

---

### CYLINDER/PISTON INSPECTION

Check the cylinder and piston for wear or damage.

Clean carbon deposits from the exhaust port area.

**\***

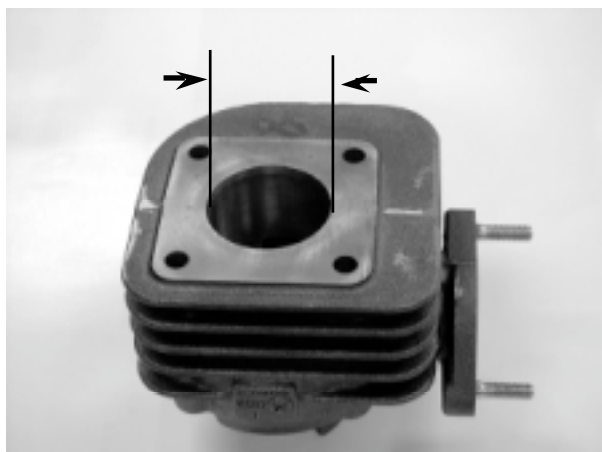
Be careful not to damage the cylinder inside wall.



Measure the cylinder bore at three levels of A, B and C in both X and Y directions. Avoid the port area. Take the maximum figure measured to determine the cylinder bore.

#### **Service Limit:**

YUP 50: 39.05mm replace if over



Inspect the top of the cylinder for warpage.

#### **Service Limit:**

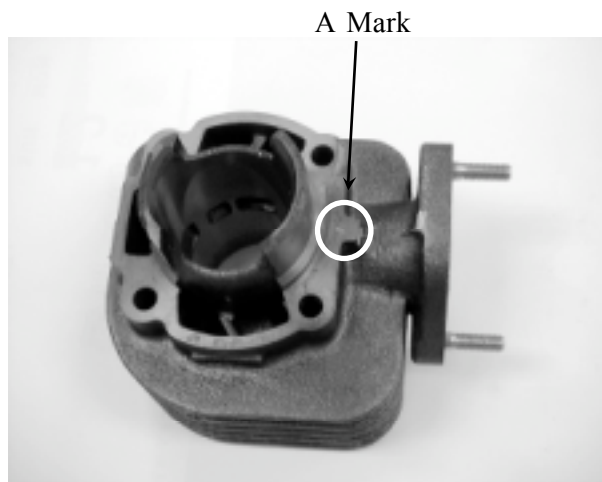
YUP 50: 0.10mm replace if over



## 6. CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON KYMCO YUP 50

\*

The cylinder has an A mark or no mark on it. When replacing the cylinder with a new one, use a cylinder having the same mark as the old one.



Measure the piston O.D. at a point 5mm from the bottom of the piston skirt.

**Service Limit:**

YUP 50: 38.90mm replace if below

Measure the piston-to-cylinder clearance.

**Service Limit:**

YUP 50: 0.10mm replace if over



Measure the piston pin hole I.D.

**Service Limit:**

YUP 50: 12.03mm replace if over

Measure the piston pin O.D.

**Service Limit:**

YUP 50: 11.98mm replace if below

Measure the piston-to-piston pin clearance.

**Service Limit:**

YUP 50: 0.03mm replace if over



### PISTON RING INSPECTION

Measure each piston ring end gap.

**Service Limits:** Top/Second

YUP 50: 0.40mm replace if over

\*

Set each piston ring squarely into the cylinder using the piston and measure the end gap.



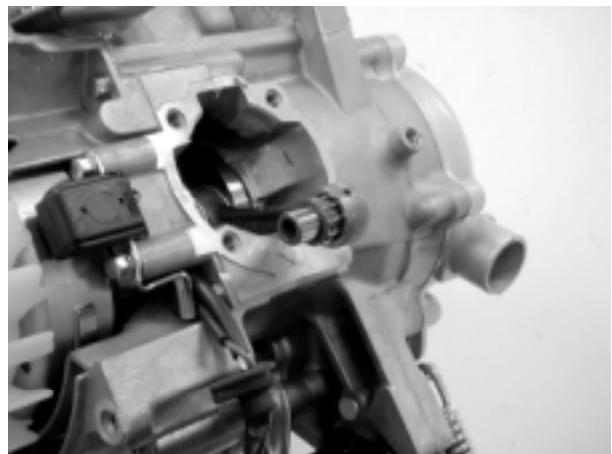
### CONNECTING ROD SMALL END INSPECTION

Install the piston pin and bearing in the connecting rod small end and check for excessive play.

Measure the connecting rod small end I.D.

**Service Limit:**

YUP 50: 17.03mm replace if over



### PISTON/CYLINDER INSTALLATION

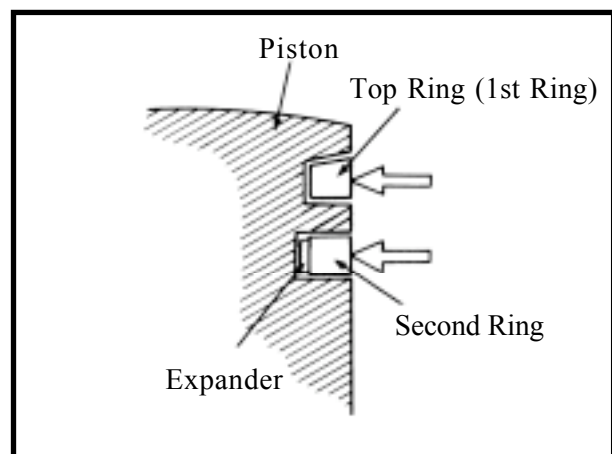
First install the expander in the second ring groove.

Then install the top and second rings in their respective ring grooves.

The piston rings should be pressed into the grooves with even force.

After installation, check and make sure that each ring is flush with the piston at several points around the ring.

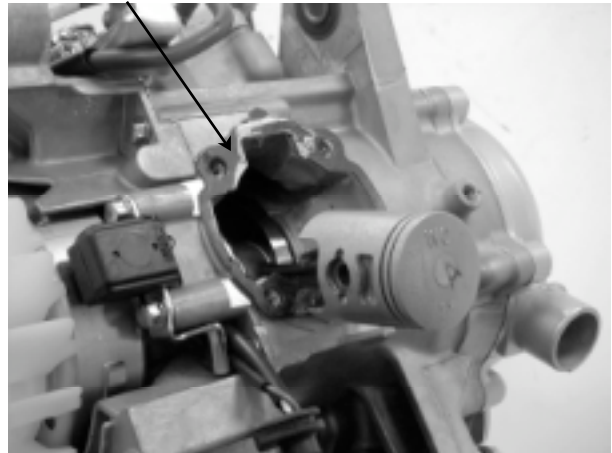
A ring that will not compress means that the ring groove has carbon deposits in it and should be cleaned.



## 6. CYLINDER HEAD/CYLINDER/PISTON KYMCO YUP 50

Install a new cylinder gasket on the mating surface between the cylinder and crankcase.

Cylinder Gasket



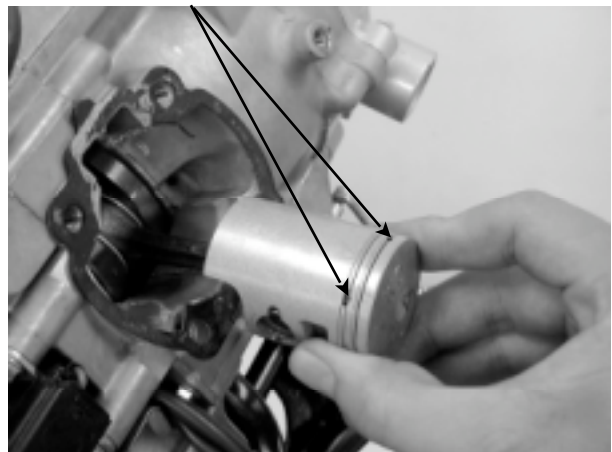
Make sure that the ring end gaps are aligned with the piston ring pins in the ring grooves.

Lubricate the cylinder inside and piston rings with engine oil and install the piston into the cylinder while compressing the piston rings.

\*

Be careful not to damage the piston.

Ring Pins



Install the cylinder head.

**Torque:** 1.5\_ 1.7kg-m

Install the exhaust muffler and tighten the exhaust muffler joint lock nuts.

**Torque:** 1.0\_ 1.4kg-m

Tighten the exhaust muffler lock bolts.

**Torque:** 3.0\_ 3.6kg-m

Install the frame covers.

Install the met-in box.

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal .



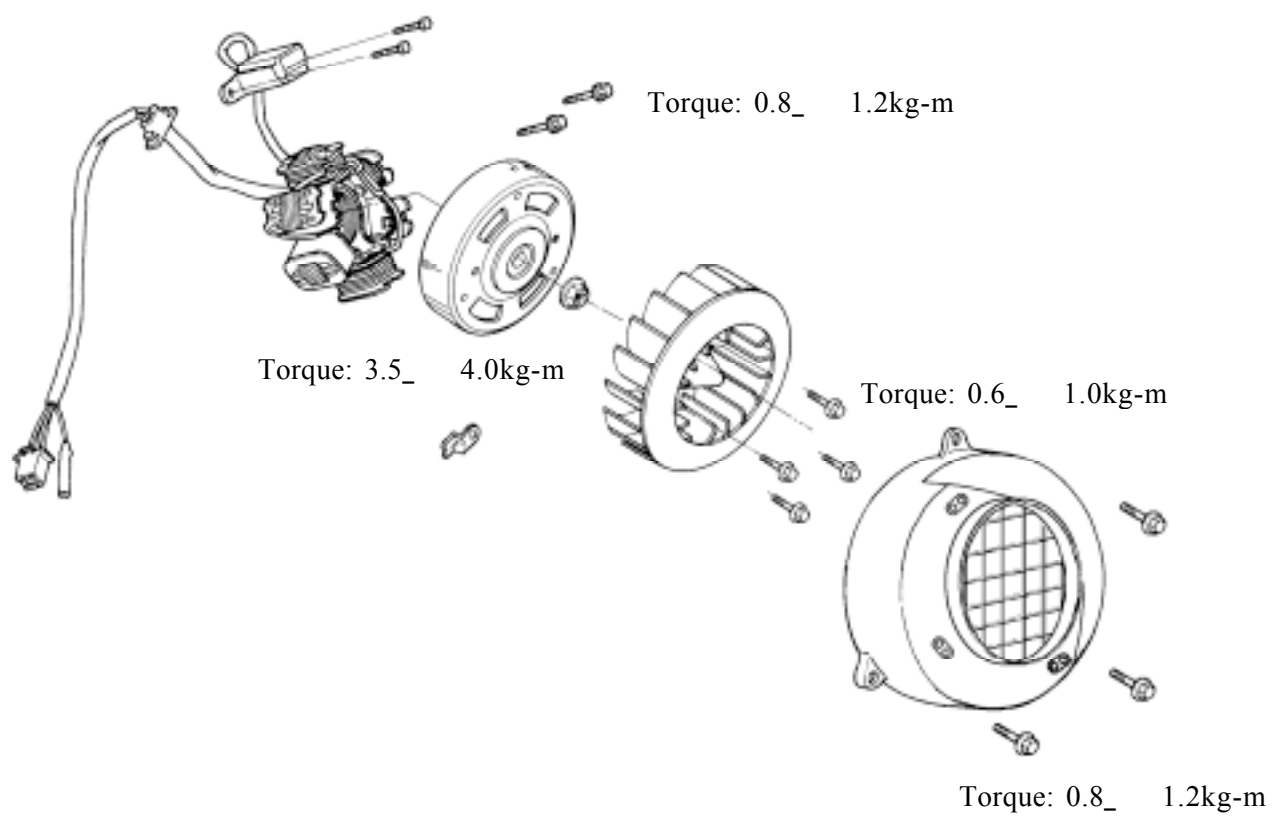
A.C. GENERATOR

SERVICE INFORMATION..... 7-2

A.C. GENERATOR REMOVAL..... 7-3

A.C. GENERATOR INSTALLATION ..... 7-4







### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- All A.C. generator maintenance and inspection can be made with the engine installed.
- Refer to Section 15 for A.C. generator inspection.

#### TORQUE VALUE

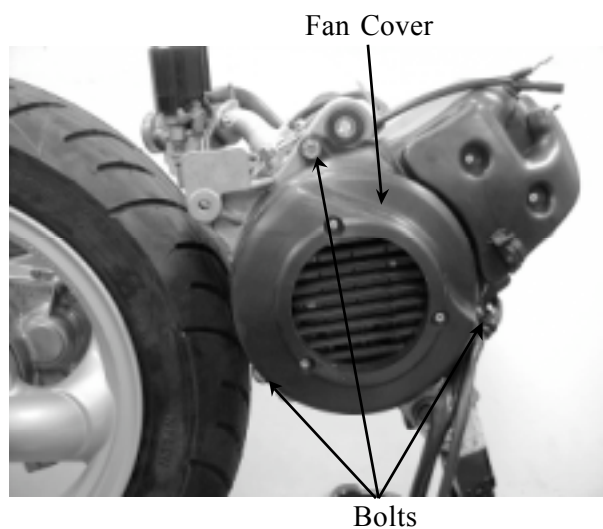
Flywheel nut : 3.5\_ 4.0kg-m

#### SPECIAL TOOLS

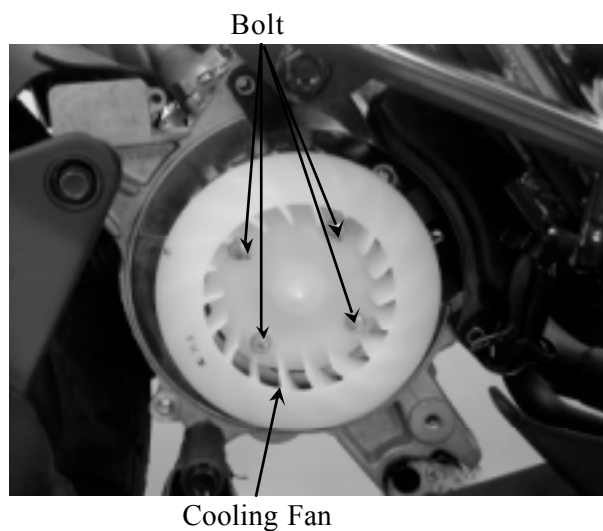
Flywheel puller  
Universal holder

### A.C. GENERATOR REMOVAL

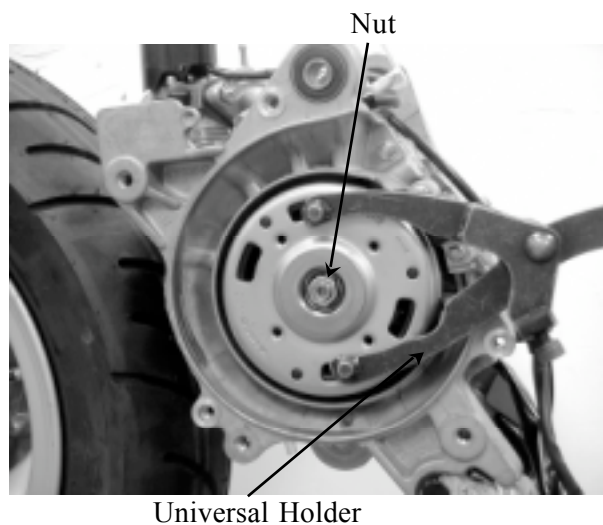
Remove the three bolts attaching the fan cover to remove the fan cover.



Remove the cooling fan by removing the four bolts.

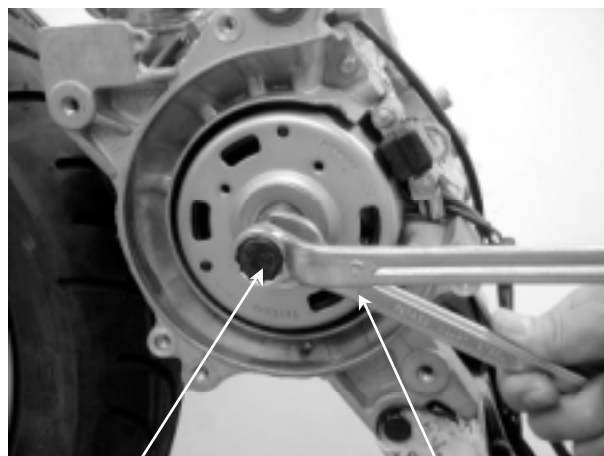


Hold the flywheel with an universal holder and then remove the 10mm flywheel nut.



## 7. A.C. GENERATOR

Remove the A.C. generator flywheel using the flywheel puller.



Flywheel Puller

Lock Nut Wrench

Remove the A.C. generator wire connector.

A.C. Generator Wire Connector



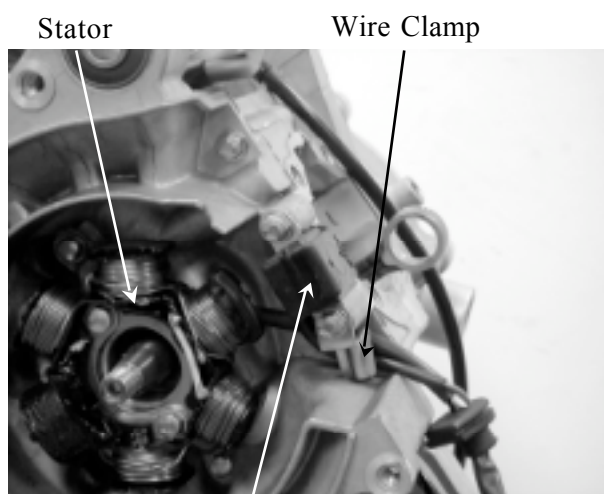
Remove the two pulser coil bolts and pulser coil from the right crankcase.  
Remove the pulser coil wire clamp from the right crankcase.  
Remove the two bolts attaching the A.C. generator stator.

\*

Be careful not to damage the disconnected wire.

### A.C. GENERATOR INSTALLATION

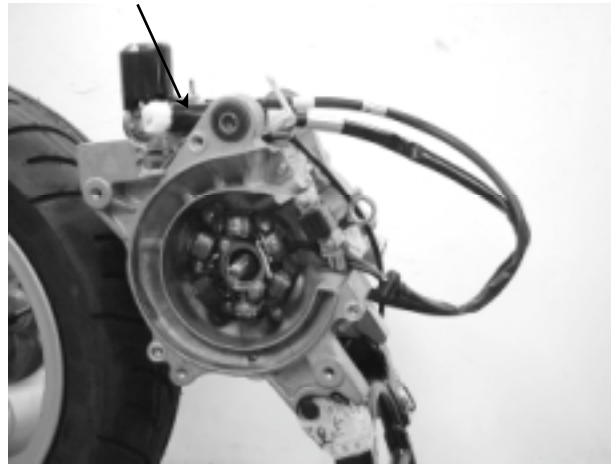
Install the A.C. generator stator and pulser coil wire clamp onto the right crankcase, and then install the pulser coil.



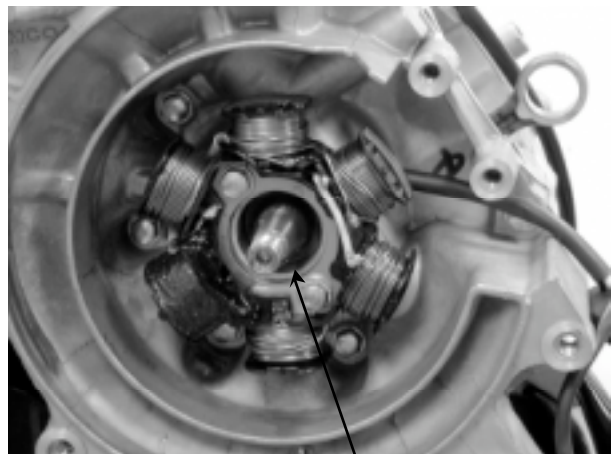
Pulser Coil

Connect the A.C. generator wire connector.

A.C. Generator Wire Connector



Clean the taper hole in the flywheel off any burrs and dirt.  
Install the woodruff key in the crankshaft keyway.



Woodruff Key

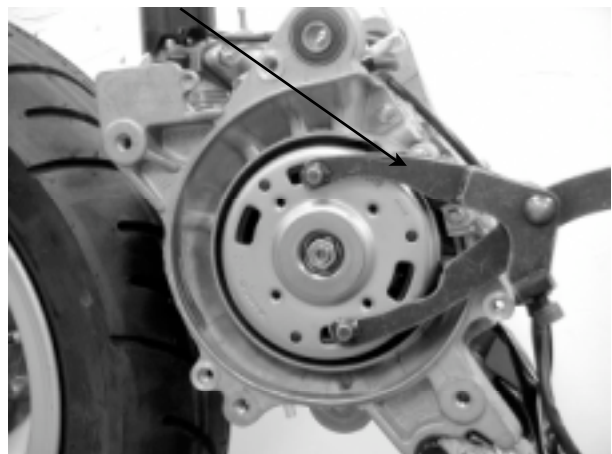
Install the flywheel onto the crankshaft with the flywheel groove aligned with the crankshaft woodruff key.  
Hold the flywheel with the universal holder and install the 10mm flywheel flange nut.

**Torque:** 3.5\_ 4.0kg-m

Start the engine and check the ignition timing. (⇒ 3-8)

Install other removed parts in the reserve order of removal.

Universal Holder



---

KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/  
CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

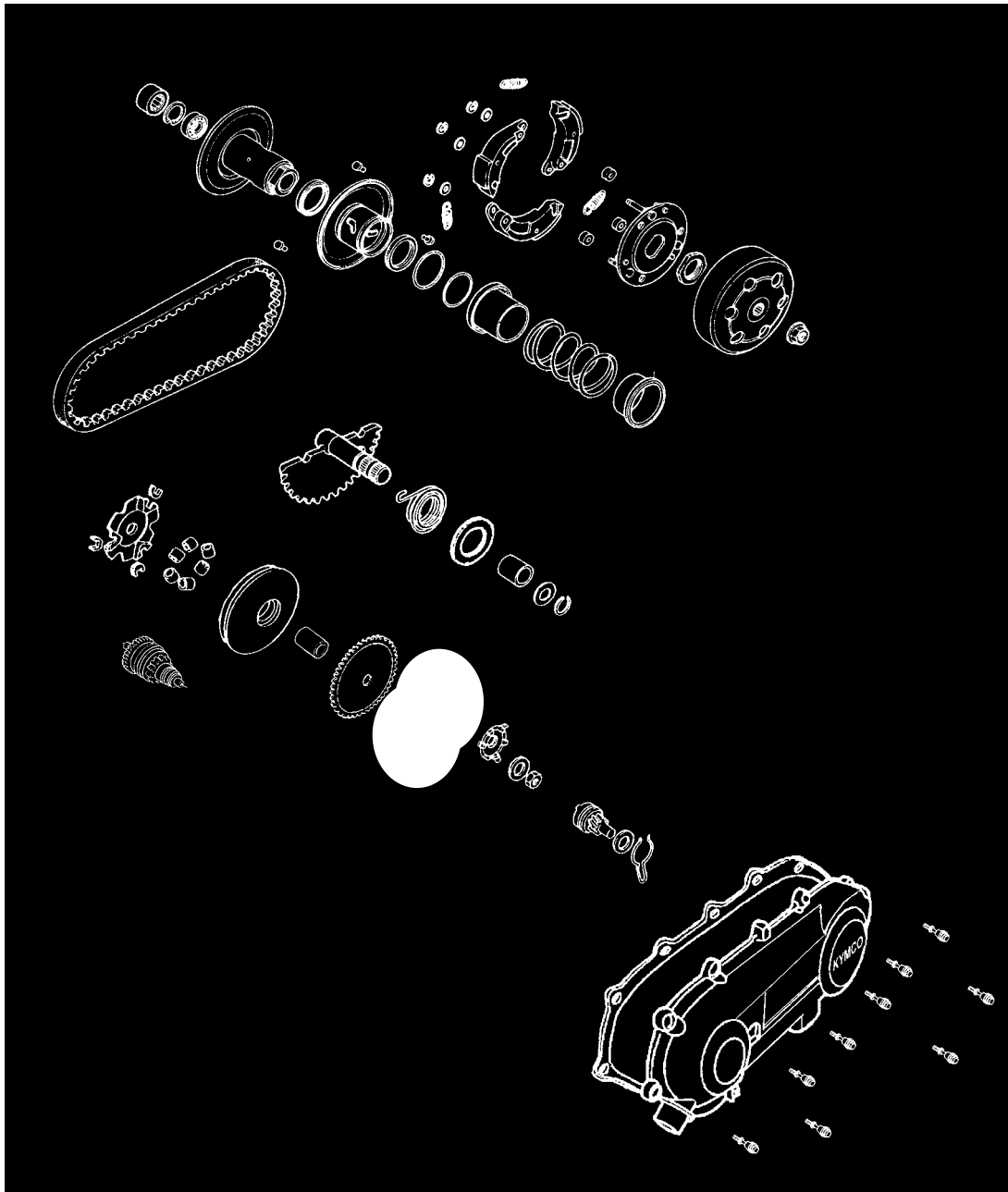
---

8

SERVICE INFORMATION.....	8- 3
TROUBLESHOOTING.....	8- 3
KICK STARTER.....	8- 4
DRIVE BELT .....	8- 8
DRIVE PULLEY.....	8-10
STARTER ONE-WAY CLUTCH DRIVE GEAR .....	8-12
CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY .....	8-15

**KYMCO YUP 50**

kg-m



## 8. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY



### SERVICE INFORMATION

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Avoid getting grease and oil on the drive belt and pulley faces.

SPECIFICATIONS	YUP 50	
	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Drive pulley collar O.D.	20.01_ 20.025	24.24
Movable drive face I.D.	20.035_ 20.085	19.97
Weight roller O.D.	8.5	8.2
Clutch outer I.D.	107_ 107.2	107.5
Driven face spring free length	87.9	82.6
Driven face O.D.	33.965_ 33.985	33.94
Movable driven face I.D.	34.0_ 34.25	34.06
Drive belt width	18	17

#### TORQUE VALUES

Drive face nut	3.5_ 4.0kg-m
Clutch outer nut	3.5_ 4.5kg-m
Clutch drive plate nut	5.0_ 6.0kg-m

#### SPECIAL TOOLS

Lock nut wrench, 39mm	Universal holder
Clutch spring compressor	Lock nut socket wrench, 32mm
Bearing outer driver 37x40mm	Bearing driver pilot, 17mm
One-way clutch puller	Outer driver, 24x26mm

#### TROUBLESHOOTING

##### Engine starts but motorcycle won't move

- Worn drive belt
- Broken ramp plate
- Worn or damaged clutch lining

##### Engine stalls or motorcycle creeps

- Broken clutch weight spring

##### Poor performance at high speed or lack of power

- Worn drive belt
- Weak driven face spring
- Worn weight roller
- Faulty driven face

## 8. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

 **KYMCO YUP 50**

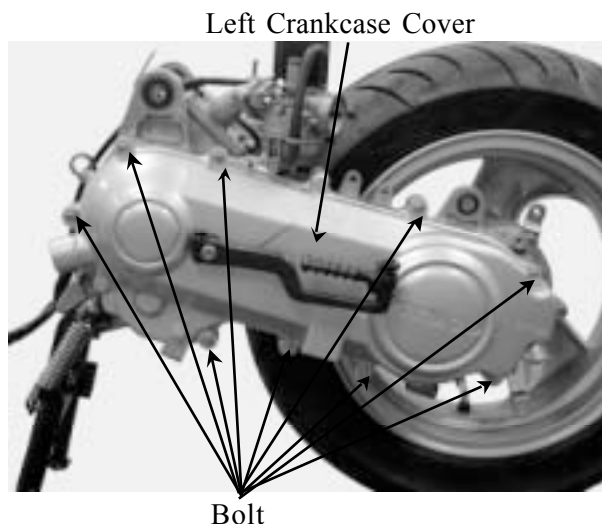
### KICK STARTER

#### LEFT CRANKCASE COVER REMOVAL

Remove the drive belt cooling air tube connector circlip.

Remove the nine left crankcase cover bolts, left crankcase cover and dowel pins.

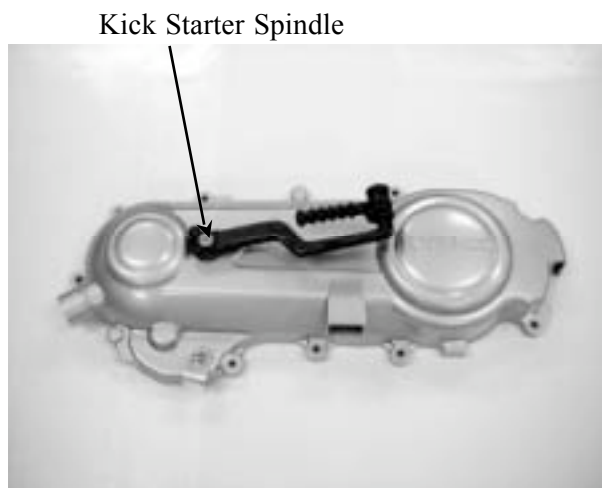
Inspect the left crankcase cover seal rubber for damage or deterioration.



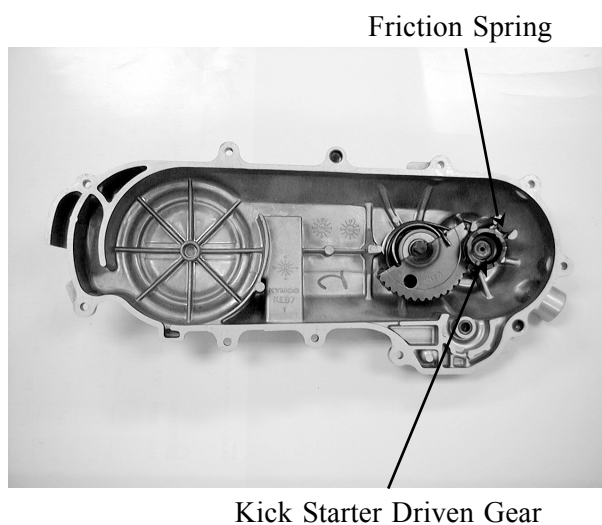
#### KICK STARTER SPINDLE REMOVAL

Remove the kick lever from the kick starter spindle.

Remove the circlip and washer from the kick starter spindle.



Slightly rotate the kick starter spindle to remove the kick starter driven gear together with the friction spring.

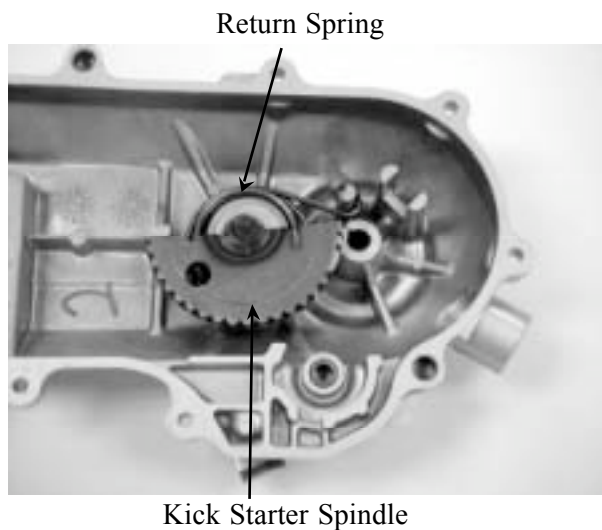




## 8. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

KYMCO YUP 50

Remove the kick starter spindle and return spring from the left crankcase cover.  
Remove the kick starter spindle bushing.

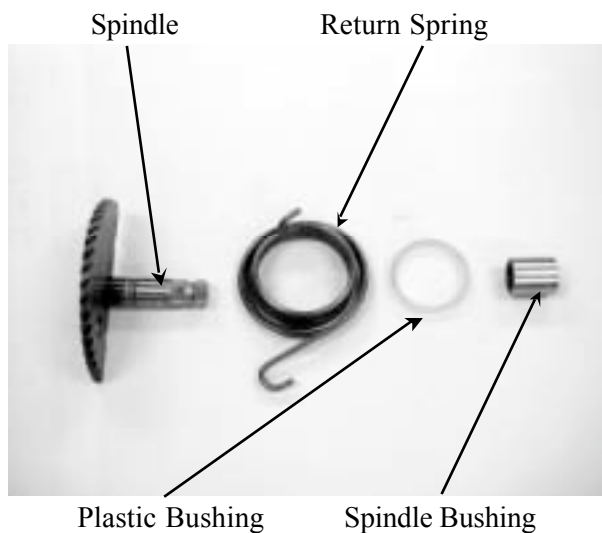


### KICK STARTER SPINDLE INSPECTION

Inspect the kick starter spindle and gear for wear or damage.

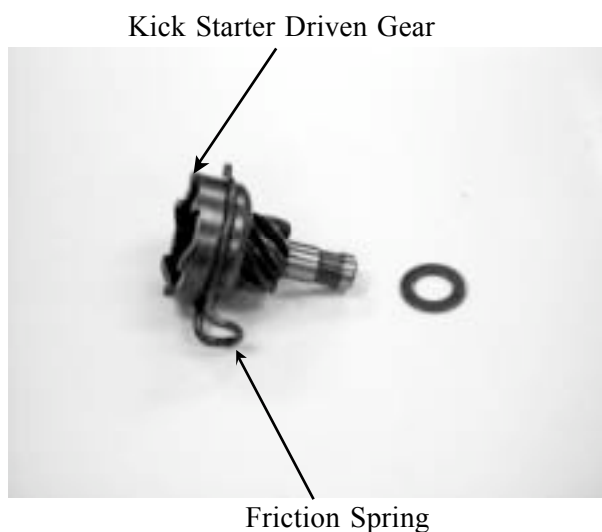
Inspect the return spring for weakness or damage.

Inspect the kick starter spindle bushing for wear or damage.



Check the kick starter driven gear for wear or damage.

Check the friction spring for wear or damage.

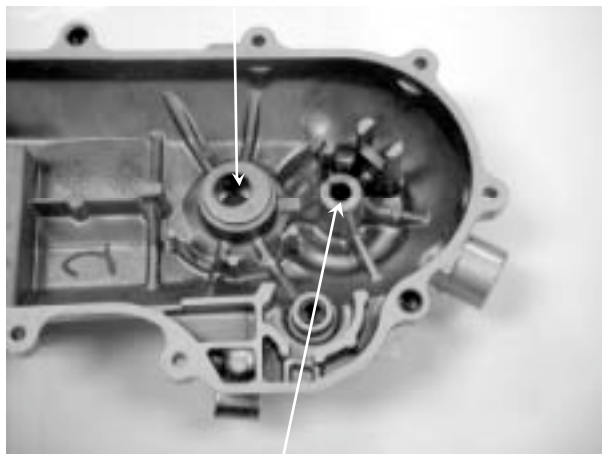


## 8. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

KYMCO YUP 50

Inspect the kick starter spindle and driven gear forcing parts for wear or damage.

Kick Starter Spindle Forcing Part



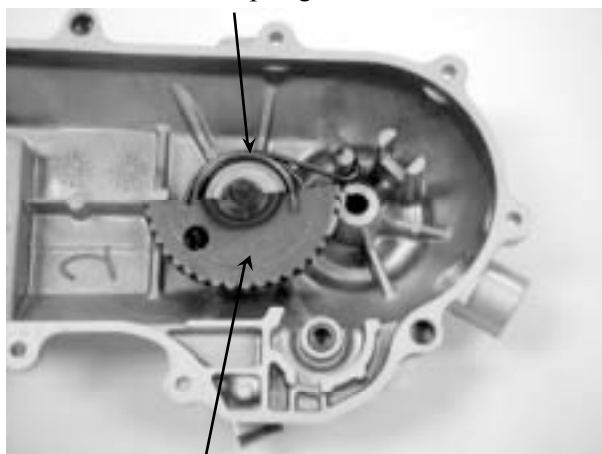
Kick Starter Driven Gear Forcing Part

### KICK STARTER INSTALLATION

Install the kick starter spindle bushing and return spring onto the left crankcase cover.

- If the hooks of the return spring can not be installed properly, use a screw driver to press them into their locations respectively.

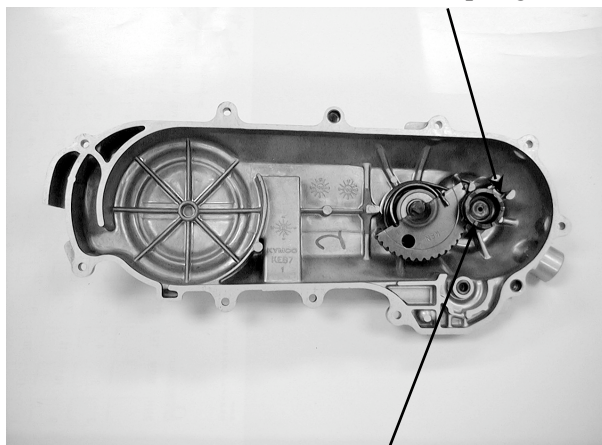
Friction Spring



Kick Starter Spindle

Properly install the kick starter driven gear and friction spring as the figure shown.

Friction Spring

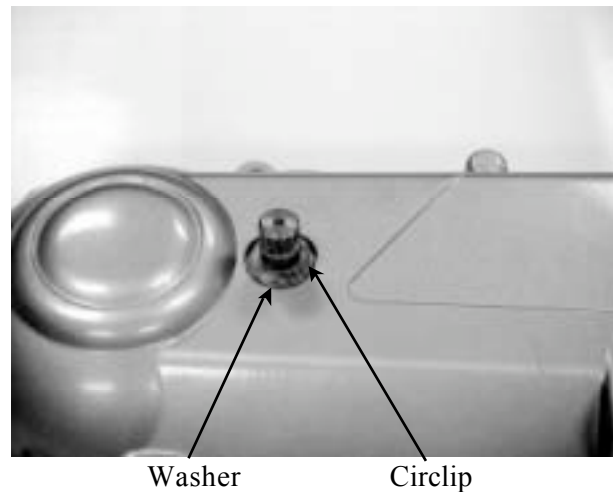


Kick Starter Driven Gear

## 8. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

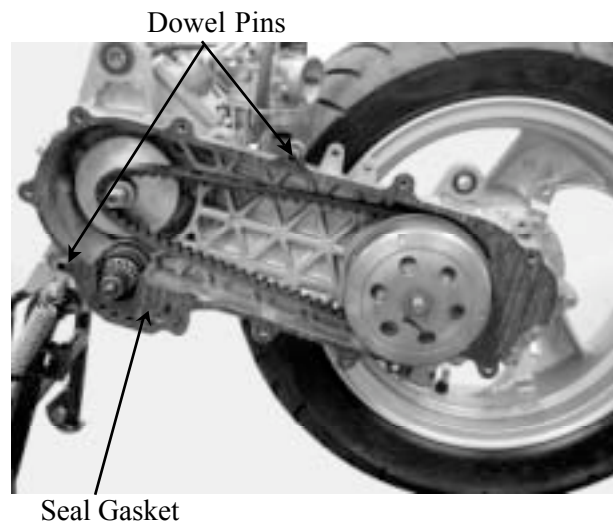
 **KYMCO YUP 50**

First install the washer and then the circlip onto the kick starter spindle.  
Install the kick lever.



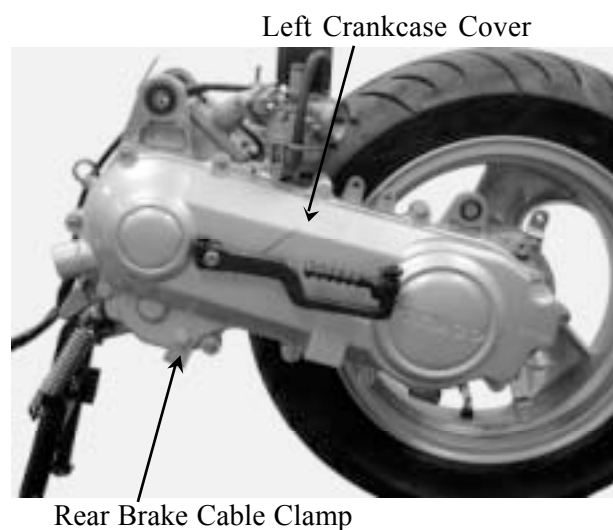
### LEFT CRANKCASE COVER INSTALLATION

First install the dowel pins and then the seal rubber.



Install the left crankcase cover and tighten the bolts diagonally.

°℄ For drum brake, note the location of the brake cable clamp and install the rear brake cable in place with the clamp.



## 8. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

KYMCO YUP 50

### DRIVE BELT

Remove the left crankcase cover.

### INSPECTION

Check the drive belt for cracks, separation or abnormal or excessive wear.  
Measure the drive belt width.

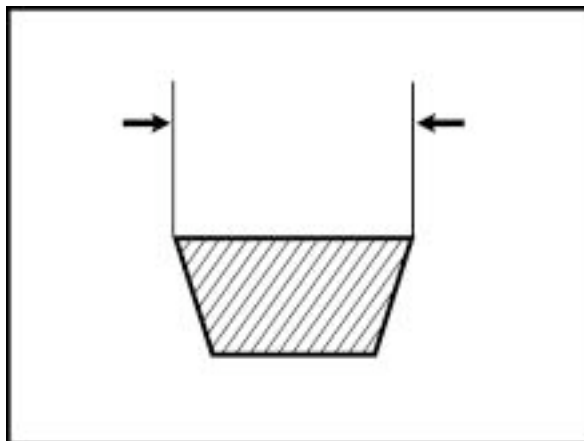
#### Service Limit:

50cc: 16.5mm replace if below

100cc: 17.5mm replace if below

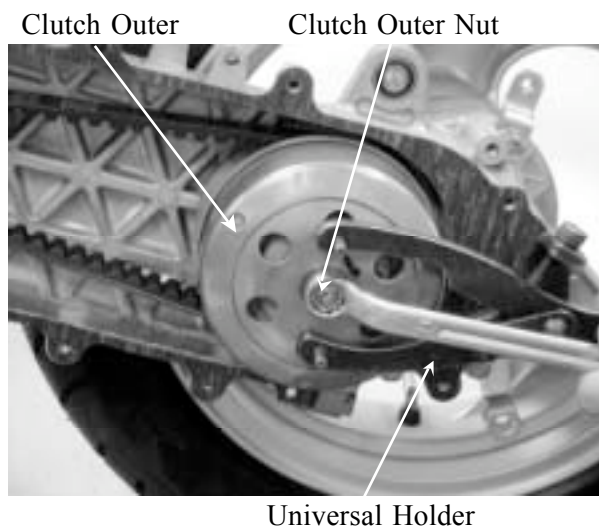


Use specified genuine parts for replacement.

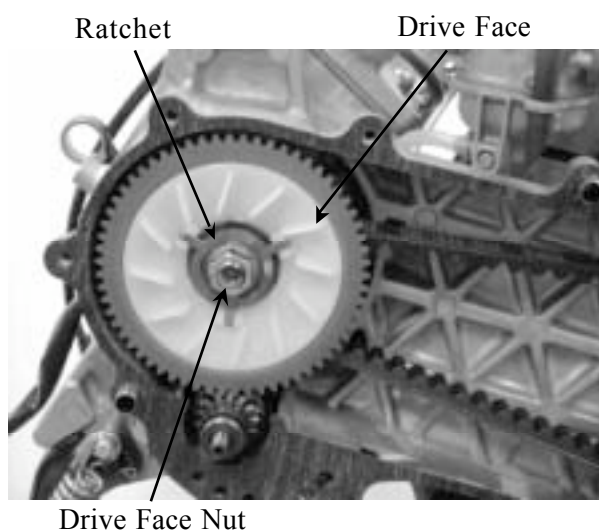


### REPLACEMENT

Remove the ten left crankcase cover bolts and left crankcase cover. (⇒ 8-4)  
Hold the clutch outer with the universal holder and remove the 10mm clutch outer nut and clutch outer.



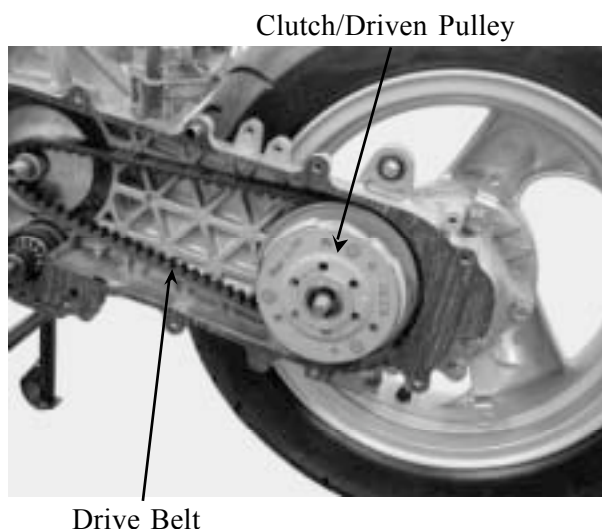
Hold the drive pulley with the holder and remove the 12mm drive face nut.  
Remove the starting ratchet.  
Remove the drive pulley face.



## 8. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

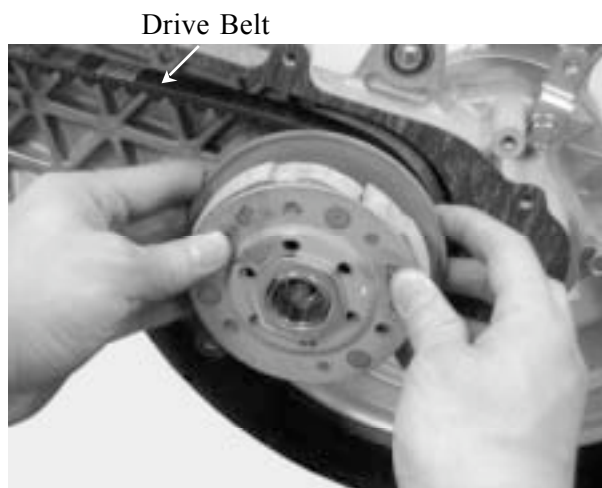
KYMC O YUP 50

Remove the drive belt from the clutch/  
driven pulley.



### DRIVE BELT INSTALLATION

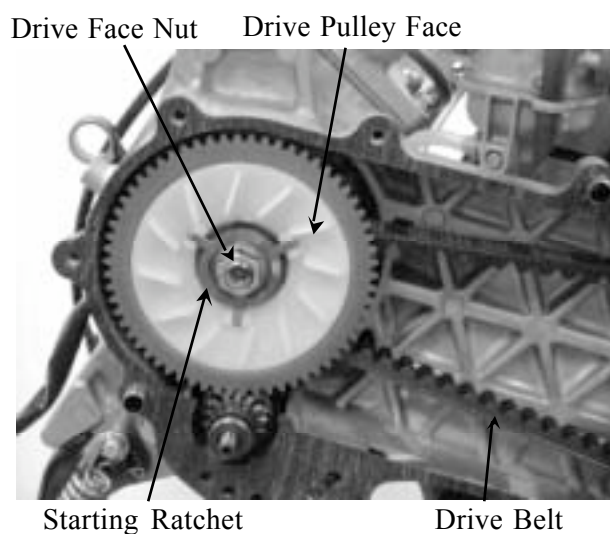
Turn the driven pulley clockwise and lift it  
up to expand the drive belt groove and then  
install a new drive belt.



Set the drive belt on the drive pulley.  
Install the drive pulley face, starting ratchet  
and 12mm washer, then tighten the drive  
face nut.

**Torque:** 3.5\_ 4.0kg-m

ⓘ When installing the drive face nut, make  
sure that the tooth spaces of the drive  
pulley face and starting ratchet align  
with the teeth of the crankshaft.





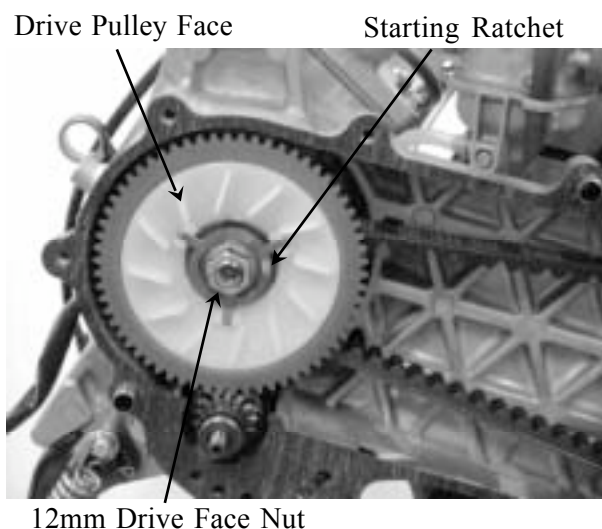
## 8. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

 **KYMCO YUP 50**

### DRIVE PULLEY

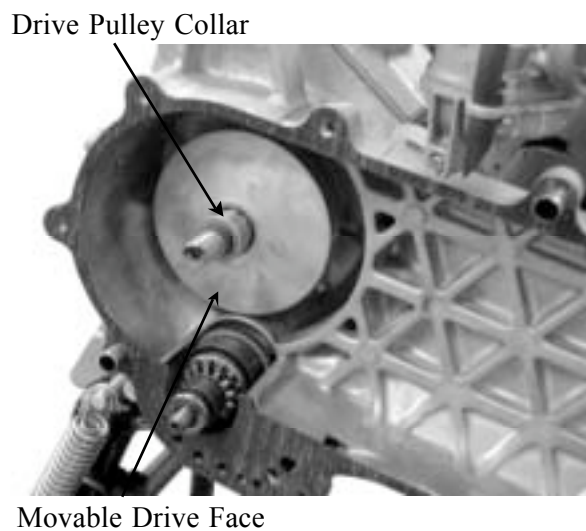
#### REMOVAL

Hold the drive pulley with the holder and remove the 12mm drive face nut. Remove the starting ratchet, 12mm washer and drive pulley face.

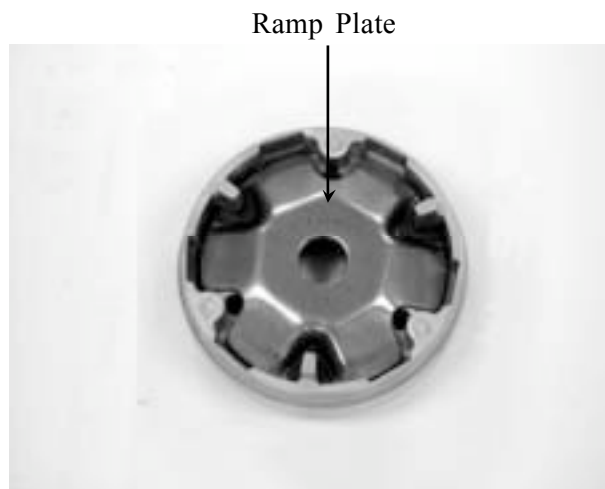


#### MOVABLE DRIVE FACE DISASSEMBLY

Remove the movable drive face and drive pulley collar from the crankshaft.



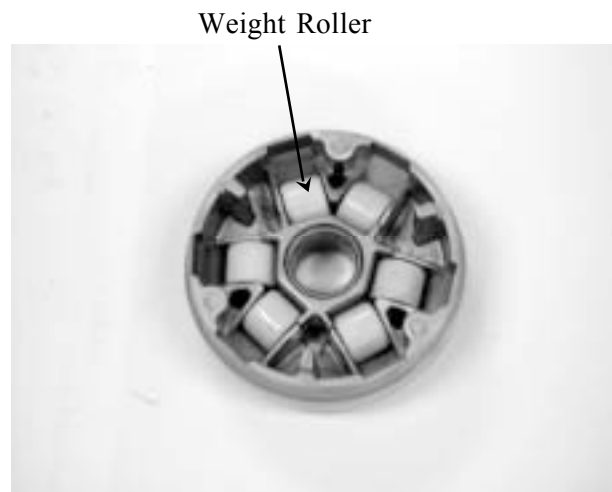
Remove the ramp plate.



## 8. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

KYMCO YUP 50

Remove the weight rollers.



### MOVABLE DRIVE FACE INSPECTION

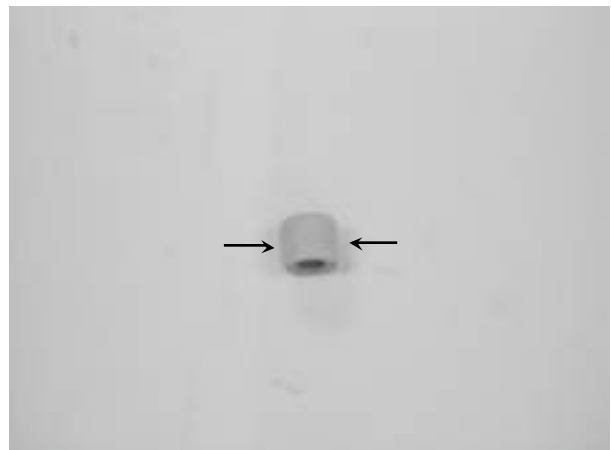
Check each weight roller for wear or damage.

Measure each roller O.D.

#### Service Limit:

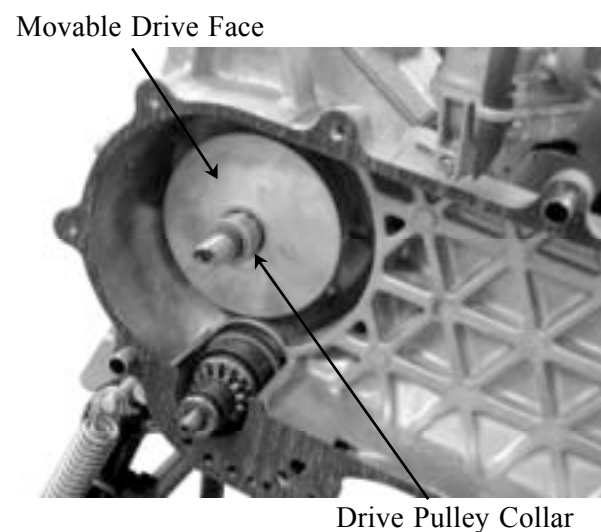
50cc: 15.4mm replace if below

100cc: 15.4mm replace if below



### DRIVE PULLEY INSTALLATION

Install the drive pulley collar and movable drive face onto the crankshaft.



## 8. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

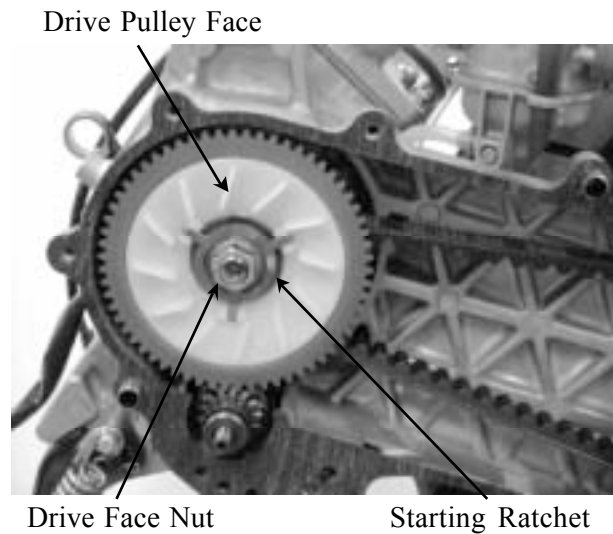
 **KYMCO YUP 50**

Install the drive belt on the crankshaft.  
Install the drive face, starting ratchet and washer, then tighten the 12mm drive face nut.

**Torque:** 3.5\_ 4.0kg-m



Keep grease or oil off the drive belt and drive pulley faces.



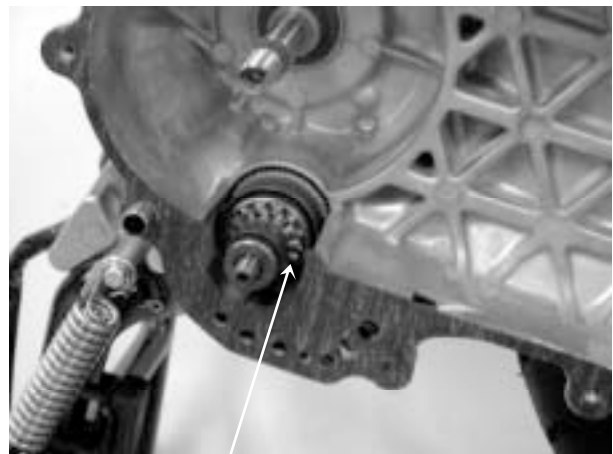
### STARTER PINION

#### REMOVAL

Remove the left crankcase cover. (⇒8-4)

Remove the drive pulley. (⇒8-8)

Remove the starter pinion.



Starter Pinion

#### INSPECTION

Inspect the starter pinion seat for wear.

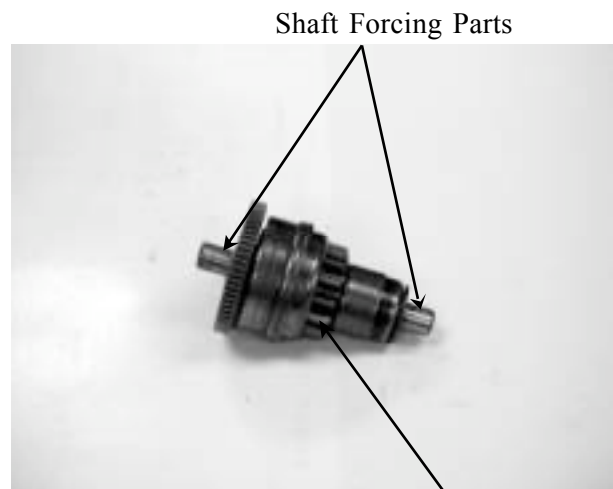
Inspect the starter pinion for smooth operation.

Inspect the starter pinion shaft forcing parts for wear and damage.

#### INSTALLATION

Apply a small amount of grease to the starter pinion teeth.

Install the starter pinion in the reverse order of removal.



Starter Pinion



## 8. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

 **KYMCO YUP 50**

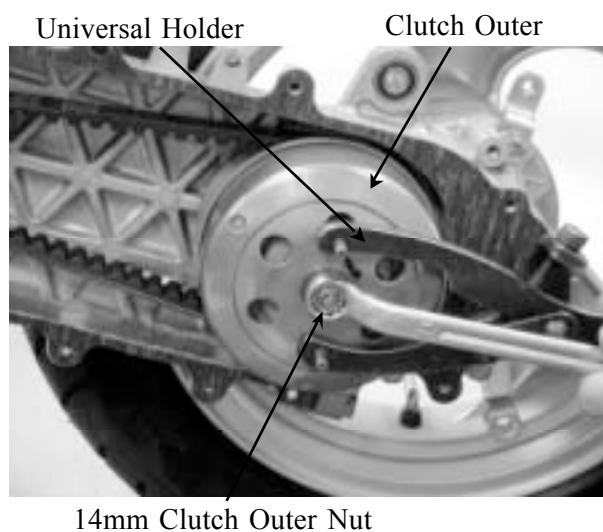
### CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

#### CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY REMOVAL

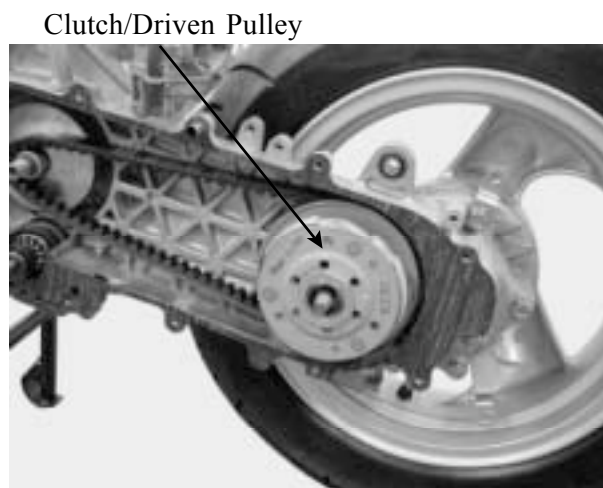
Remove the drive pulley. (⇒ 8-8)

Hold the clutch outer with the universal holder and remove the 14mm clutch outer nut.

Remove the clutch outer.



Remove the clutch/driven pulley.  
Remove the drive belt from the clutch/driven pulley.



#### CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY DIS- ASSEMBLY

Compress the clutch/driven pulley spring with the clutch spring compressor and remove the 39mm drive plate nut.

Remove the driven face spring.



## 8. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

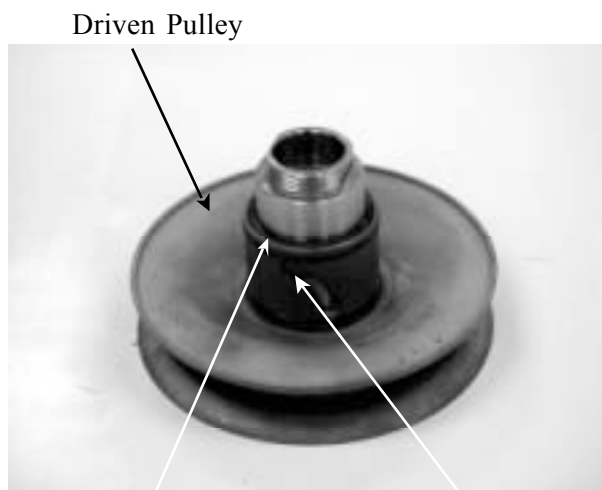
 KYMCO YUP 50

Remove the seal collar.



Seal Collar

Pull out the guide roller pins from the driven pulley and then remove the O-rings and oil seal from the driven pulley.



O-rings

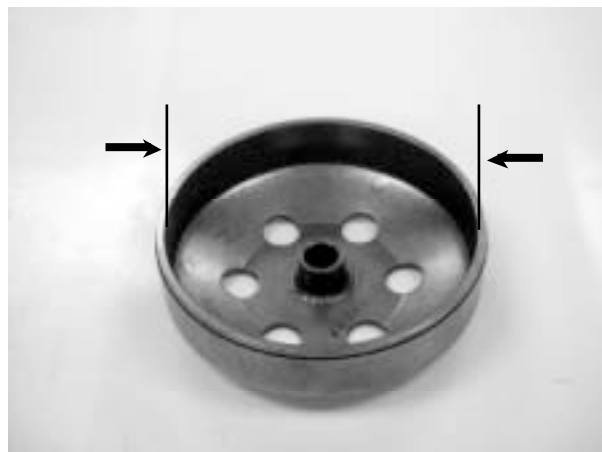
Guide Roller Pin

### CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY INSPECTION

Inspect the clutch outer for wear or damage.  
Measure the clutch outer I.D.

**Service Limit:**

107.5mm replace if below



## 8. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

 **KYMCO YUP 50**

Check the clutch shoes for wear or damage.  
Measure the clutch lining thickness.

**Service Limit:** 2.0mm replace if below

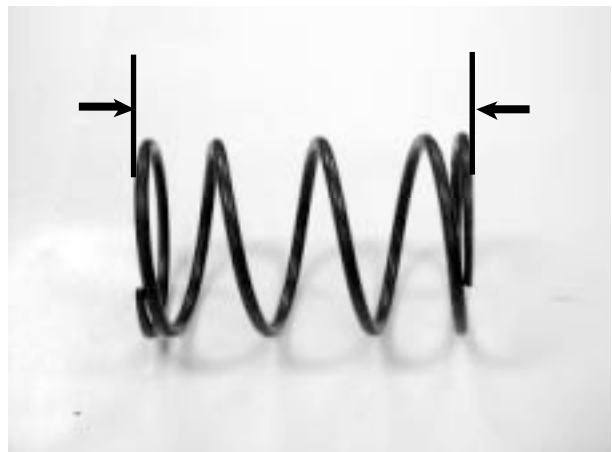


Measure the driven face spring free length.

**Service Limit:**

50cc:82.6mm replace if below

100cc:143.6mm replace if below



Check the driven face assembly for wear or damage.

Measure the driven face O.D.

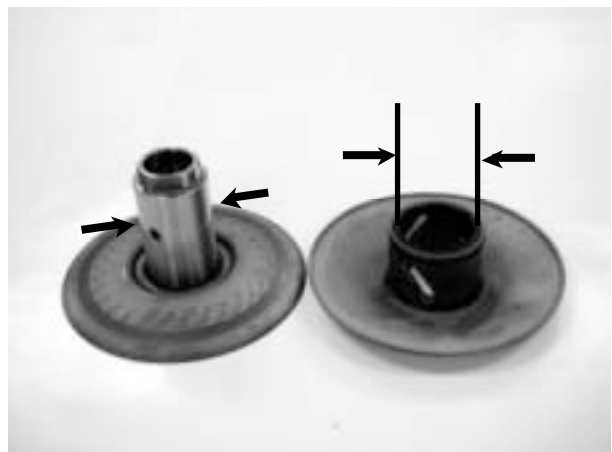
**Service Limit:** 33.94mm replace if below

Check the movable driven face for wear or damage.

Measure the movable driven face I.D.

**Service Limit:** 34.06mm replace if below

Check the guide roller pins for stepped wear.



## 8. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

 **KYMCO YUP 50**

### DRIVEN PULLEY FACE BEARING REPLACEMENT

Check the needle bearings in the driven face and replace them if they have excessive play, damage or abnormal noise.  
Drive the inner bearing out of the driven pulley face.

Inner Bearing




Remove the snap ring and drive the outer bearing out of the driven face.



Outer Bearing

Drive a new outer bearing into the driven face with the sealed end facing up.  
Seat the snap ring in its groove.

- °  Pack all bearing cavities with 5.0\_ 5.6g grease.  
Specified grease: 230çJ Heat-resistant grease

Bearing Outer Driver



## 8. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

 **KYMCO YUP 50**

Drive in a new needle bearing into the driven face with the mark facing up.

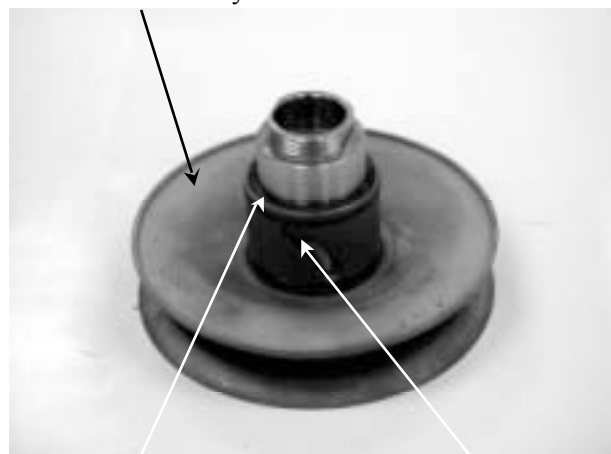
Bearing Driver Pilot



### **CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY ASSEMBLY**

First install the movable driven face onto the driven face. Then, install the guide roller pins, O-rings and a new oil seal.

Driven Pulley



O-rings

Guide Roller Pin

Install the seal collar.



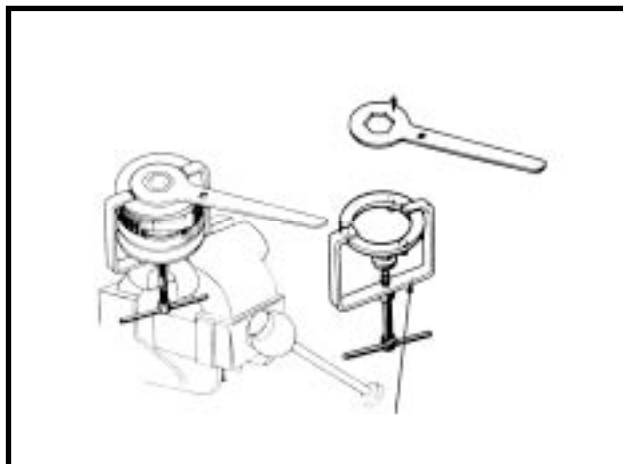
Seal Collar

## 8. KICK STARTER/DRIVE PULLEY/ CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY

 KYMCO YUP 50

Set the driven pulley, driven face spring and clutch assembly onto the clutch spring compressor. Compress the tool and install the 39mm drive plate nut. Tighten the 39mm nut to the specified torque.

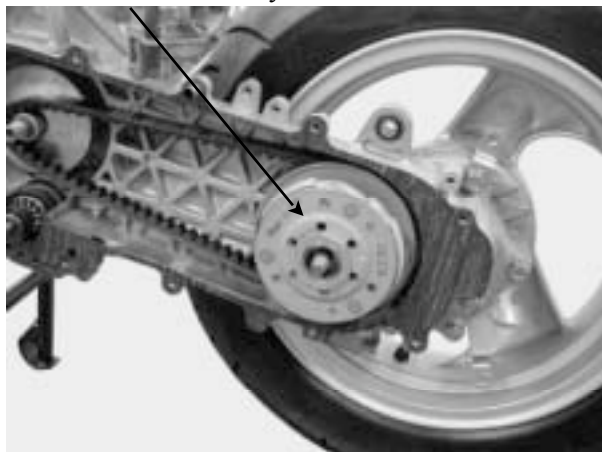
**Torque:** 5.0\_ 6.0kg-m



### CLUTCH/DRIVEN PULLEY INSTALLATION

Install the drive belt on the clutch/driven pulley and then install the clutch/driven pulley onto the drive shaft.

Clutch/Driven Pulley

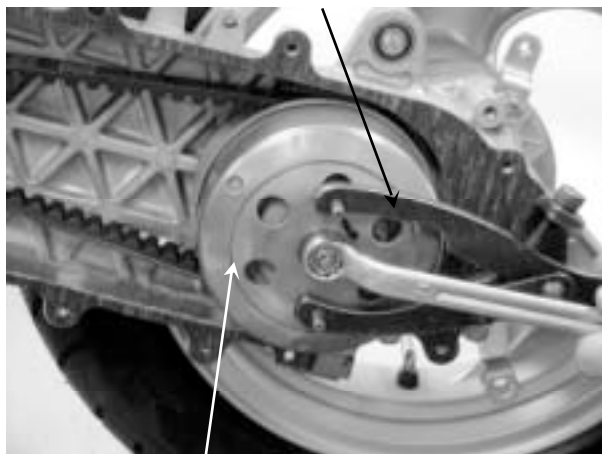


Install the clutch outer.  
Hold the clutch outer with the universal holder.  
Install and tighten the 10mm clutch outer nut.

**Torque:** 3.5\_ 4.5kg-m

Install the left crankcase cover. (⇒8-7)

Universal Holder



Clutch Outer

---

---

---

---

---

---

FINAL REDUCTION

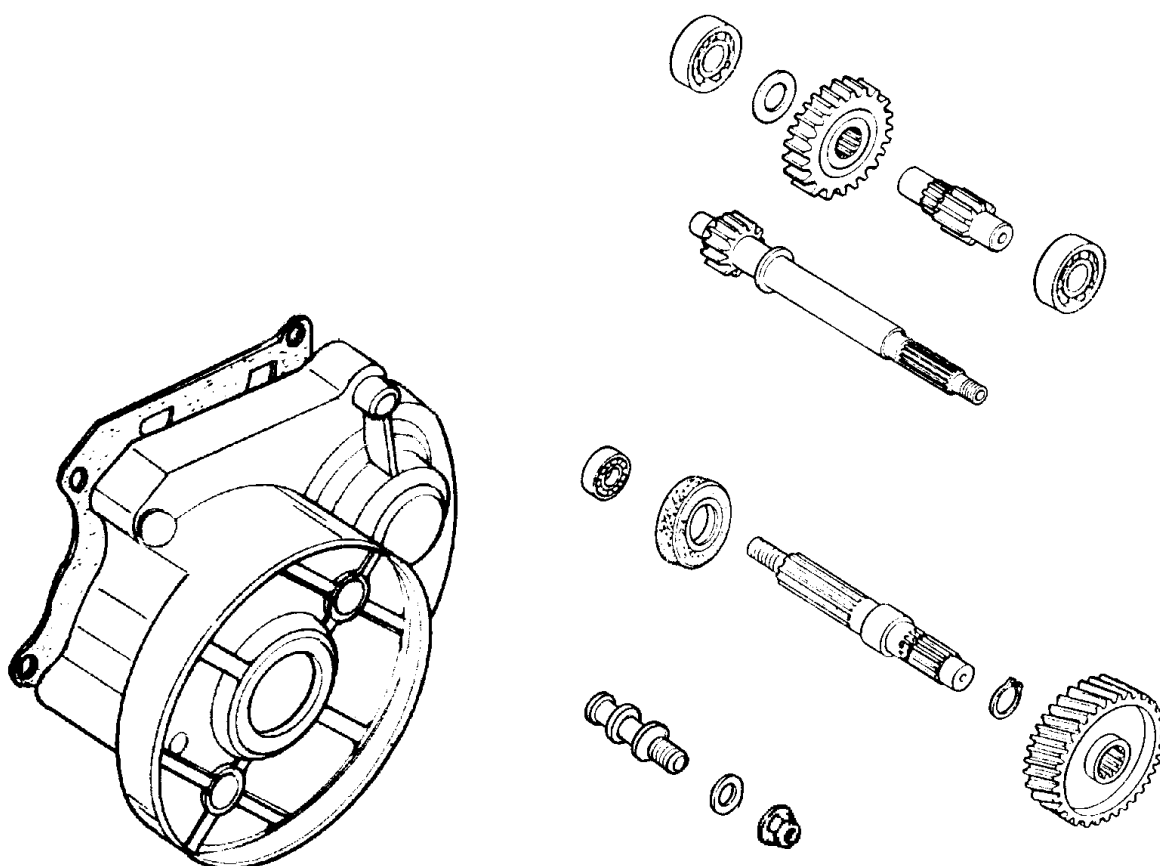
SERVICE INFORMATION..... 9-2

TROUBLESHOOTING..... 9-2

FINAL REDUCTION DISASSEMBLY ..... 9-3

FINAL REDUCTION INSPECTION..... 9-3

FINAL REDUCTION ASSEMBLY..... 9-6





### SERVICE INFORMATION

Specified Oil: SAE90#

At disassembly: 0.12 liter

At change: 0.1 liter

### SPECIAL TOOLS

Bearing remover set, 12mm

Bearing remover set, 15mm

Crankcase assembly collar

Crankcase assembly shaft

Bearing outer driver, 37x40mm

Bearing outer driver, 32x35mm

Bearing driver pilot, 17mm

Bearing driver pilot, 15mm

Bearing driver pilot, 12mm

Bearing outer driver handle

### TROUBLESHOOTING

#### Engine starts but motorcycle won't move

- Damaged transmission
- Seized or burnt transmission

#### Abnormal noise

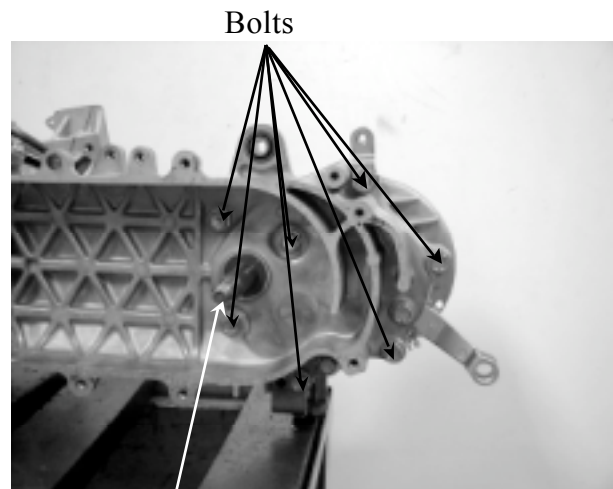
- Worn, seized or chipped gears
- Worn bearing

#### Oil leaks

- Oil level too high
- Worn or damaged oil seal

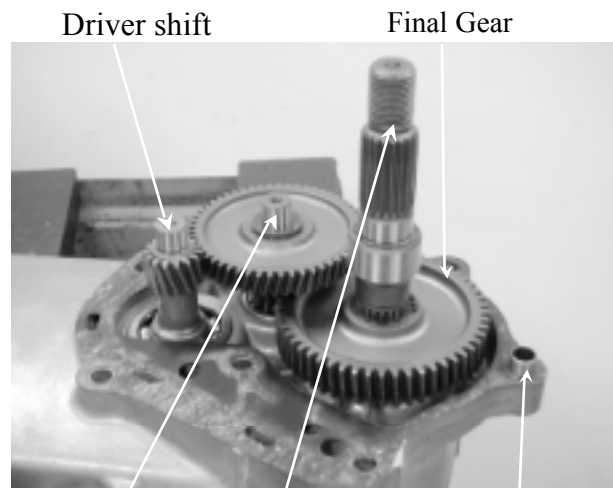
### FINAL REDUCTION DISASSEMBLY

Remove the rear wheel. (⇒ 14-3)  
Remove the left crankcase cover. (⇒ 8-4)  
Remove the clutch/driven pulley. (⇒ 8-15)  
Drain the transmission gear oil into a clean container.  
Remove the transmission case cover attaching bolts.  
Remove the transmission case cover.  
Remove the gasket and dowel pins.



Driver shift

Remove the final gear and countershaft.



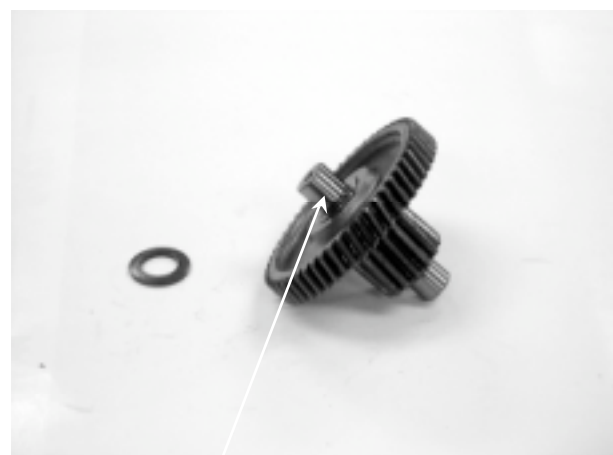
Countershaft

Final Shaft

Dowel Pin

### FINAL REDUCTION INSPECTION

Inspect the countershaft and gear for wear or damage.



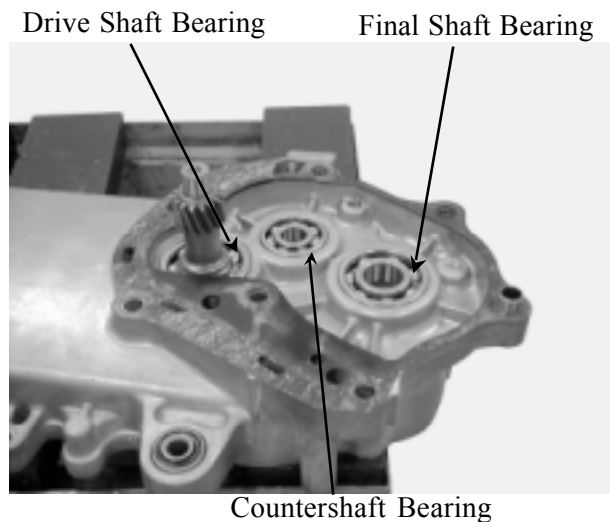
Countershaft

## 9. FINAL REDUCTION

Inspect the final gear and final shaft for wear, damage or seizure.



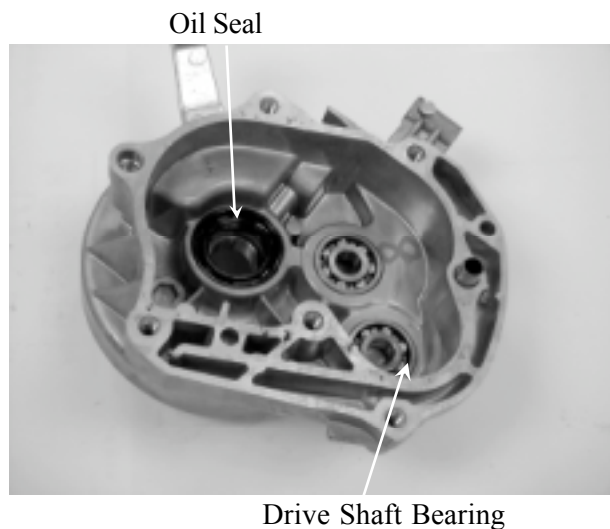
Check the left crankcase bearings for excessive play and inspect the oil seal for wear or damage.



Inspect the drive shaft and gear for wear or damage.  
Check the transmission case cover bearings for excessive play and inspect the final shaft bearing oil seal for wear or damage.

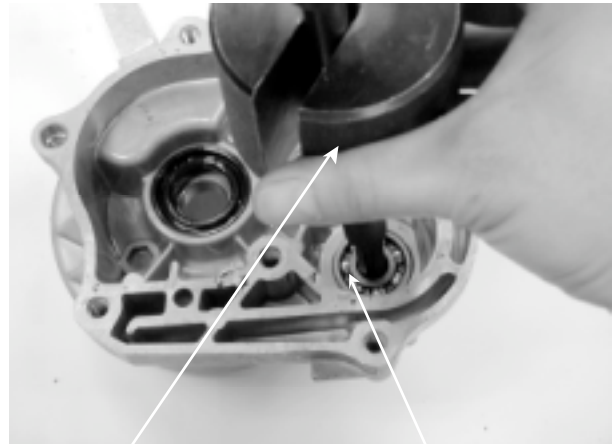
\*

Do not remove the transmission case cover except for necessary part replacement. When replacing the drive shaft, also replace the bearing and oil seal.



### BEARING REPLACEMENT (Transmission Case Cover)

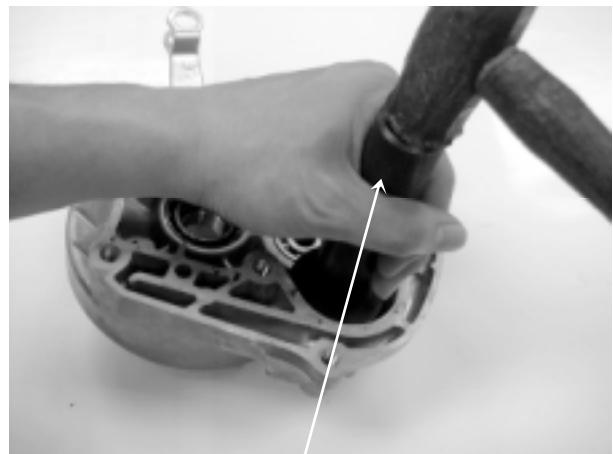
Remove the transmission case cover bearings using the bearing remover.  
Remove the final shaft oil seal.



Bearing Remover Set

Drive Shaft Bearing

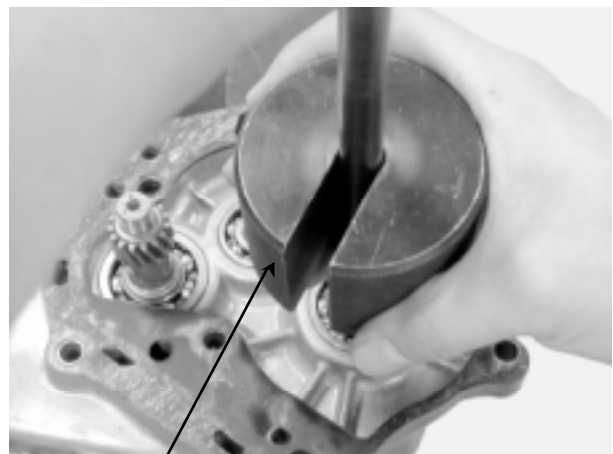
Drive new bearings into the transmission case cover.



Bearing Outer Driver Handle

### BEARING REPLACEMENT (Left Crankcase Cover)

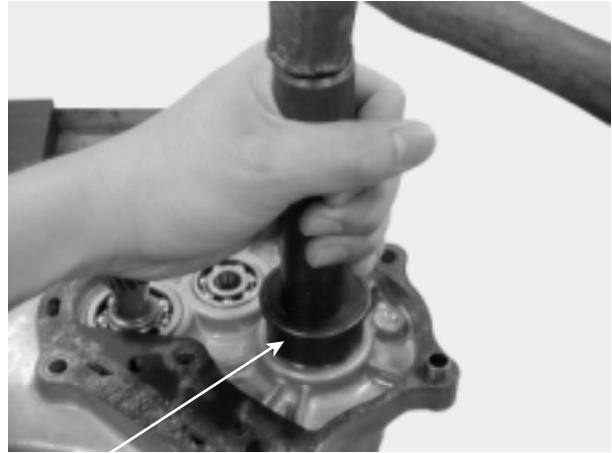
Remove the drive shaft.  
Remove the drive shaft oil seal.  
Remove the left crankcase bearings using the bearing remover.



Bearing Remover Set, 15mm

## 9. FINAL REDUCTION

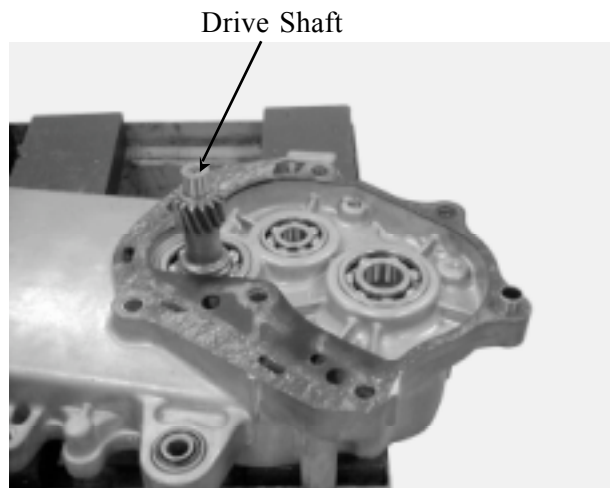
Drive new bearings into the left crankcase.  
Install a new drive shaft oil seal.



Bearing Outer Driver

### FINAL REDUCTION ASSEMBLY

Install the drive shaft into the left crankcase.

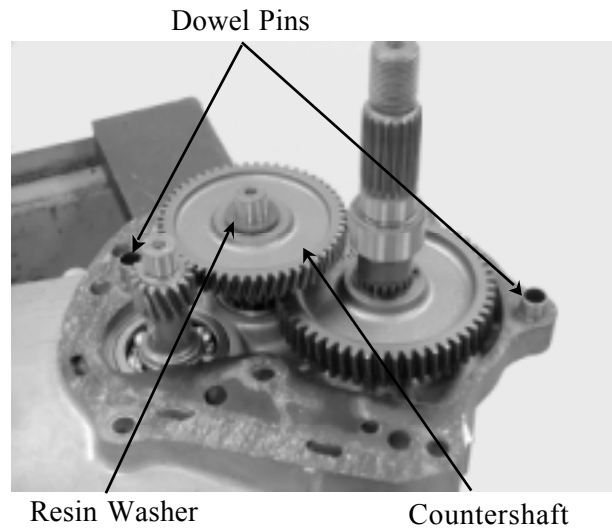


Install the final gear and final shaft into the left crankcase.

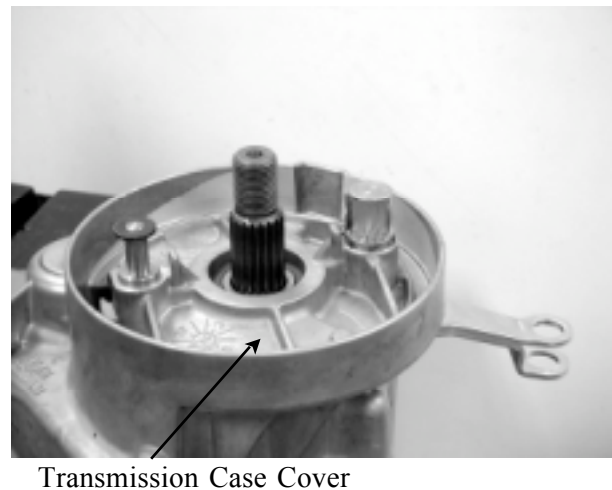


## 9. FINAL REDUCTION

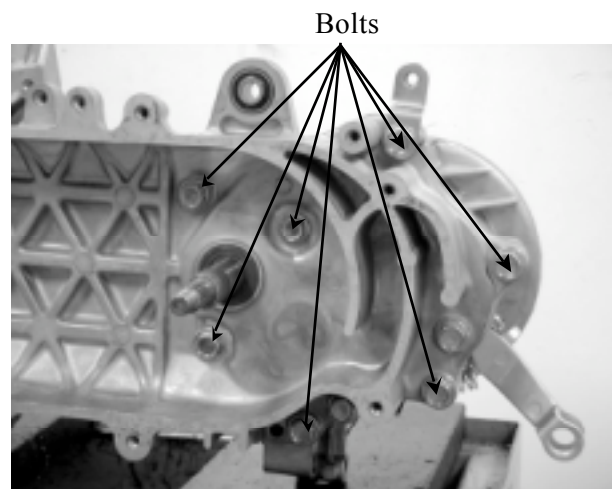
Install the countershaft and gear into the left crankcase.  
Install the resin washer onto the countershaft.  
Install the dowel pins and a new gasket.



Install the transmission case cover.



Install and tighten the transmission case cover bolts.  
Install the clutch/driven pulley. (⇒ 8-20)  
Install other removed parts in the reverse order of removal.



## 9. FINAL REDUCTION

After installation, fill the transmission case with the specified oil.

\*

- Place the motorcycle on its main stand on level ground.
- Check the sealing washer for wear or damage.

**Specified Gear Oil:** SAE90#

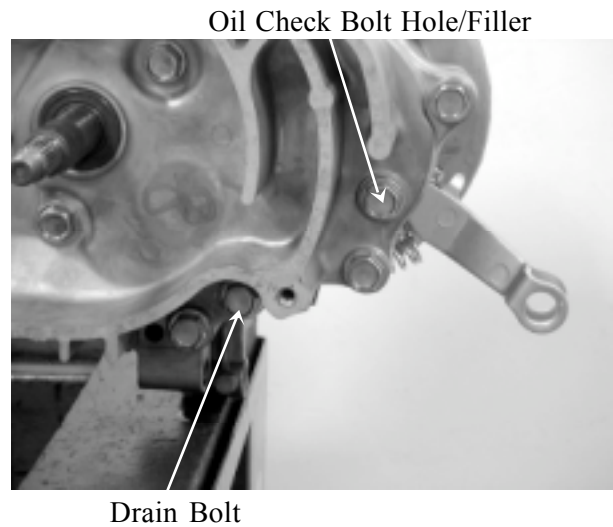
**Oil Capacity:** at disassembly: 0.12 liter  
at change: 0.09 liter

Install and tighten the oil check bolt.

**Torque:** 1.0\_ 1.5kg-m

Start the engine and check for oil leaks.

Check the oil level from the oil check bolt hole and add the specified oil to the proper level if the oil level is low.



---

---

---

---

---

---

CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

SERVICE INFORMATION..... 10-2

TROUBLESHOOTING..... 10-2

CRANKCASE SEPARATION ..... 10-3

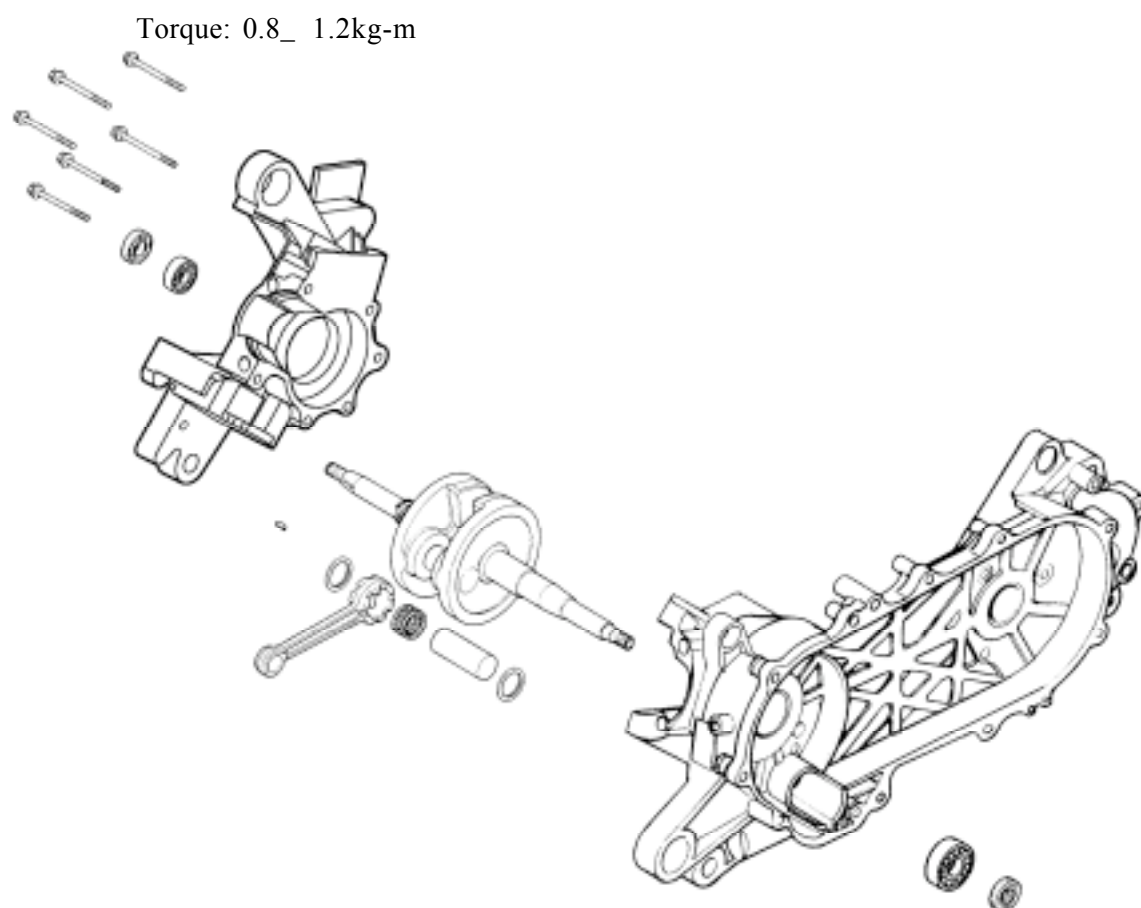
CRANKSHAFT REMOVAL..... 10-3

CRANKSHAFT INSPECTION ..... 10-4

CRANKSHAFT INSTALLATION..... 10-5

CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY ..... 10-7





## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- This section covers crankcase separation to service the crankshaft.
- The following parts must be removed before separating the crankcase.
 

Engine (⇒ Section 5)	Driven pulley (⇒ Section 9)
Carburetor (⇒ Section 11)	A.C. generator (⇒ Section 7)
Oil pump (⇒ Section 4)	Cylinder head/cylinder (⇒ Section 6)
Reed valve (⇒ Section 11)	
- When the left crankcase must be replaced, remove the following part in addition to the above.  
Final reduction removal
- Special tools must be used for crankshaft and crankcase assembly. When separating the crankcase, the bearing will remain in the crankcase and it should be removed. When, assembling, drive a new bearing into the crankcase and install a new oil seal.

SPECIFICATIONS	YUP 50	
	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Connecting rod big end side clearance	—	0.60
Connecting rod big end radial clearance	—	0.04
Crankshaft runout A/B	—	0.15/0.10

### SPECIAL TOOLS

Crankcase puller	Bearing outer driver handle A
Universal bearing puller	Bearing outer driver, 42x47mm
Crankcase assembly collar	Bearing driver pilot, 20mm
Crankcase assembly tool	Bearing outer driver, 37x40mm
	Bearing driver pilot, 17mm

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### Abnormal engine noise

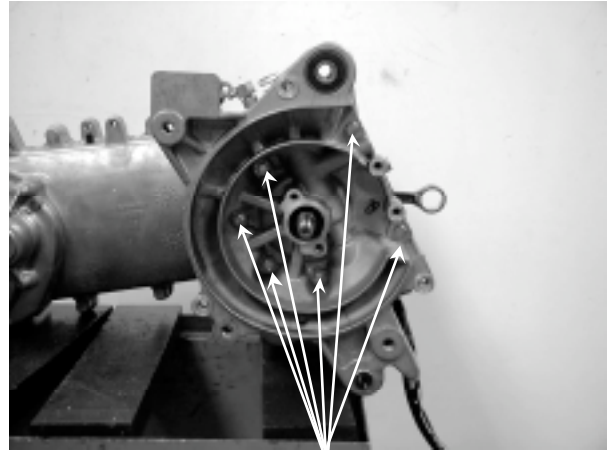
- Excessive crank journal bearing play
- Excessive crankpin bearing play
- Excessive transmission bearing play

## 12. FRAME COVERS

---

### CRANKCASE SEPARATION

Remove the crankcase attaching bolts.



Bolt

Attach the crankcase puller on the right crankcase and remove the right crankcase from the left crankcase.



Crankcase Puller

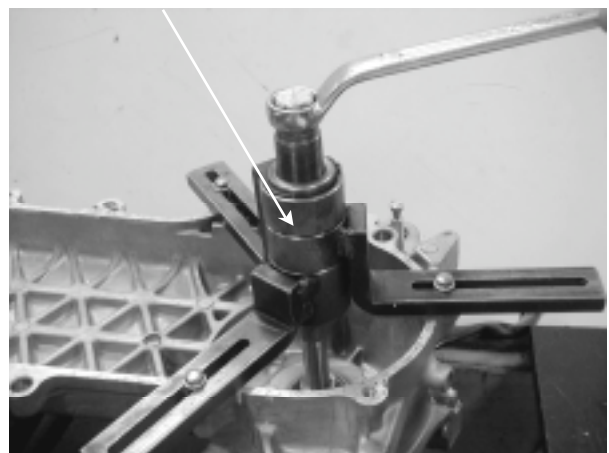
### CRANKSHAFT REMOVAL

Attach the crankcase puller on the left crankcase and remove the crankshaft from the left crankcase.




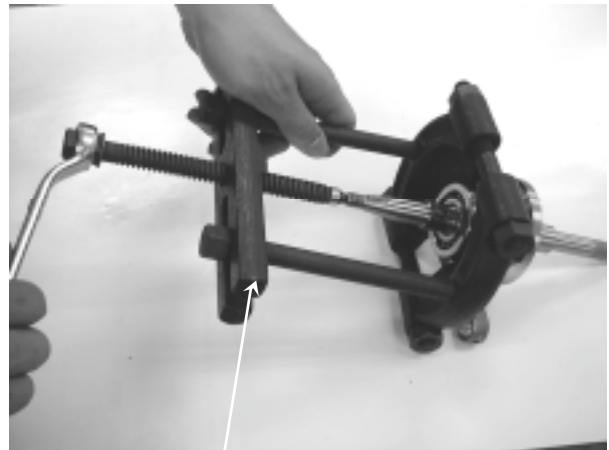
When removing the crankshaft, do it slowly and gently.

Crankcase Puller



Remove the remaining bearing on the crankshaft side using the universal bearing puller.

- °  When separating the crankcase, the oil seals must be removed. Replace the oil seals with new ones.

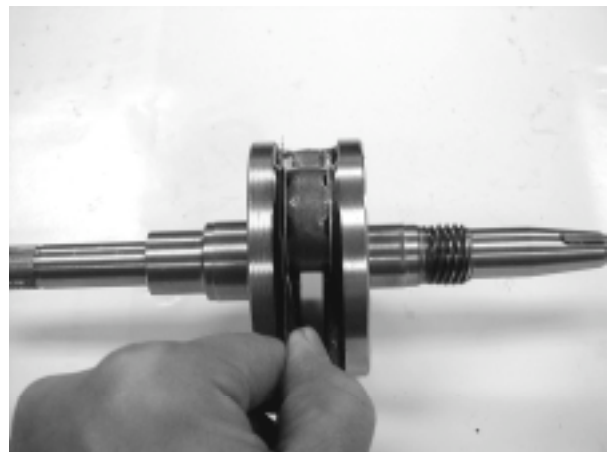


Universal Bearing Puller

### CRANKSHAFT INSPECTION

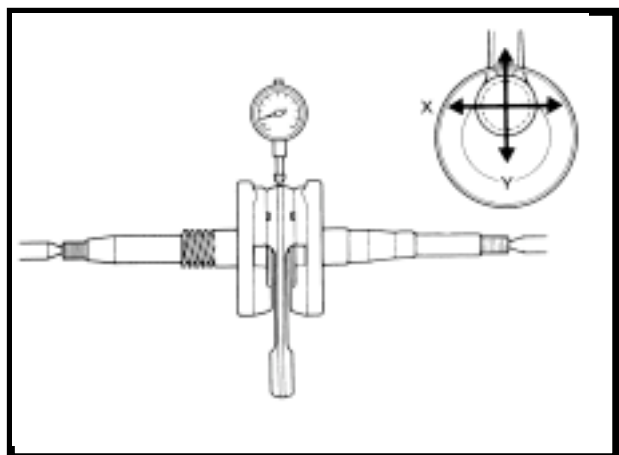
Measure the connecting rod big end side clearance.

**Service Limit:** 0.6mm replace if over



Measure the connecting rod big end radial clearance at two points in the X and Y directions.

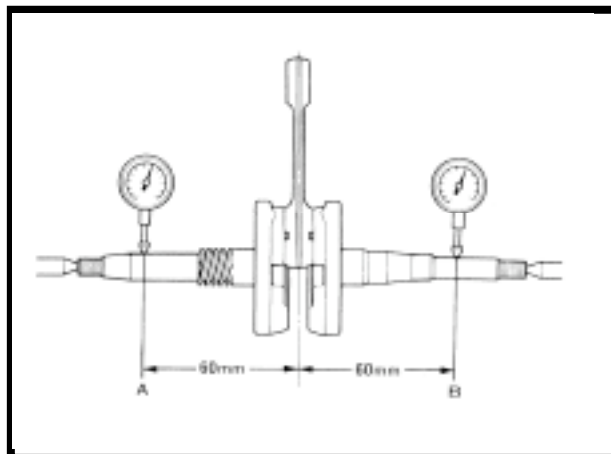
**Service Limit:** 0.04mm replace if over



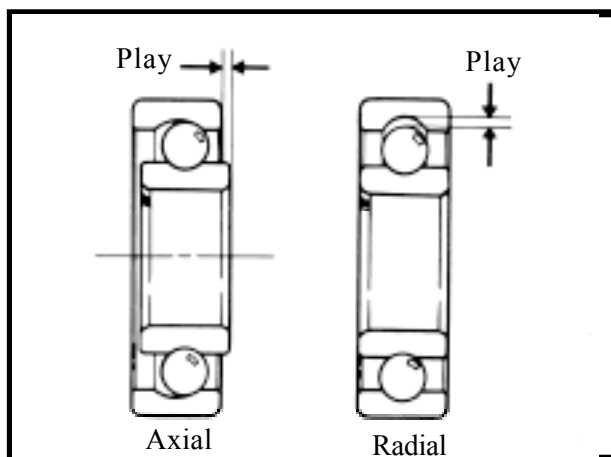
## 12. FRAME COVERS

Measure the crankshaft runout.

Service Limit	
A	B
0.150mm replace if over	0.100mm replace if over



Check the crankshaft bearings for excessive play. The bearings must be replaced if they are noisy or have excessive play.

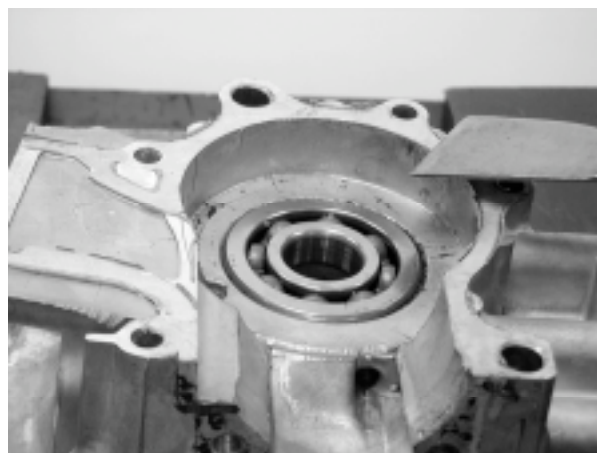


### CRANKSHAFT INSTALLATION

Wash the crankshaft in cleaning solvent and then check for cracks or other faults.

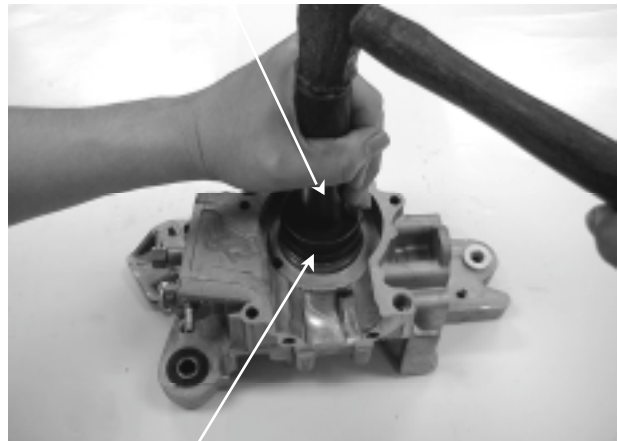


- After check, apply clean engine oil to all moving and sliding parts.
- Remove all gasket material from the crankcase mating surfaces. Dress any roughness or irregularities with an oil stone.



Drive a new crankshaft bearing into the right crankcase.

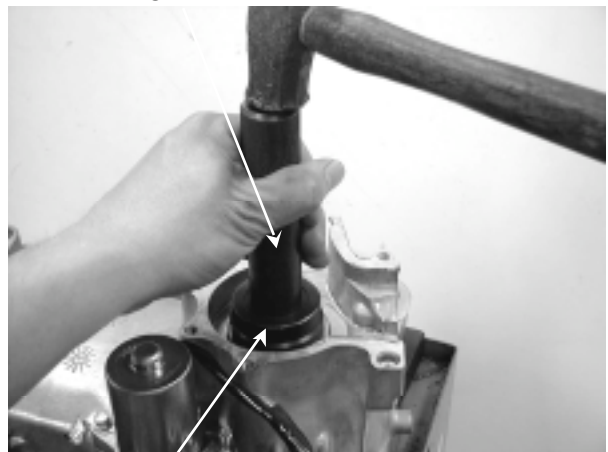
Bearing Outer Driver Handle A



Bearing Outer Driver, 37x40mm  
Bearing Driver Pilot, 17mm

Drive a new crankshaft bearing into the left crankcase.

Bearing Outer Driver Handle A

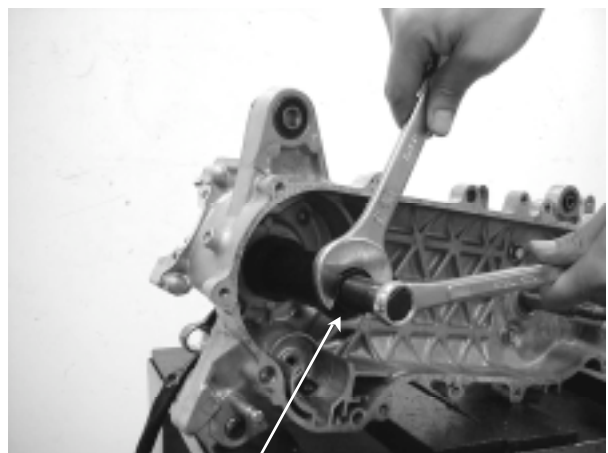


Bearing Outer Driver, 42x47mm  
Pilot, 20mm

Install the crankshaft into the left crankcase.



- Apply KYMCO ULTRA motor oil or molybdenum disulfide to the crankshaft bearings and connecting rod big end.
- Apply grease to the lip of the oil seal and then install it.



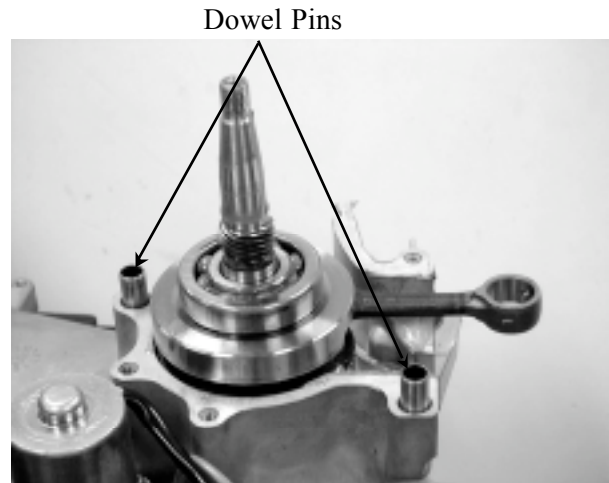
Crankcase Assembly Tool

## 12. FRAME COVERS

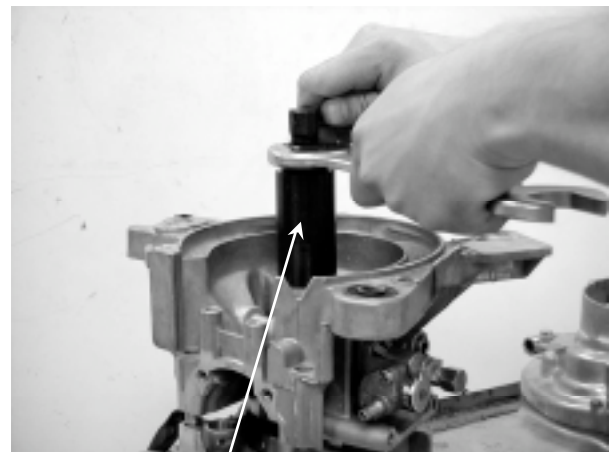
---

### CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY

Install the dowel pins and a new gasket to the crankcase mating surface.



Assemble the crankcase halves.

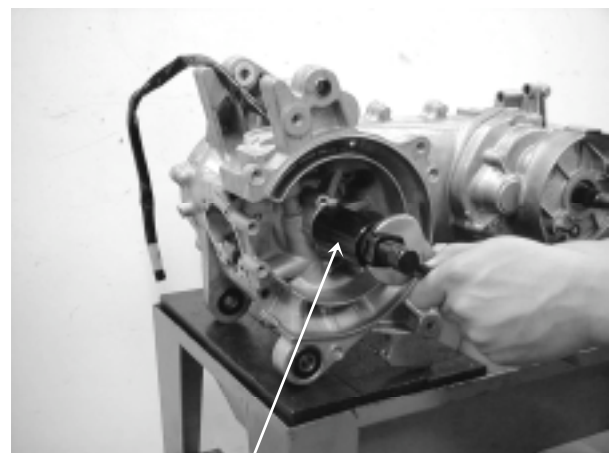


Crankcase Assembly Tool

The distance between the right crankcase oil seal and crankcase surface is about  $12.5 \pm 0.5$  mm.

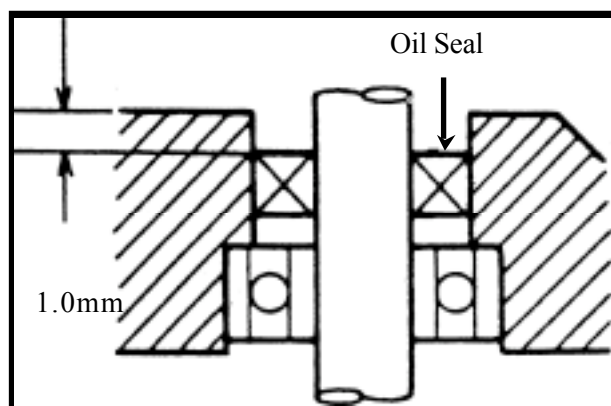
°C

When installing the oil seal, be careful to press it with even force.



Crankcase Assembly Tool

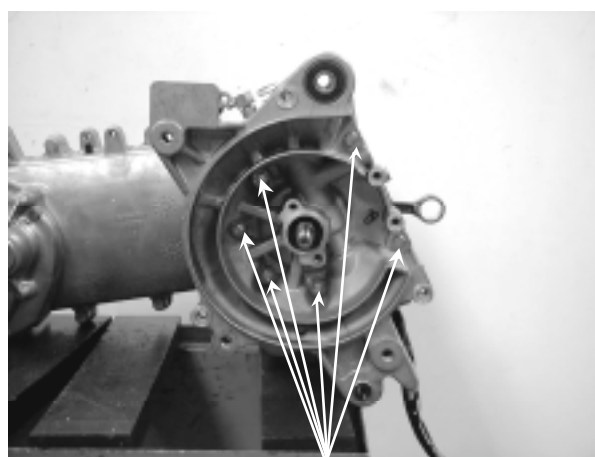
The distance between the left crankcase oil seal and crankcase surface is about 1.0mm.



Install and tighten the crankcase attaching bolts.



After assembly, check the crankshaft for smooth operation.

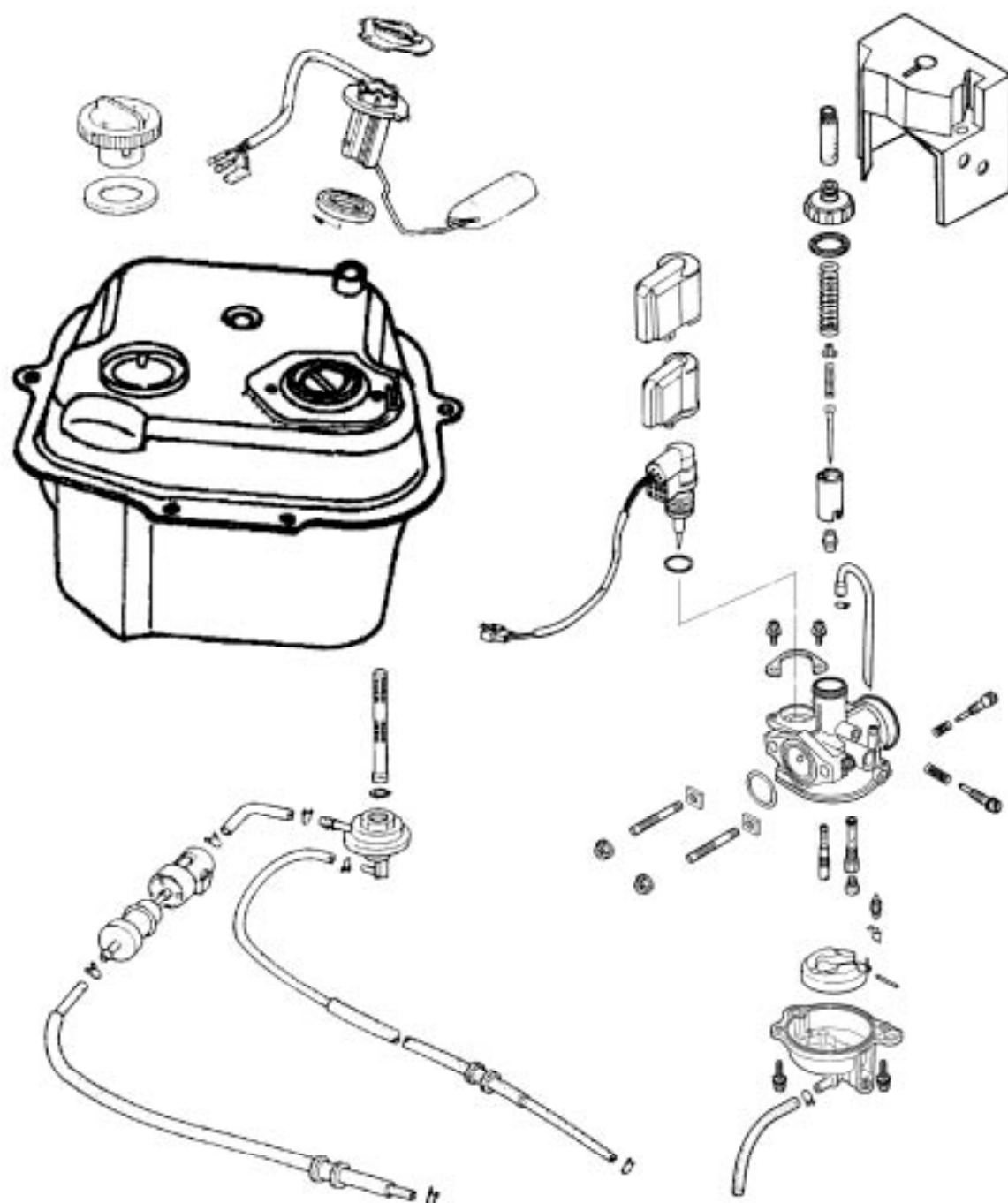


Bolt



## CARBURETOR


SERVICE INFORMATION.....	11- 2
TROUBLESHOOTING.....	11- 2
THROTTLE VALVE DISASSEMBLY .....	11- 3
THROTTLE VALVE INSTALLATION.....	11- 4
CARBURETOR REMOVAL.....	11- 5
AUTO BYSTARTER.....	11- 6
FLOAT CHAMBER.....	11- 8
FLOAT LEVEL INSPECTION .....	11-10
CARBURETOR INSTALLATION.....	11-11
AIR SCREW ADJUSTMENT.....	11-11
REED VALVE.....	11-12
FUEL TANK .....	11-13



## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- When working with gasoline, keep away from sparks and flames..
- Note the locations of O-rings when disassembling and replace them with new ones during assembly.
- All cables, fuel lines and wires must be routed and secured at correct locations.
- Bleed air from the oil lines whenever they are disconnected.

SPECIFICATIONS	YUP 50
Venturi dia.	14mm
Identification number	PB058 
Float level	8.6mm
Main jet	#75
Slow jet	#35
Air screw opening	1 _ ± _
Idle speed	2000±100rpm
Throttle grip free play	2_ 6mm

### SPECIAL TOOL

Float level gauge

### TROUBLESHOOTING

#### Engine does not start

- No fuel in tank
- Too much fuel getting to cylinder
- Clogged fuel filter
- Clogged air cleaner

#### Lean mixture

- Clogged fuel jets
- Clogged fuel cap vent
- Clogged fuel filter
- Bent, kinked or restricted fuel line

- Faulty float valve
- Float level too low
- Clogged air cleaner

#### Engine idles roughly, stalls or runs poorly

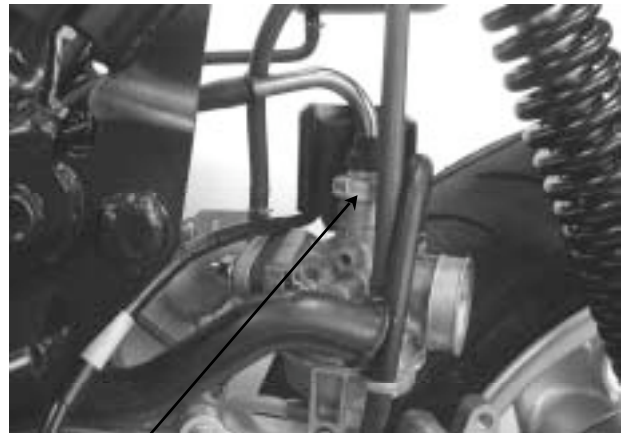
- Incorrect idle speed
- Ignition malfunction
- Compression too low
- Incorrectly adjusted air screw
- Incorrect float level
- Clogged air cleaner
- Intake air leaks
- Fuel contaminated
- Faulty reed valve
- Clogged fuel jets

#### Rich mixture

- Faulty float valve
- Float level too high
- Clogged air jets

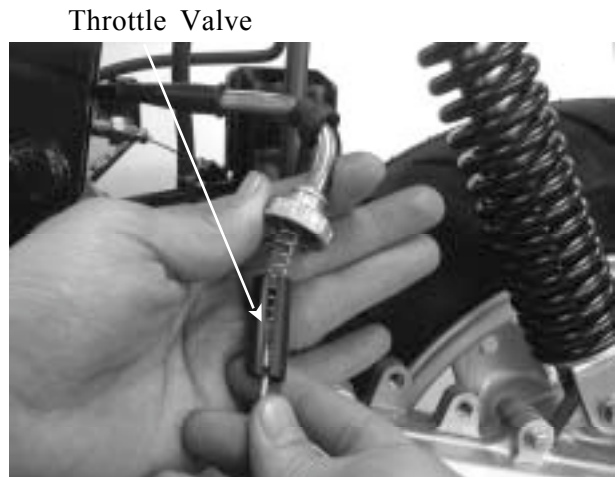
## THROTTLE VALVE DIS-ASSEMBLY

Remove the rear carrier. (⇒ 12-5)  
Remove the met-in box. (⇒ 12-4)  
Loosen the carburetor cap and remove the throttle valve.



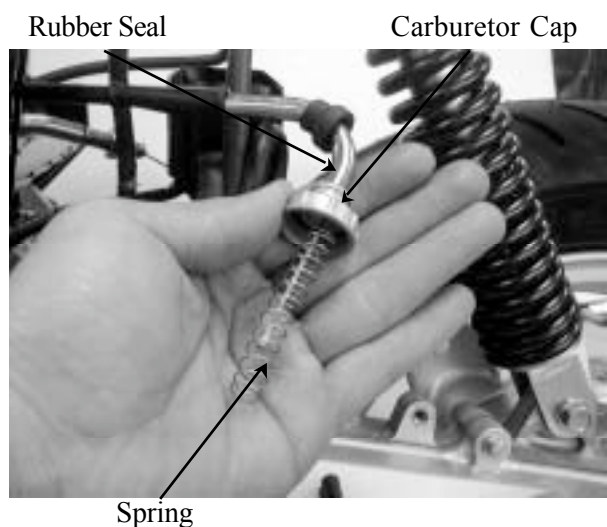
Carburetor Cap

Disconnect the throttle cable from the throttle valve.



Throttle Valve

Remove the throttle valve spring, carburetor cap and rubber seal.

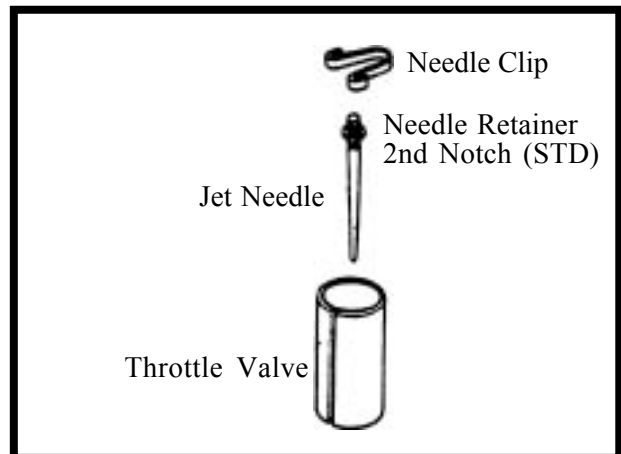


Rubber Seal

Carburetor Cap

Spring

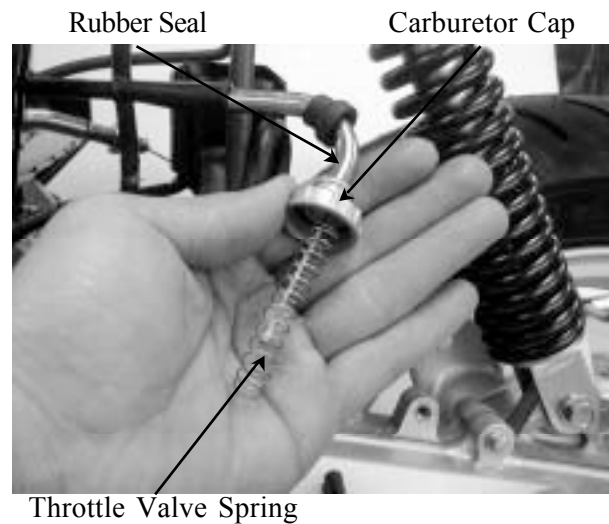
Remove the jet needle by removing the needle clip.  
Check the jet needle and throttle valve for wear or damage.



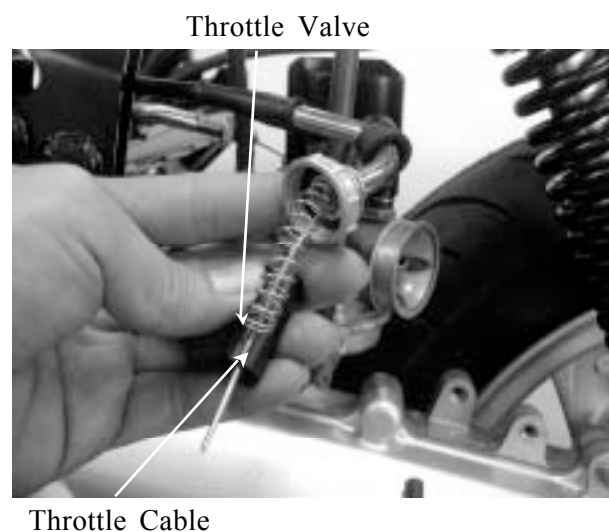
### THROTTLE VALVE INSTALLATION

Install the jet needle on the throttle valve and secure with the needle clip.

Install the rubber seal on the throttle cable and then install the carburetor cap and throttle valve spring.



Connect the throttle cable to the throttle valve.



Install the throttle valve by aligning the groove in the throttle valve with the throttle stop screw.



Tighten the carburetor cap.  
After installation, perform the following adjustments and inspections.

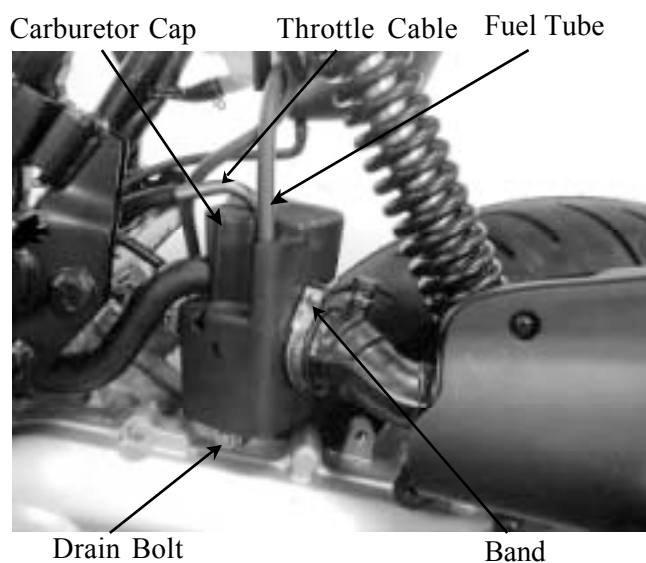
- Throttle cable free play (⇒3-12)
- Idle speed adjustment (⇒3-11)

Install the met-in box.



## CARBURETOR REMOVAL

Remove the met-in box. (⇒12-4)  
Remove the air cleaner by removing the air cleaner band screw and attaching bolts.  
Disconnect the fuel tube.  
Loosen the drain bolt to drain fuel from the carburetor.  
Disconnect the auto bystarter wire connector.  
Remove the two carburetor lock nuts.



Remove the carburetor.



### AUTO BYSTARTER

#### AUTO BYSTARTER INSPECTION

Measure the resistance between the auto bystarter wire terminals.

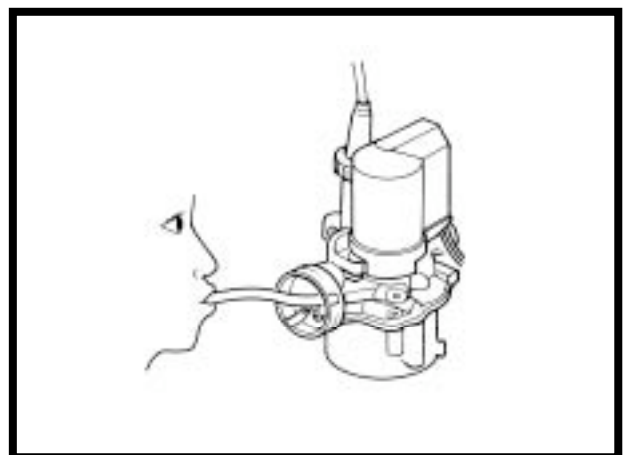
**Resistance:**  $5\Omega$  (10 minutes minimum after stopping the engine)

If the resistance exceeds  $5\Omega$ , replace the auto bystarter with a new one.



After the engine stops for 30 minutes, connect a hose to the fuel enriching circuit and blow the hose with mouth.

If air cannot be blown into the hose (clogged), the auto bystarter is faulty. Replace it with a new one.

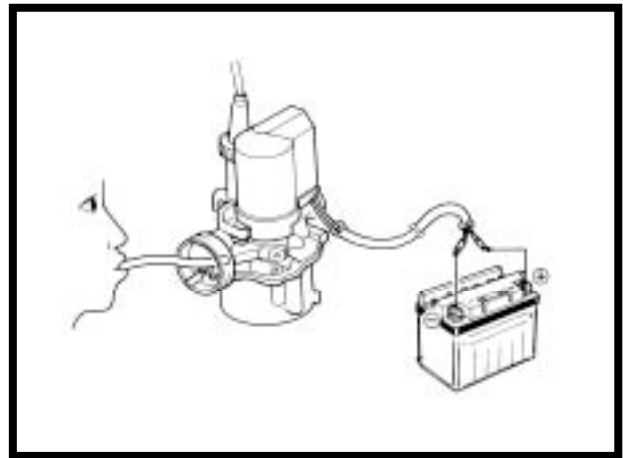




Connect the auto bystarter yellow wire to the battery positive (+) terminal and green/black wire to the battery negative (-) terminal and wait 5 minutes.

Connect a hose to the fuel enriching circuit and blow the hose with mouth.

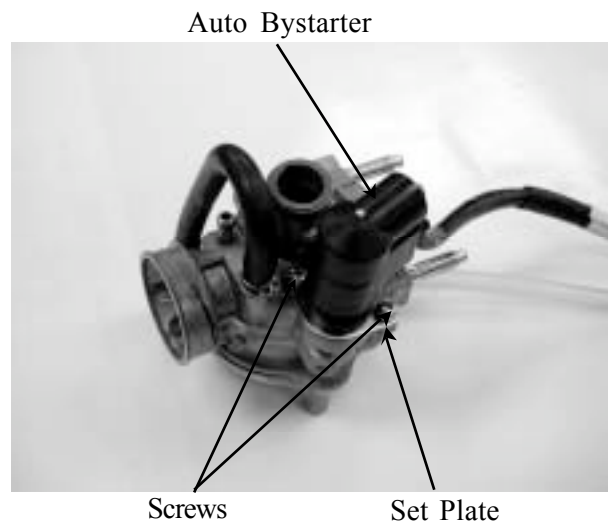
If air can be blown into the hose, the auto bystarter is faulty and replace it with a new one.



### AUTO BYSTARTER REMOVAL

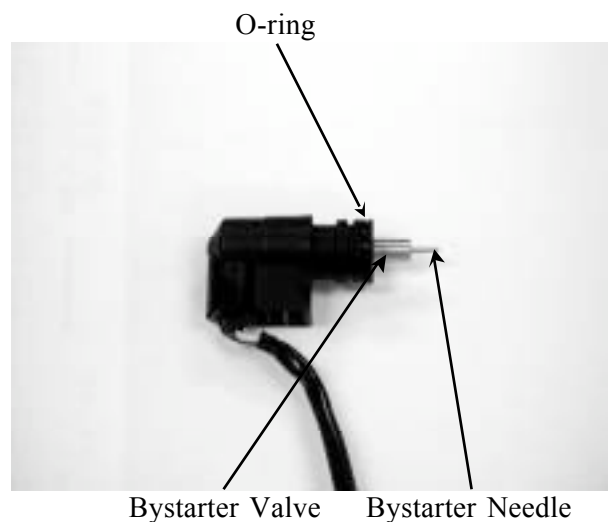
Remove the auto bystarter cover.

Remove the two auto bystarter set plate screws to remove the auto bystarter.



Check the auto bystarter valve and needle for wear or damage.

Check the O-ring for wear or damage.

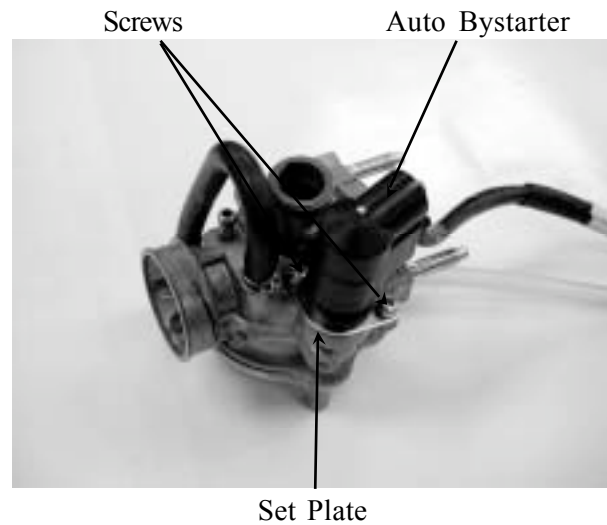




## AUTO BYSTARTER INSTALLATION

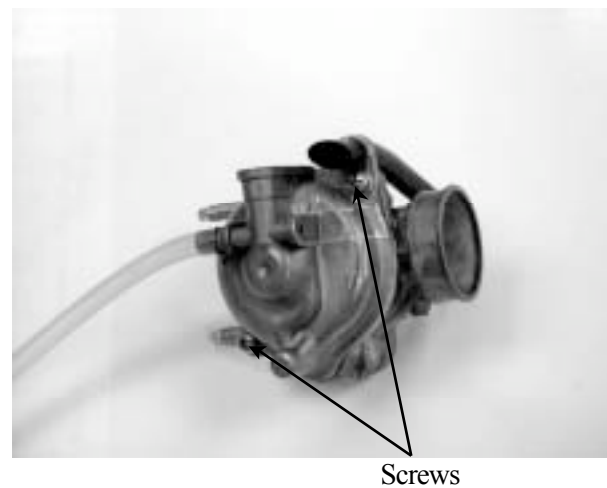
Install the auto bystarter into the carburetor body until it bottoms..

Install the set plate and then tighten the two screws.

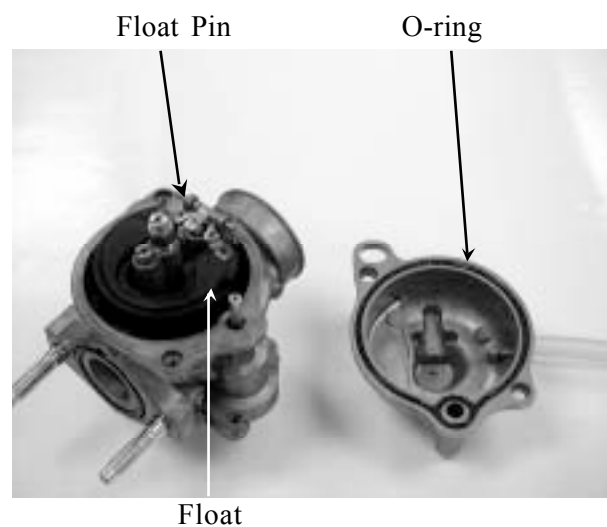


## FLOAT CHAMBER

Remove the two float chamber screws and the float chamber.



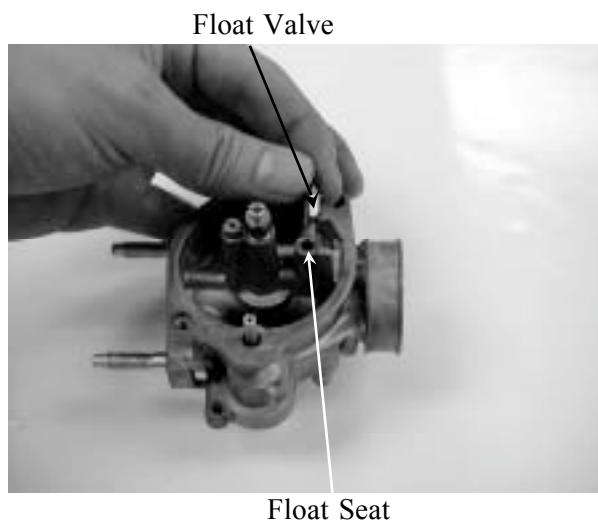
Remove the screw and O-ring.  
Remove the float pin, float and float valve.



## FLOAT/FLOAT VALVE INSPECTION

Inspect the float for damage or fuel inside the float.

Check the float valve seat for wear or damage.

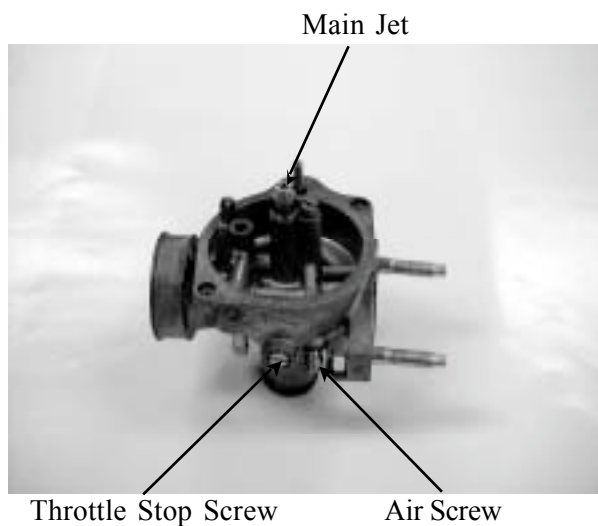


## JETS/SCREWS REMOVAL

Before removing the throttle stop screw or air screw, record the number of rotations until it seats lightly. Then, remove them.

- \* Do not force the air screw against its seat to prevent damage.

Remove the main jet and needle jet holder.



## CARBURETOR PASSAGES CLEANING

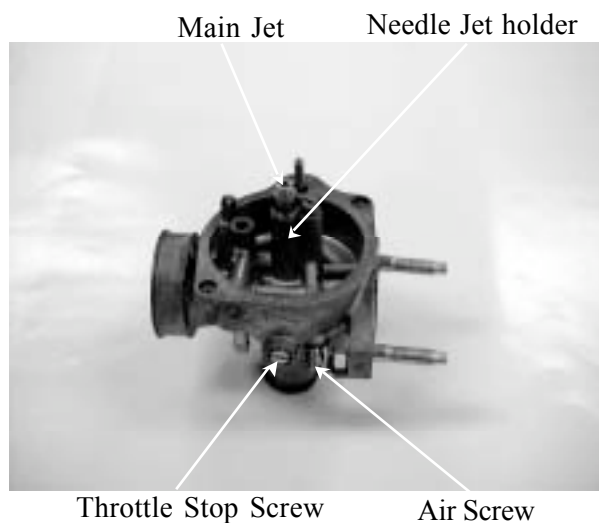
Blow compressed air through all passages of the carburetor body with an air gun.



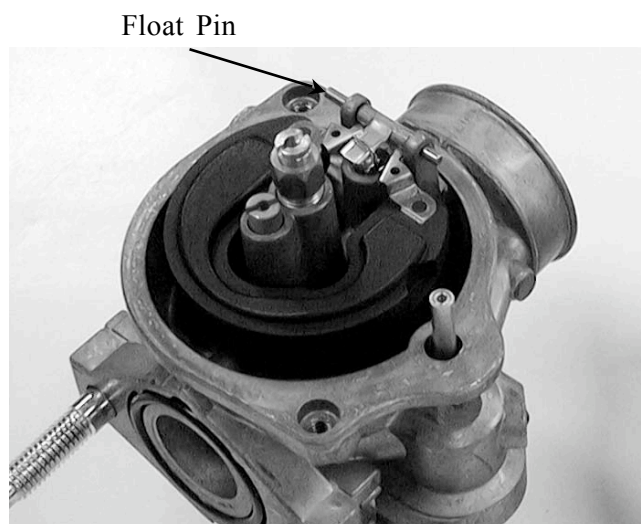
## FLOAT CHAMBER ASSEMBLY

Install the main jet and needle jet holder.  
Install the air screw and throttle stop screw according to the rotations recorded.

\* If the air screw must be replaced, be sure to perform the air screw adjustment again.



Install the float valve, float and float pin.  
Tighten the float screw securely.



## FLOAT LEVEL INSPECTION

Slightly tilt the carburetor and measure the float level with the float valve just connecting the float arm.

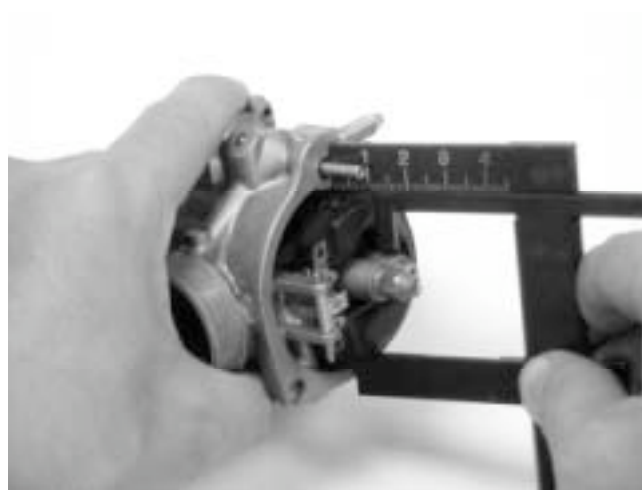
**Float Level:** 8.6mm

Replace the float if the level is out of the specified level range.

Install the O-ring.

Check the operation of the float and install the float chamber.

Tighten the screws.



## CARBURETOR INSTALLATION

- \* When installation, do not allow foreign particles to enter the carburetor.

Check the carburetor insulator and O-ring for wear or damage.

Install the carburetor and insulator onto the intake manifold and tighten the two lock nuts.

Connect the fuel tube and auto bystarter wire connector.

- \* Route the auto bystarter wire correctly and properly.

Install the carburetor cap. (⇒11-4)

Install the air cleaner onto the carburetor and tighten the band screw.

Install the met-in box. (⇒12-4)

## AIR SCREW ADJUSTMENT

Remove the met-in box. (⇒12-4)

- \* Do not force the air screw against its seat to prevent damage.

Turn the air screw clockwise until it seats lightly and back it to the specification given.

### Air Screw Opening:

BA10AB.AC.50:  $1 \pm$  turns

Start the engine and turn the air screw in or out slowly to obtain the highest engine speed.

- \* Do not force the air screw against its seat to prevent damage.

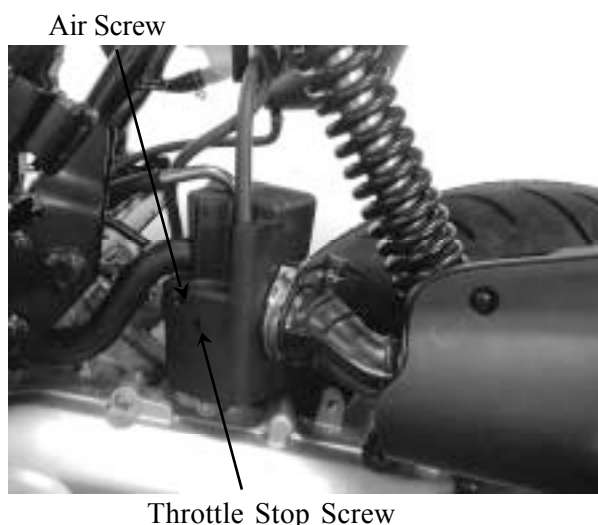
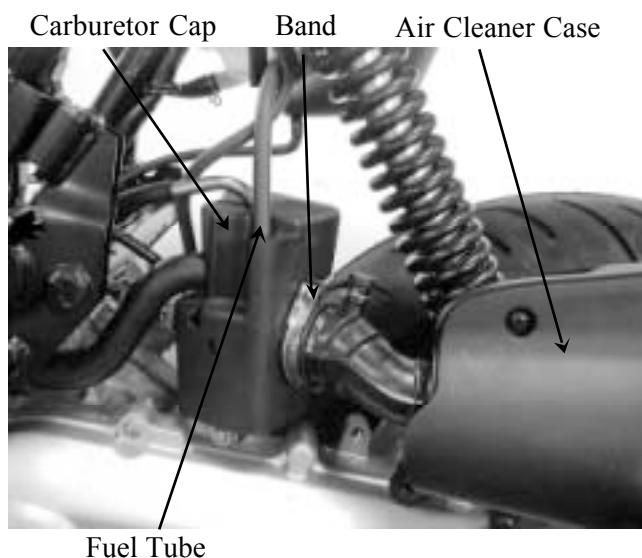
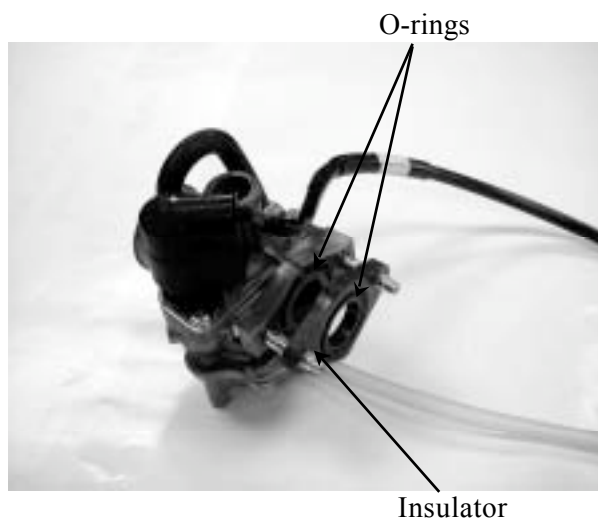
Turn the throttle stop screw to obtain the specified idle speed.

### Idle Speed:

BA10AB.AC.50 :  $2000 \pm 100$ rpm

Slightly increase the engine speed and make sure that the engine does not miss or run erratic.

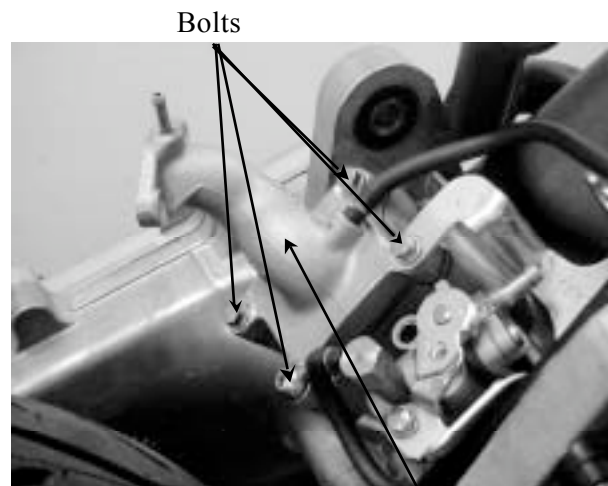
If the adjustment of the air screw within the range of  $\pm$  turn makes no difference to the engine performance, check other related items.



## REED VALVE

### REMOVAL

Remove the rear carrier.  
Remove the frame body cover.  
Remove the four intake manifold bolts and gasket.  
Remove the reed valve and gasket.



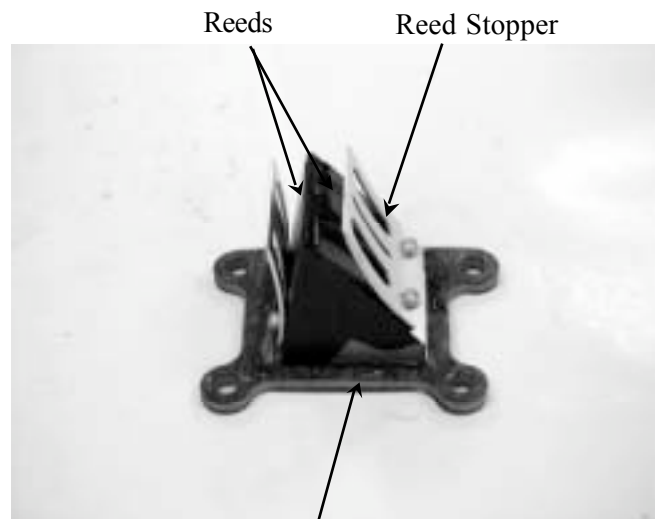
Intake Manifold

### INSPECTION

Check the reed valve for damaged or weak reeds.  
Check the reed valve seat for cracks, damage or clearance between the seat and reed.  
Replace the valve if necessary.

**\***

Do not disassemble or bend the reed stopper. To do so can cause loss of engine power and engine damage. If any of the stopper, reed or valve seat is faulty, replace them as unit.



Reed Valve Seat

### INSTALLATION

Install the reed valve in the reverse order of removal.

**\***

Install a new gasket with the gasket indentation aligned with the reed valve. After installation, check for intake air leaks.

### FUEL TANK

#### REMOVAL

Remove the met-in box. (⇒ 12-4)

Remove the frame body cover. (⇒ 12-5)

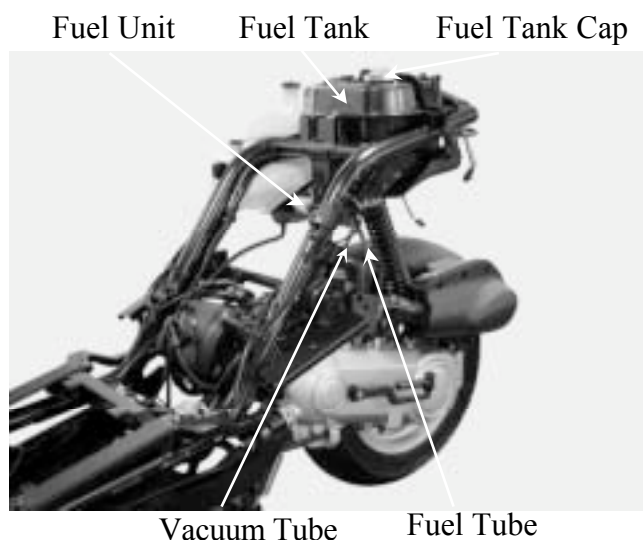
Remove the rear carrier. (⇒ 12-5)

Disconnect the fuel tube and vacuum tube at the auto fuel valve.

Disconnect the fuel unit wire connector.  
Remove the fuel tank mounting bolts and fuel tank.

Inspect the fuel unit. (⇒ 16-2)

Replace the fuel unit if necessary. (⇒ 16-2)



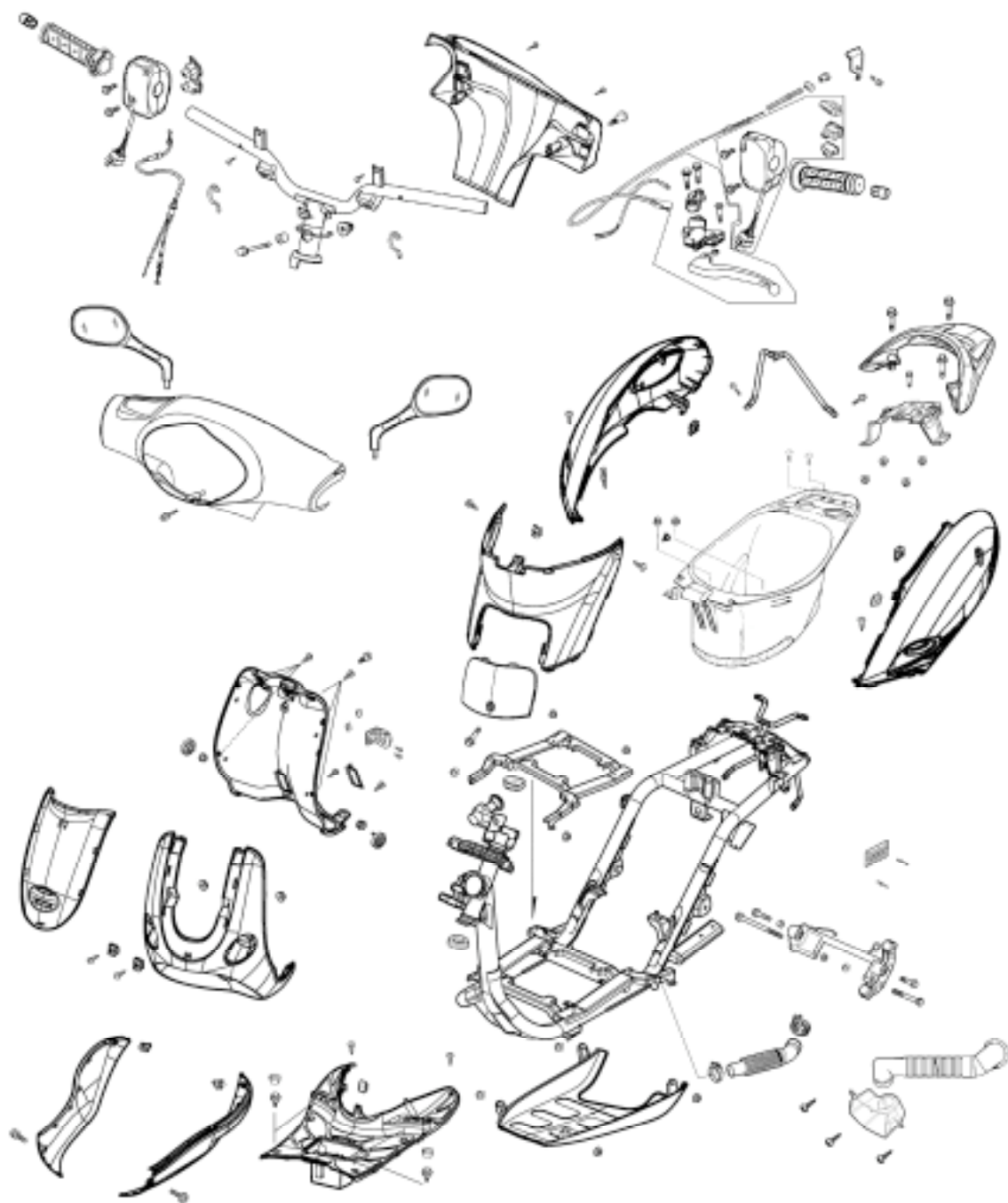
### FRAME COVERS

12

SERVICE INFORMATION.....	12-2
FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION .....	12-3



### ASSEMBLY DRAWING





### SERVICE INFORMATION

- When removing frame covers, use care not to pull them by force because the cover joint claws may be damaged.

#### Items Related for Removal

- Handlebar front cover ——— Headlight wire
- Front cover ———
- Handlebar rear cover ——— Speedometer cable and instrument light wire connectors, etc.
- Frame body cover ——— Met-in box, rear carrier, rear fender.
- Floor board ——— frame body cover.
- Front tool box ——— Front cover, battery, floor board .

## 12. FRAME COVERS

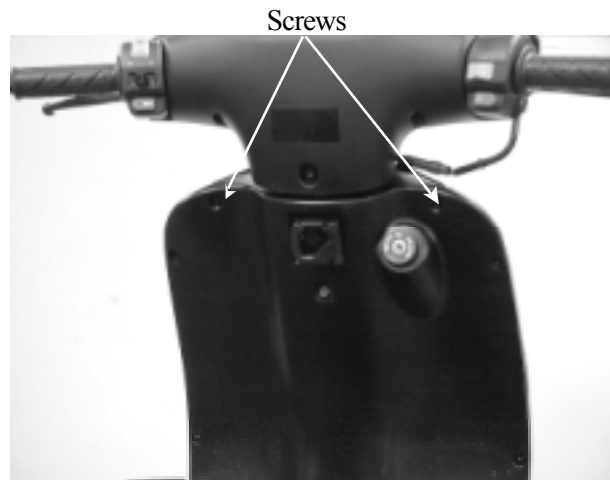
---

### FRAME COVERS REMOVAL

#### FRONT COVER REMOVAL

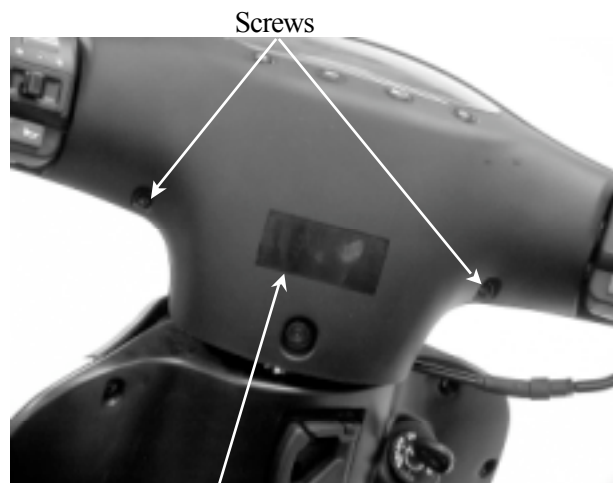
Remove the screw the front cover.  
Remove the two screws on the back of the front cover.  
Push the two inside claws of the downside front cover to float the front cover.  
Remove the front cover downward.  
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

° During removal, be careful not to pull the joint claws forcibly.

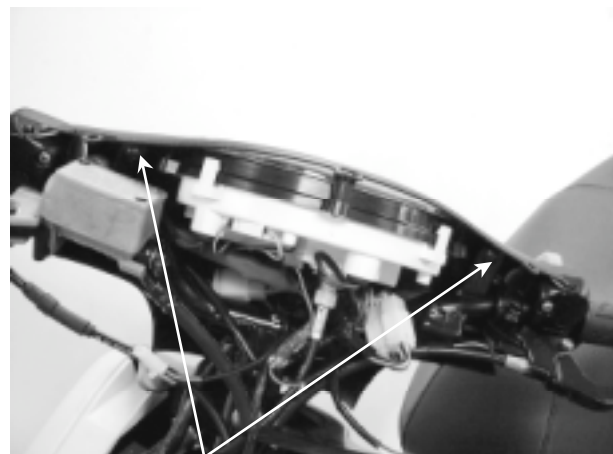


#### HANDLEBAR FRONT/REAR COVER REMOVAL

First remove the one screws attaching the handlebar front cover.  
Remove the handlebar front cover.  
Disconnect the headlight wire connector.  
Remove the handlebar rear cover:  
Remove the four screws and bolt attaching the handlebar rear cover.  
Disconnect the speedometer cable and instrument light wire connectors.  
Remove the handlebar rear cover.  
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

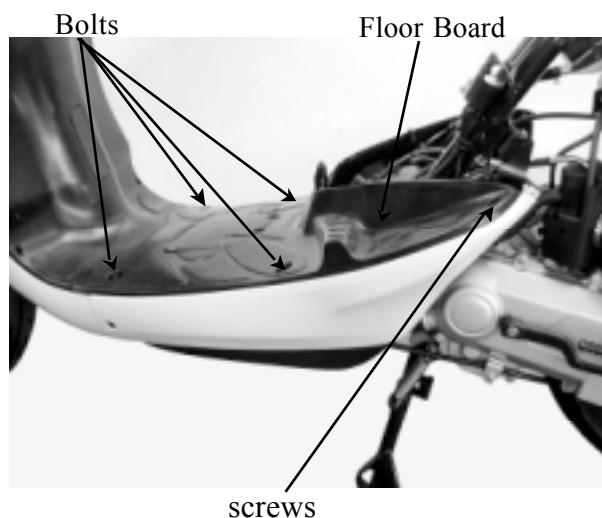


Handlebar Rear Cover



### FLOOR BOARD REMOVAL

Remove the rear carrier. (⇒ 12-5)  
Remove the frame body cover. (⇒ 12-6)  
Remove the front cover. (⇒ 12-3)  
Remove the four bolts attaching and six screws the floor board to remove the floor board.  
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



### FRONT TOOL BOX REMOVAL

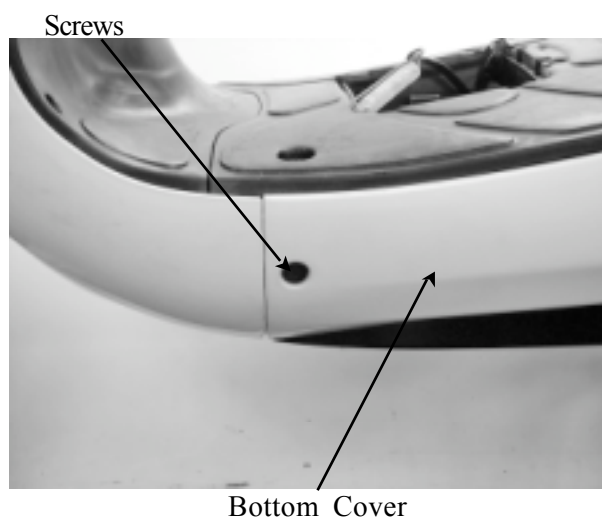
Remove the rear carrier. (⇒ 12-5)  
Remove the frame body cover. (⇒ 12-6)  
Remove the floor board. (⇒ 12-4)  
Remove the switch covers.  
Remove the nut attaching and six screws.  
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



°/ When removing the battery, first disconnect the battery negative (-) cable and then the positive (+) cable.  
When taking the front tool box, pull them up and backward from downside not to damage the claws.

### BOTTOM COVER REMOVAL

Remove the floor board. (⇒ 12-4)  
Remove the three screws each side of the bottom cover.  
Remove the bottom cover.  
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

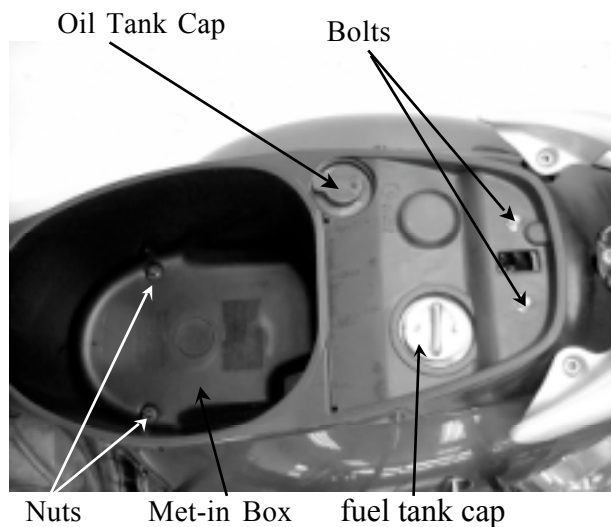


## 12. FRAME COVERS

---

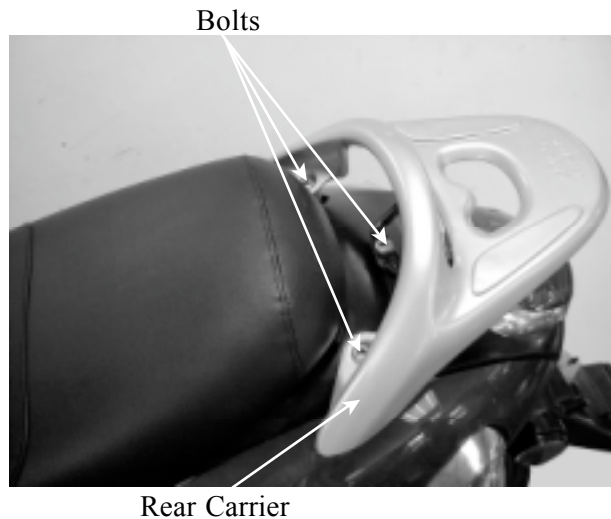
### **MET-IN BOX REMOVAL:**

Open the seat.  
Remove the two bolts, two nuts attaching the met-in box.  
Remove the oil tank cap, rubber packing and fuel tank cap.  
Remove the met-in box.  
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal .



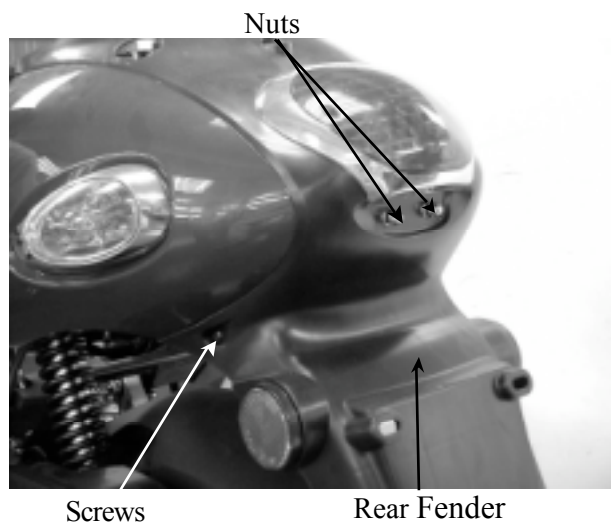
### **REAR CARRIER REMOVAL**

Remove the three bolts attaching the rear carrier.  
Remove the rear carrier.  
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



### **REAR FENDER REMOVAL**

Remove the two screws and two nuts on rear fender.  
Remove the rear fender.  
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



### FRAME BODY COVER REMOVAL

Remove the rear carrier. (⇒ 12-5)

Remove the rear fender. (⇒ 12-5)

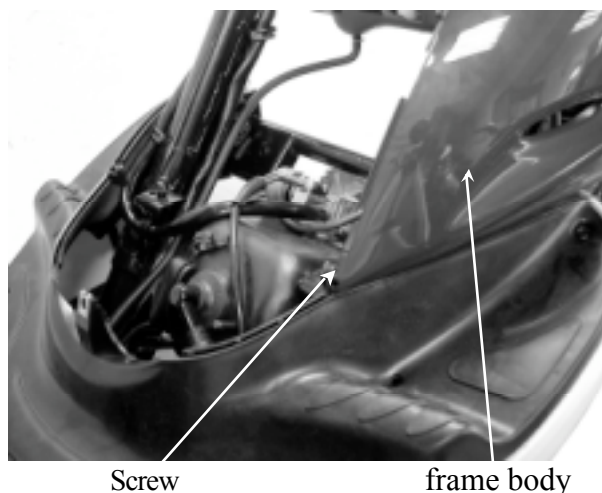
Remove the met-in box. (⇒ 12-4)

Remove the rear brake cable.

Remove the bolt attaching the front center cover of the frame body cover.

Remove the frame body cover.

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



### FRONT FENDER REMOVAL

Remove the floor board. (⇒ 12-4)

Remove the front tool box. (⇒ 12-4)

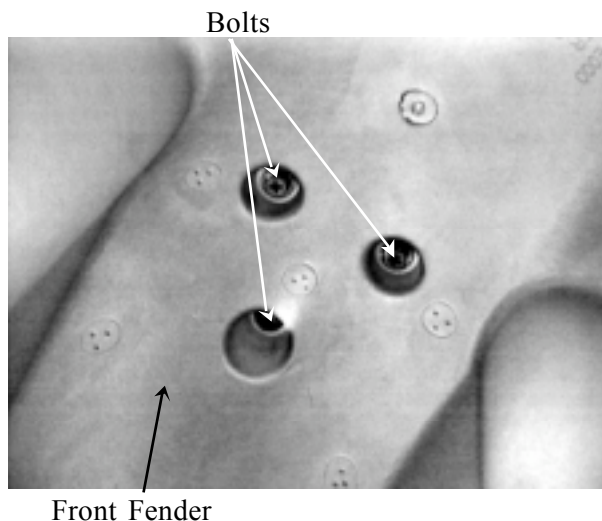
Remove the handlebar. (⇒ 13-3)

Remove the front fork. (⇒ 13-19)

Remove two bolts attaching each side of the front fender.

Remove the front fender.

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



### FRONT LOWER COVERS REMOVAL

Remove the rear brake cable.

Remove the frame body cover. (⇒ 12-5)

Remove the front tool box. (⇒ 12-4)

Remove the handlebar. (⇒ 13-3)

Remove the front fork. (⇒ 13-19)

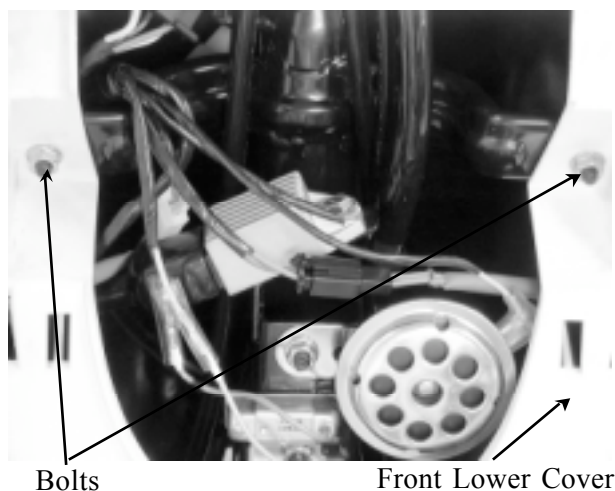
First remove the front cover. (⇒ 12-3)

Remove the right and left bottom cover removing the two screws for each rail.

Remove the two bolts attaching each of the right and left front lower covers.

Remove the front lower covers.

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



---

**STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT  
BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK**

---

SERVICE INFORMATION..... 13- 2

TROUBLESHOOTING..... 13- 2

STEERING HANDLEBAR ..... 13- 3

FRONT WHEEL ..... 13- 5

FRONT BRAKE (DRUM BRAKE) ..... 13- 9

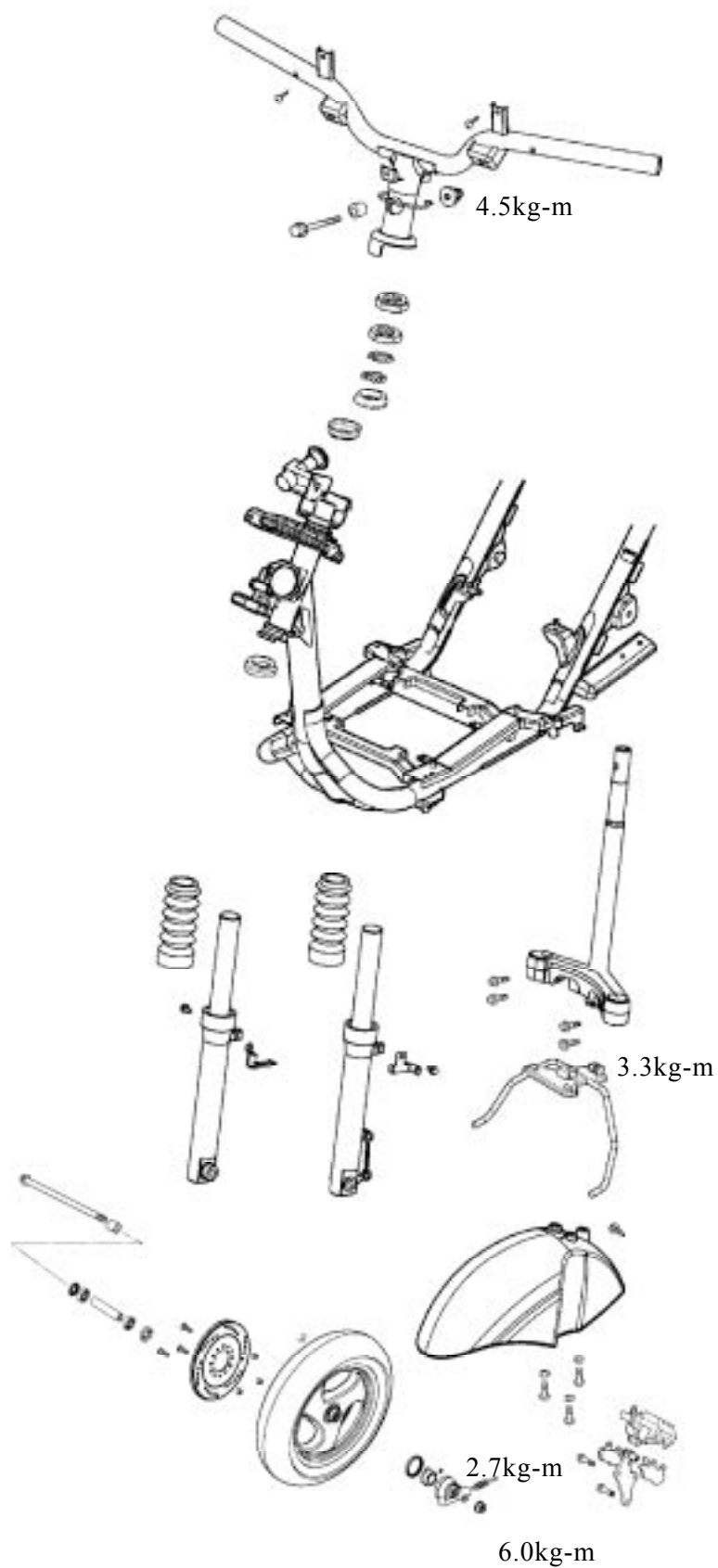
FRONT BRAKE (DISK BRAKE) ..... 13-12

FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER..... 13-20

FRONT FORK ..... 13-23

### 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK

 KYMCO YUP 50





# 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK



## SERVICE INFORMATION

### SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Axle shaft runout		□	0.2
Front wheel rim runout	Radial	□	2.0
	Axial	□	2.0
Front shock absorber spring free length		226.5	208
Brake disk thickness		35_ 3.8	3.0
Brake disk runout		□	0.30
Brake master cylinder I.D.		12.700_ 12.743	12.75
Brake master cylinder piston O.D.		12.657_ 12.684	12.64
Brake caliper piston O.D.		25.400_ 25.405	25.45
Brake caliper piston I.D.		25.318_ 25.368	25.30

### TORQUE VALUES

Handlebar lock nut 4.0\_ 5.0kg-m  
 Steering stem lock nut 0.5~1.3kg-m  
 Steering top cone race 6~8kg-m

Front damper nut 1.5\_ 3.0kg-m  
 Front axle nut 5.0\_ 7.0kg-m  
 Brake arm bolt 1.0~1.4kg-m

### SPECIAL TOOLS

Lock nut wrench  
 Lock nut socket wrench  
 Outer driver, 28x30mm  
 Rear shock absorber remover  
 Rear shock absorber compressor  
 Ball race remover

Driver handle A  
 Outer driver, 37x40mm  
 Pilot, 10mm  
 Bearing puller  
 Snap ring pliers (close)  
 Damper compressor

### TROUBLESHOOTING

#### Hard steering (heavy)

- Excessively tightened steering stem top cone race
- Broken steering balls
- Insufficient tire pressure

#### Steers to one side or does not track straight

- Broken clutch weight spring
- Bent front fork
- Bent front axle or uneven tire

#### Poor brake performance

- Incorrectly adjusted brake
- Worn brake linings
- Contaminated brake lining surface
- Worn brake cam
- Worn brake drum
- Poorly connected brake arm

#### Poor brake performance (disk brake)

- Air in brake system
- Deteriorated brake fluid

- Contaminated brake disk or disk pad
- Worn brake bushing
- Worn brake master cylinder piston oil seal
- Clogged brake fluid line
- Deformed brake disk
- Unevenly worn brake caliper

#### Front wheel wobbling

- Bent rim
- Loose front axle
- Bent spoke plate
- Faulty tire
- Improperly tightened axle nut

#### Soft front shock absorber

- Weak shock springs
- Insufficient damper oil

#### Front shock absorber noise

- Slider bending
- Loose fork fasteners
- Lack of lubrication



### 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK

 KYMCO YUP 50

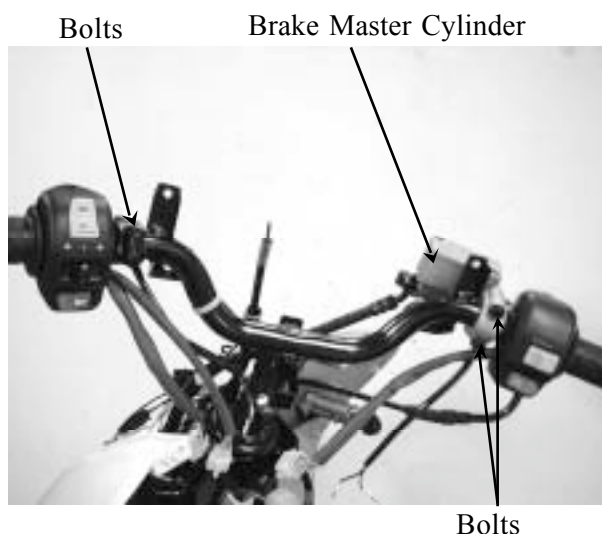
#### STEERING HANDLEBAR

##### REMOVAL

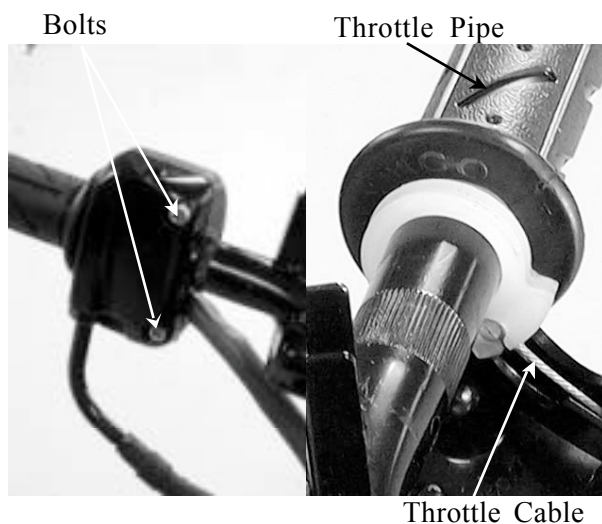
Remove the handlebar front and rear covers.  
(⇒ 12-3)

Remove two bolts attaching the left brake lever holder.

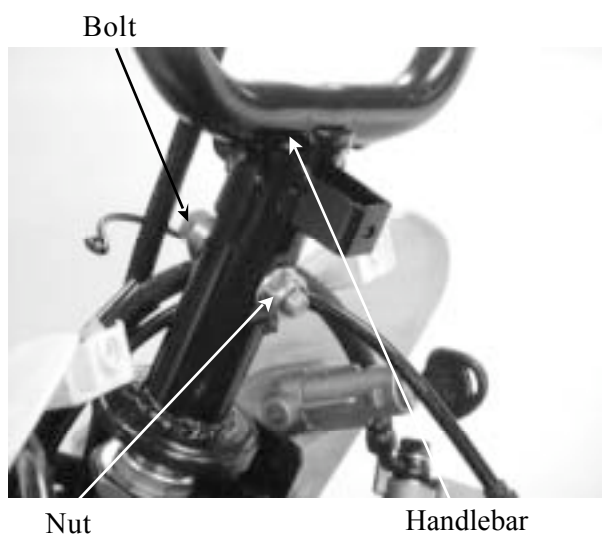
Remove two bolts attaching the brake master cylinder (disk brake) to the right brake lever.



Remove the two right handlebar switch housing bolts and separate the housing. Disconnect the throttle cable and then remove the throttle pipe from the handlebar.



Remove the handlebar lock nut to remove the handlebar.



### 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK

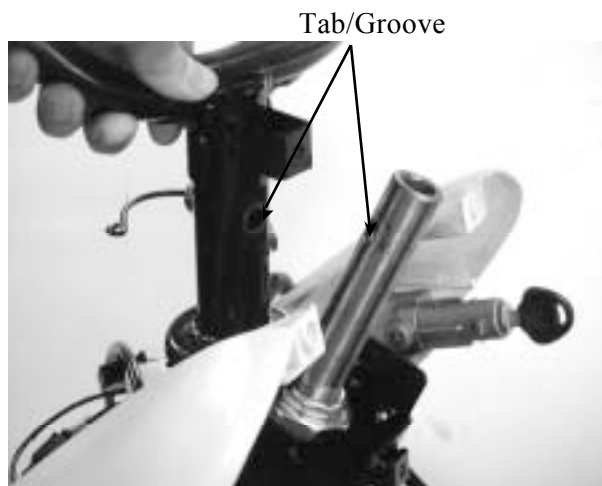
 KYMCO YUP 50

#### INSTALLATION

Install the handlebar, aligning the tabs of the handlebar with the grooves in the steering stem.

Install and tighten the handlebar lock nut.

**Torque:** 4.5\_ 5.0kg-m



Lubricate the throttle pipe front end with grease.

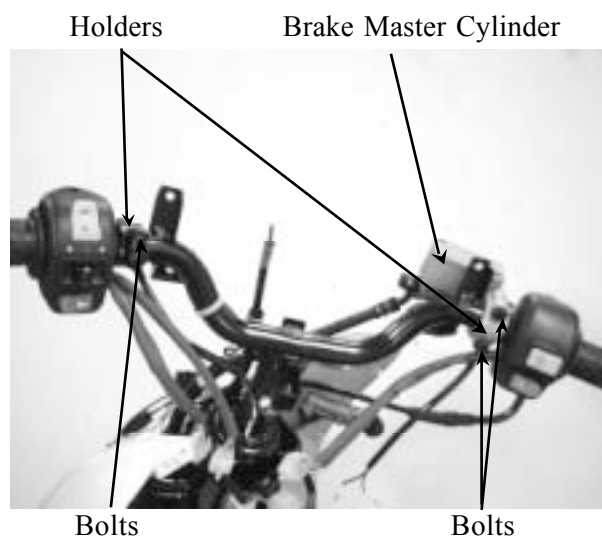
Install the throttle grip and connect the throttle cable.



The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

Install the rear brake lever holder.

Install the front brake master cylinder (disk brake).



### 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK

 KYMCO YUP 50

#### FRONT WHEEL

##### REMOVAL

##### (DISK BRAKE)

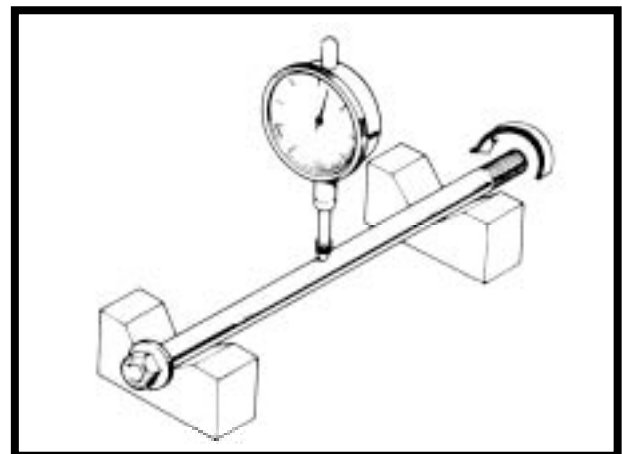
Jack the motorcycle front wheel off the ground.  
Remove the speedometer cable set screw and disconnect the speedometer cable.  
Remove the front axle nut and pull out the axle.  
Remove the front wheel.  
Remove the brake panel side collar.



##### INSPECTION

Set the axle in V blocks and measure the runout.  
The actual runout is \_\_ of the total indicator reading.

**Service Limit:** 0.2mm replace if over.

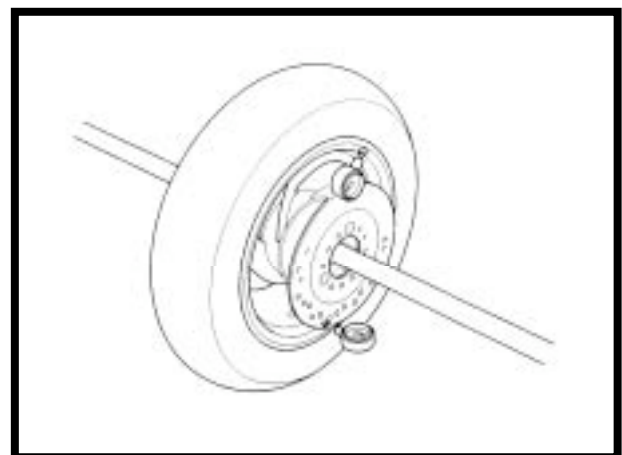


Check the wheel rim runout.

##### **Service Limits:**

**Radial:** 2.0mm replace if over

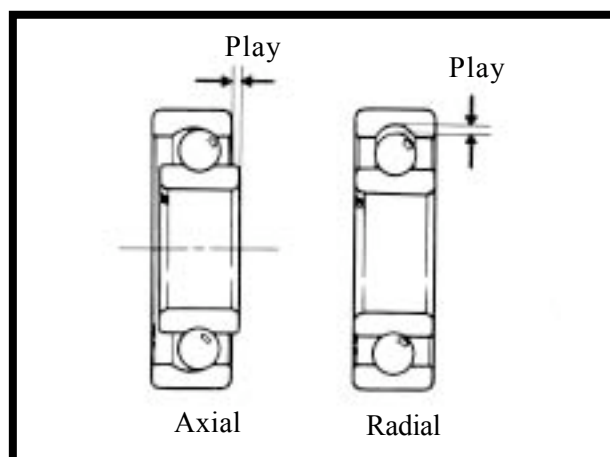
**Axial:** 2.0mm replace if over



### 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK

 **KYMC O YUP 50**

Turn the wheel bearings and replace them if they have excessive play or noise.



#### **DISASSEMBLY**

Remove the dust seal.



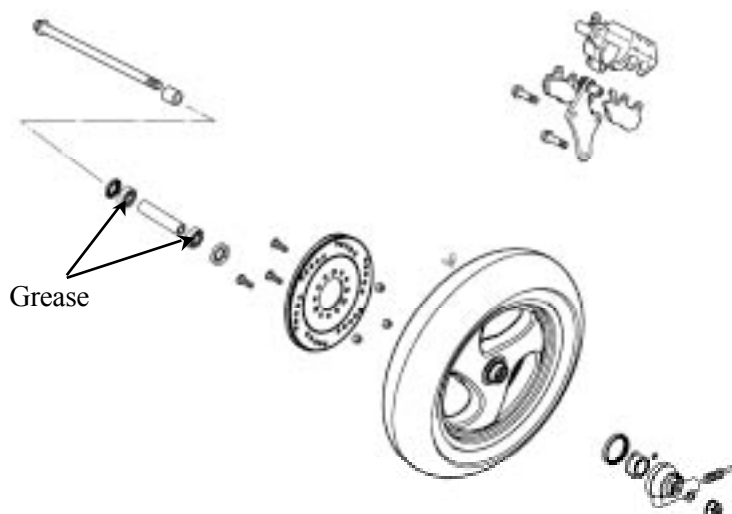
Remove the wheel bearings and distance collar.



### 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK

KYMCO YUP 50

#### ASSEMBLY



Pack all bearing cavities with grease.  
Drive in the left bearing .  
Install the distance collar.  
Drive in the right bearing.

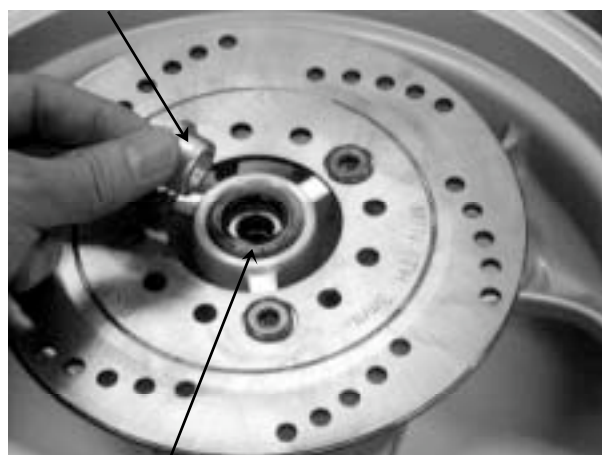
\* Drive the bearing squarely with the sealed end facing out.



Pilot

Apply grease to the dust seal lip and install the dust seal.  
Install the side collar.

Side Collar



Dust Seal

### 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK

 KYMCO YUP 50

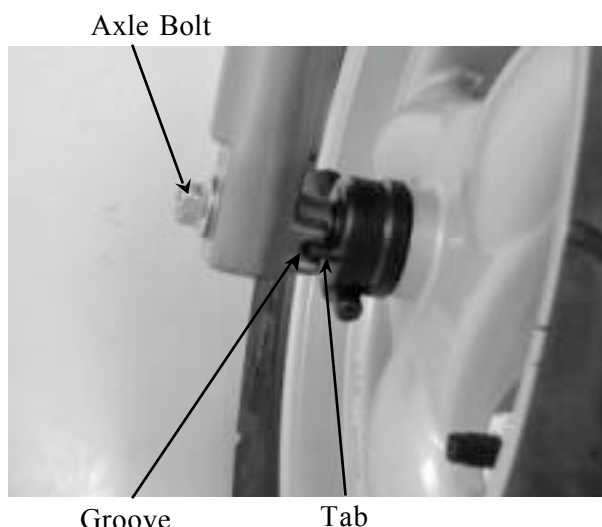
#### FRONT WHEEL INSTALLATION

##### (Disk Brake)

Install the front wheel, aligning the speedometer gear tab with the front fork groove.

Connect the speedometer cable.

**Torque:** 5.0\_ 7.0kg-m



#### HYDRAULIC BRAKE (FRONT BRAKE)

Brake Fluid Replacement/Air Bleeding

Check the brake fluid level on level ground.

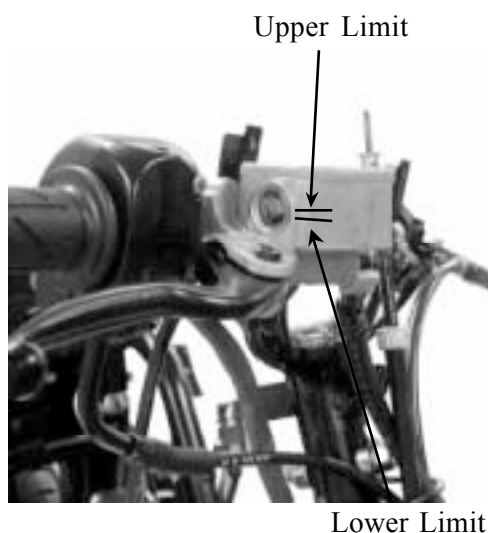
\*

- When operating the brake lever, the brake reservoir cap must be tightened securely to avoid spill of brake fluid.
- When servicing the brake system, use shop towels to cover plastic parts and coated surfaces to avoid damage caused by spill of brake fluid.

#### Brake Fluid Bleeding

In order to avoid spill of brake fluid, connect a transparent hose to the bleed valve.

Brake fluid spilled on brake pads or brake disk will reduce the braking effect. Clean the brake pads and brake disk with a high quality brake degreaser.



Fully apply the brake lever and then loosen the brake caliper bleed valve to drain the brake fluid until there is no air bubbles in the brake fluid. Then, tighten the bleed valve. Repeat these steps until the brake system is free of air.

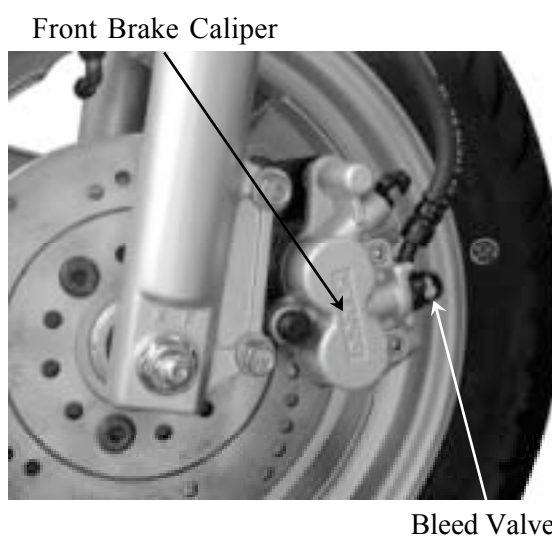
#### Brake Fluid Refilling

Add DOT-4 brake fluid to the brake reservoir.

\*

- When bleeding, be careful not to allow air in the brake reservoir flowing into the brake system.
- When using a brake bleeder, follow the manufacturer's instructions.
- Never use dirty or unspecified brake fluid or mix different brake fluids because it will damage the brake system.

Make sure to bleed air from the brake system.





#### Brake Pad/Disk Replacement

- \* The brake pads must be replaced as a set to ensure the balance of the brake disk.

Remove the two bolts attaching the brake caliper.  
Remove the brake caliper.  
Remove the brake pads.

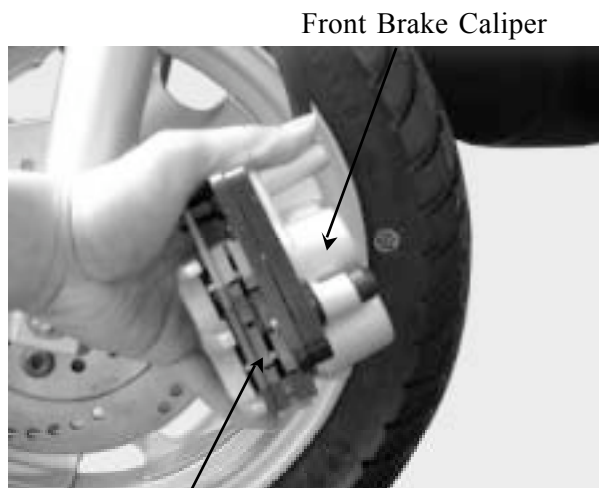


Front Brake Caliper

Install the brake pads in the reverse order of removal.

**Torque:** 1.5\_ 2.0kg-m

- \* Keep grease or oil off the brake pads to avoid brake failure.



Brake Pads

#### Brake Disk

Measure the brake disk thickness.

**Service Limit:** 3.0mm

Measure the brake disk runout.

**Service Limit:** 0.3mm





### 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK

 KYMCO YUP 50

#### BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

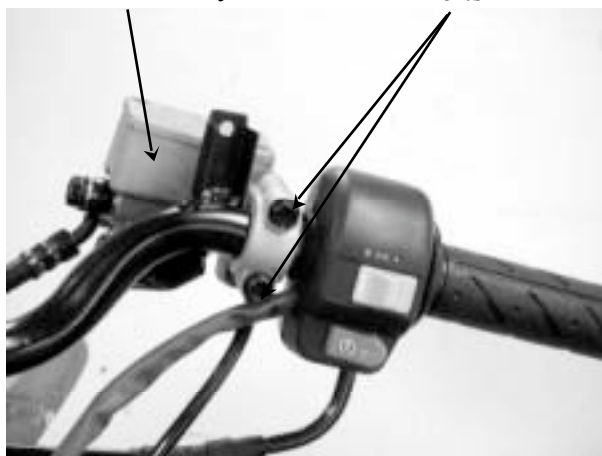
##### Removal

First drain the brake fluid from the hydraulic brake system.

\*

- When servicing the brake system, use shop towels to cover rubber and plastic parts and coated surfaces to avoid being contaminated by brake fluid.
- When removing the brake fluid pipe bolt, be sure to plug the pipe to avoid brake fluid leakage.

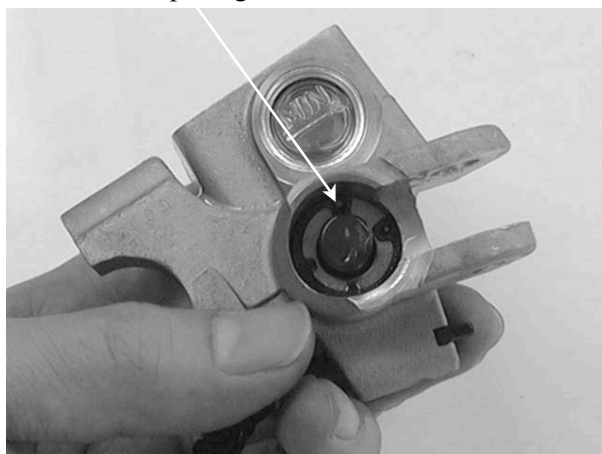
Brake Master Cylinder      Bolts



##### Disassembly

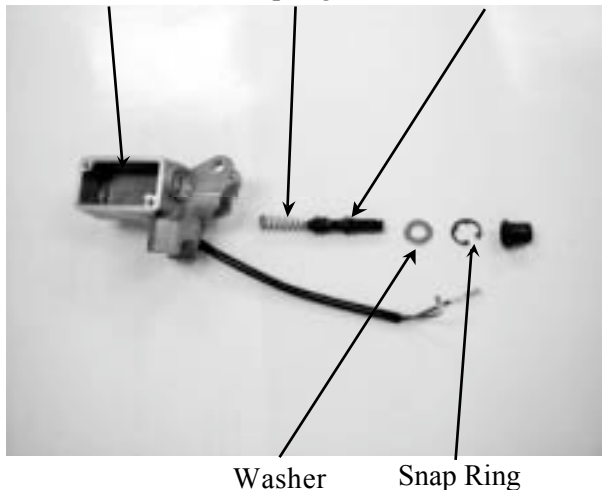
Remove the piston rubber cover and snap ring from the brake master cylinder.

Snap Ring



Remove the washer, main piston and spring from the brake master cylinder.  
Clean the inside of the master cylinder and brake reservoir with brake fluid.

Master Cylinder      Spring      Main Piston



### 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK

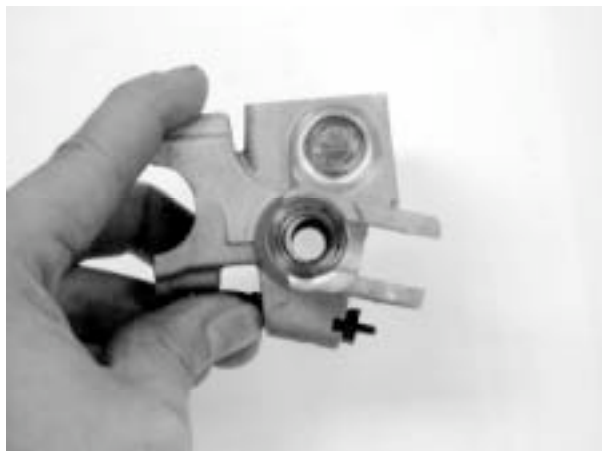
KYMCO YUP 50

#### Inspection

Measure the brake master cylinder I.D.

**Service Limit:** 12.75mm

Inspect the master cylinder for scratch or crack.



Measure the brake master cylinder piston O.D.

**Service Limit:** 12.6mm

Before assembly, inspect the 1st and 2nd rubber cups for wear.



#### Assembly

Before assembly, apply brake fluid to all removed parts.

Install the spring together with the 1st rubber cup.

\*

- During assembly, the main piston and spring must be installed as a unit without exchange.
- When assembling the piston, soak the cups in brake fluid for a while.
- Install the cups with the cup lips facing the correct direction.

Install the main piston, spring and snap ring.

Install the rubber cover.

Install the brake lever.

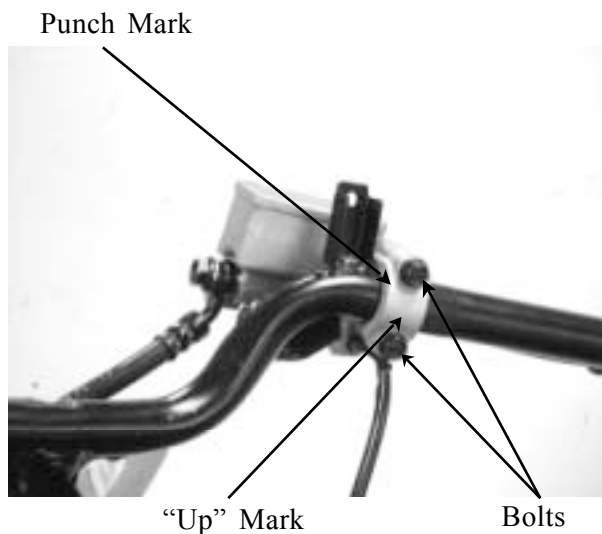


### 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK

 KYMCO YUP 50

Place the brake master cylinder on the handlebar and install the holder with “up” mark facing up. Be sure to align the punch mark with the holder joint. First tighten the upper bolt and then tighten the lower bolt.

**Torque:** 1.0\_ 1.4kg-m



Install the brake fluid pipe with the attaching bolt and two sealing washers.

Install the handlebar covers. (⇒ 12-3)  
Fill the brake reservoir with recommended brake fluid to the upper limit and bleed air according to the method stated in 13-12.



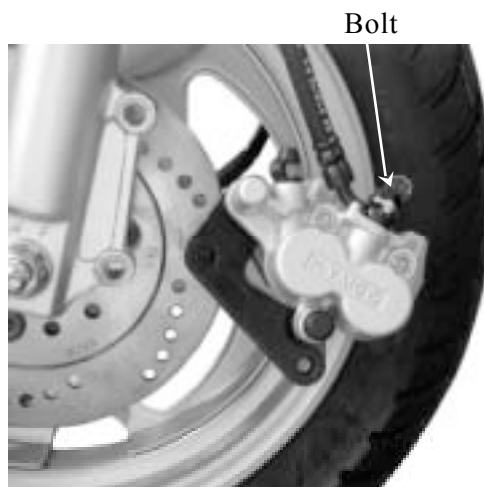
#### BRAKE CALIPER (FRONT)

##### Removal

Remove the brake caliper. (⇒ 13-13)  
Place a clean container under the brake caliper and disconnect the brake fluid pipe from the caliper.

\*

Do not spill brake fluid on any coated surfaces.



### 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK

KYMCO YUP 50

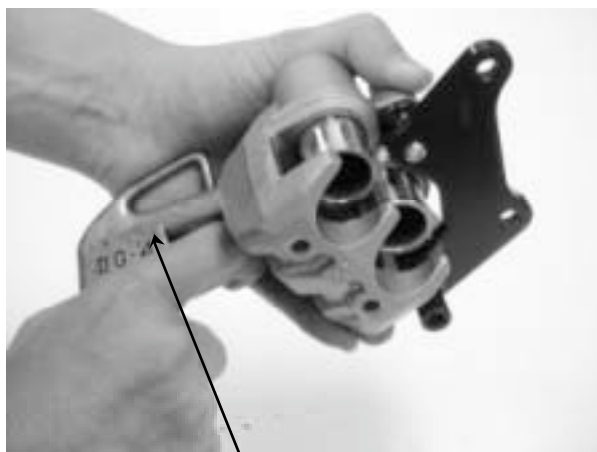
#### Disassembly

Remove the brake caliper seat from the brake caliper.



Brake Caliper Seat

Remove the piston from the brake caliper. If necessary, use compressed air to squeeze out the piston through the brake fluid inlet opening and place a shop towel under the caliper to avoid contamination caused by the removed piston. Check the piston cylinder for scratch or wear and replace if necessary.



Compressed Air

Push the piston oil seal outward to remove it. Clean the oil seal groove with brake fluid.

\*

Be careful not to damage the piston surface.

Piston Oil Seal



### 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK

 KYMCO YUP 50

Check the piston for scratch or wear.  
Measure the piston O.D. with a micrometer.

**Service Limit:** 25.45mm



Check the caliper cylinder for scratch or wear and measure the cylinder bore.

**Service Limit:** 25.30mm



#### Assembly

Clean all removed parts.

Apply silicon grease to the piston and oil seal. Lubricate the brake caliper cylinder inside wall with brake fluid.

Install the brake caliper piston with grooved side facing out.

**\***

Install the piston with its outer end 3\_5mm protruding beyond the brake caliper.

Wipe off excessive brake fluid with a clean shop towel. Apply silicon grease to the brake caliper seat pin and caliper inside. Install the brake caliper seat.



### 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK

 KYMCO YUP 50

#### Installation

Install the brake caliper and tighten the two bolts.

**Torque:** 2.9\_ 3.5kg-m



Bolts

Connect the brake fluid pipe to the brake caliper and tighten the fluid pipe bolt.

**Torque:** 3.0\_ 4.0kg-m

Fill the brake reservoir with recommended brake fluid and bleed air from the brake system. (⇒ 13-12)



Bolt

### FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER

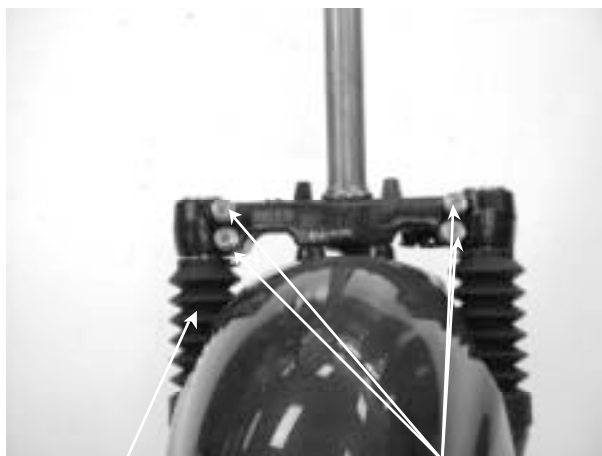
#### REMOVAL

Remove the front wheel. (⇒ 13-5)

Remove the front fender. (⇒ 12-6)

Remove the front shock absorber upper mount bolts.

Loosen the lower mount bolts to remove the front shock absorbers.



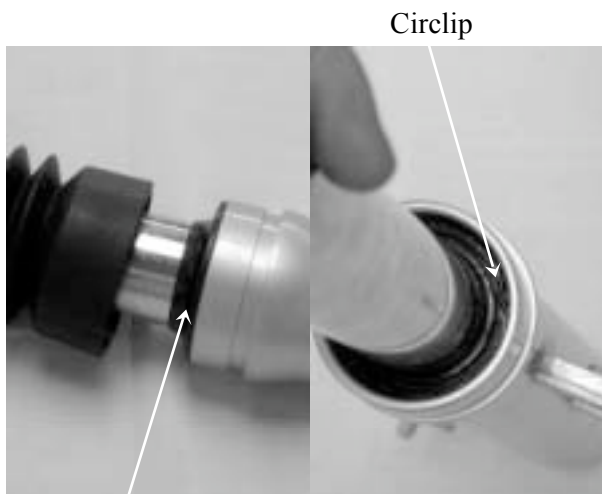
Front Shock Absorber

Mount Bolt

#### LEFT FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER DISASSEMBLY

Remove the dust boot.

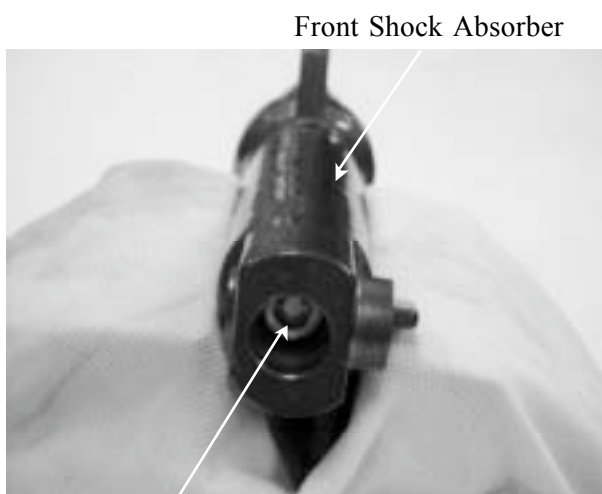
Remove the circlip.



Dust Boot

Circlip

Use a vise to hold the front shock absorber and remove the shock absorber tube, hex bolt and copper washer from the front shock absorber.



Front Shock Absorber

Bolt/Washer



### 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK

KYMCO YUP 50

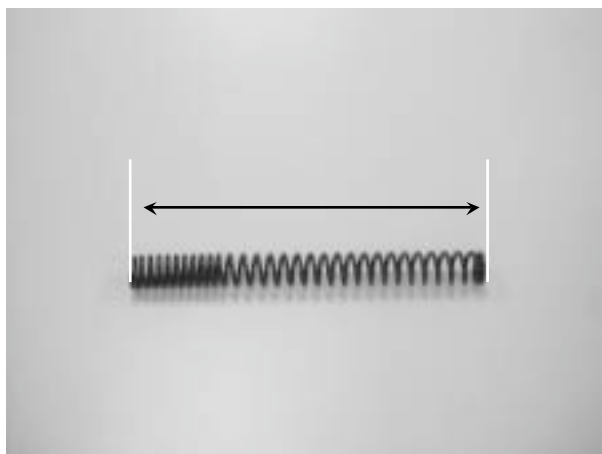
Use a vise to hold the front shock absorber tube and remove the damper from the shock absorber tube.

\* When holding the shock absorber tube, place a shop towel under it and do not apply too much force.

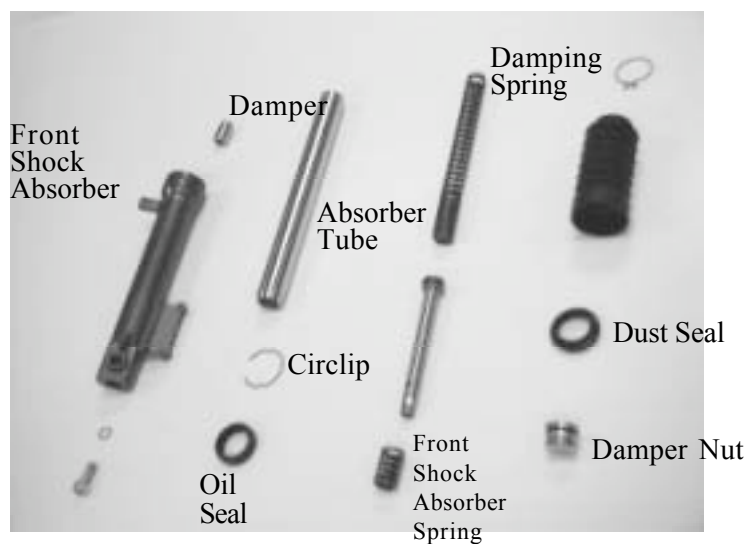


Measure the front shock absorber spring free length.

**Service Limit:** Right : 226.5mm  
Left : 226.5mm



#### FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER ASSEMBLY



### 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK

 KYMCO YUP 50

Install the damping spring to the damper and then install them into the front shock absorber tube.  
Install the front shock absorber spring and tighten the damper nut.

\* Install the front shock absorber spring with the loosely wound coils facing up.



Damper Nut

Use a vise to hold the front shock absorber.  
Tighten the hex bolt.  
(Apply locking agent to the washer and socket hex bolt and install them together.)

**Torque:** 1.5\_ 3.0kg-m

**Specified Oil:** ss#8

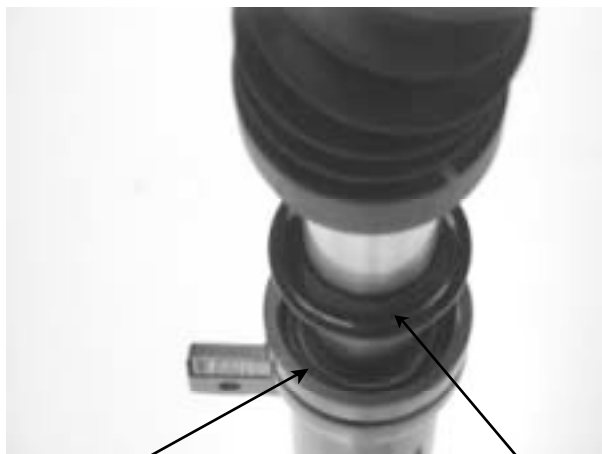
**Oil Capacity:** 53cc

Front Shock Absorber



Bolt/Washer

Install the circlip.  
Install the dust boot.



Circlips

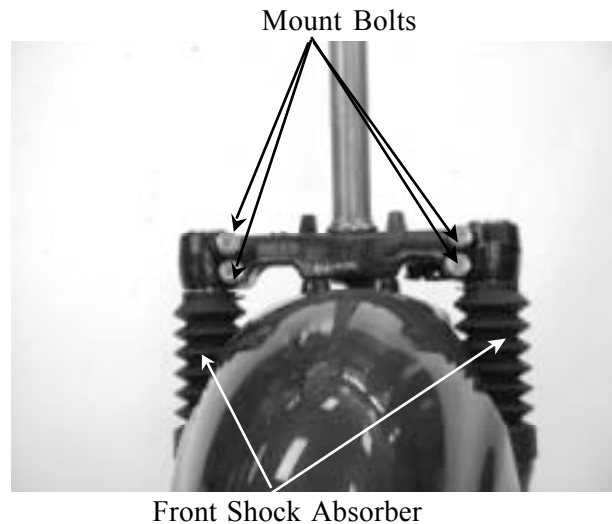
Dust Boot

### 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK

 KYMCO YUP 50

#### INSTALLATION

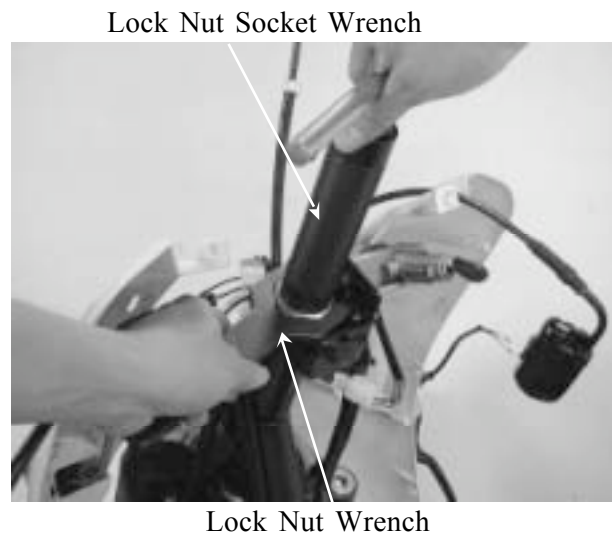
Install the front shock absorbers onto the steering stem.  
Install and tighten the front shock absorber upper mount bolts.  
Tighten the lower mount bolts.  
Install the front fender.  
Install the front wheel. (⇒ 13-8)



#### FRONT FORK

##### REMOVAL

Remove the steering handlebar. (⇒ 13-3)  
Disconnect the speedometer cable and front brake fluid pipe and remove the front brake caliper.  
Remove the front wheel. (⇒ 13-5)  
Hold the steering stem top cone race and remove the steering stem lock nut.



Remove the top cone race and remove the front fork.

\*

Be careful not to lose the steel balls (26 on top race and 19 on bottom race).

Inspect the ball races, cone races and steel balls for wear or damage. Replace if necessary.



### 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK

 KYMCO YUP 50

#### BOTTOM CONE RACE REPLACEMENT

Remove the bottom cone race using a chisel.  
Drive a new bottom cone race into place with a proper driver.

\*

Be careful not to damage the steering stem and front fork.



Bottom Cone Race

#### BALL RACE REPLACEMENT

Drive out the ball races.



Ball Race Remover

Drive in new ball races.

\*

Be sure to drive the ball races into place completely.

Driver Handle A

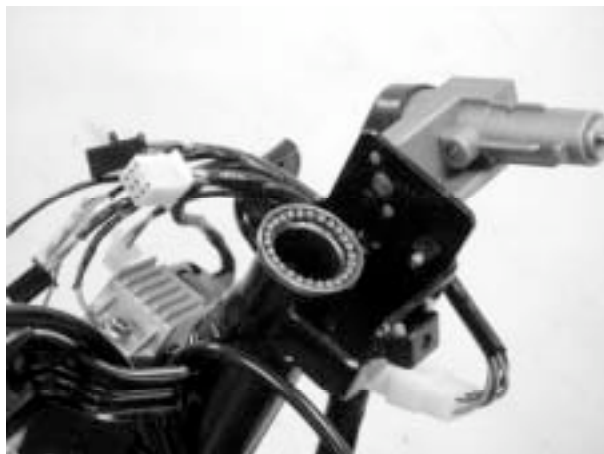


### 13. STEERING HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/FRONT FORK

KYMCO YUP 50

#### INSTALLATION

Apply grease to top and bottom ball races and install 26 steel balls on the top ball race and 29 steel balls on the bottom ball race. Apply grease to the ball races again and then install the front fork.



Apply grease to the top cone race and install it. Tighten the top cone race and then turn the steering stem right and left several times to make steel balls contact each other closely.

\*

Check that the steering stem rotates freely without vertical play.



Top Cone Race

Install the steering stem lock nut and tighten it while holding the top cone race.

**Torque:** 6.0\_ 8.0kg-m

Install the handlebar. (⇒ 13-4)

Install the speedometer cable.

Lock Nut Socket Wrench



Lock Nut Wrench

## 14. REAR WHEEL/REAR BRAKE/REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

---



14

---

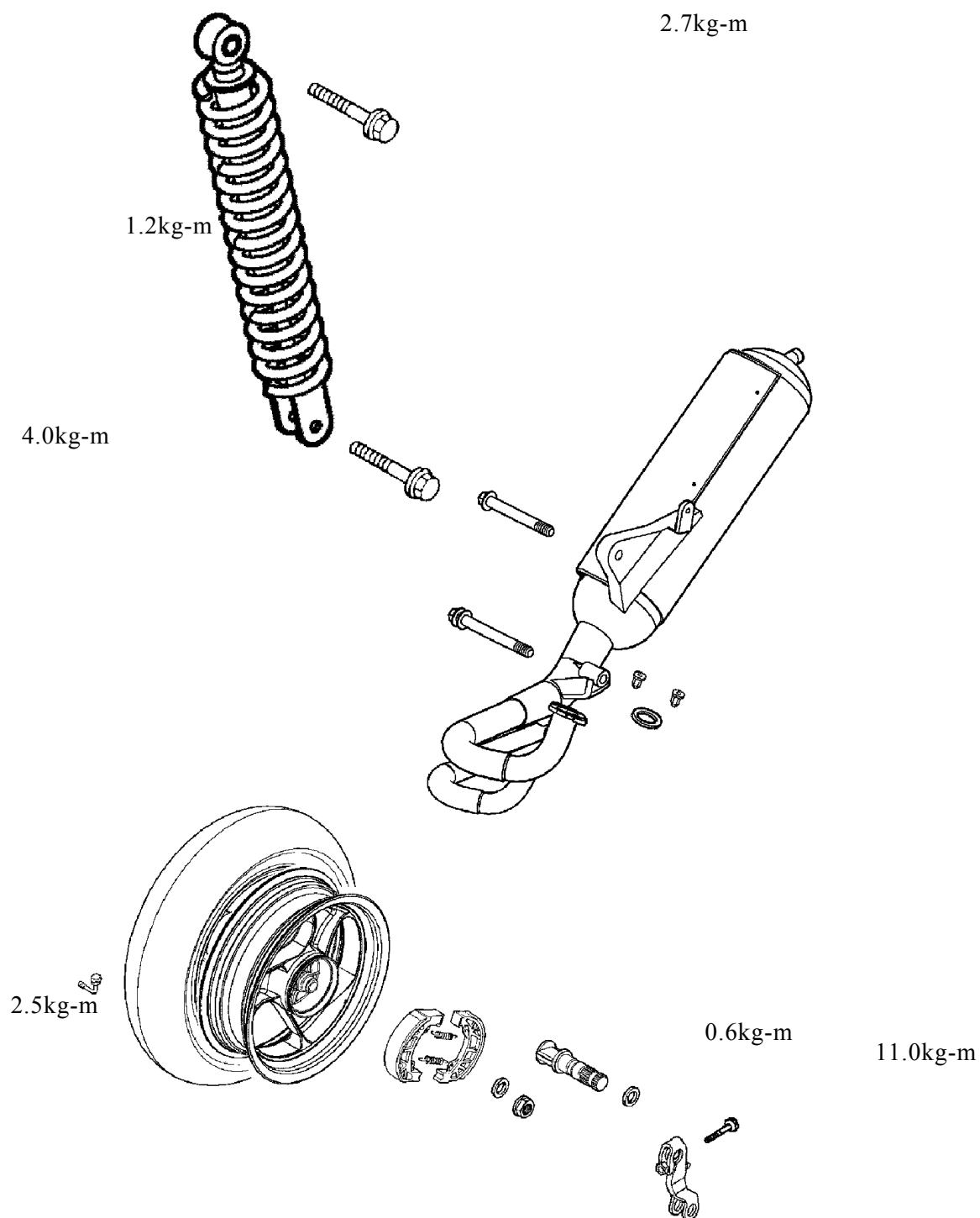
### REAR WHEEL/REAR BRAKE/REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

---

SERVICE INFORMATION.....	14-2
TROUBLESHOOTING.....	14-2
REAR WHEEL .....	14-3
REAR BRAKE .....	14-4
REAR SHOCK ABSORBER.....	14-6

## 14. REAR WHEEL/REAR BRAKE/REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

 **KYMCO YUP 50**





# 14. REAR WHEEL/REAR BRAKE/REAR SHOCK ABSORBER



## SERVICE INFORMATION

### SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Rear wheel rim runout		2.0
Rear brake drum I.D.	110	111
Rear brake lining thickness	4.0	2.0
Rear shock absorber spring free length	235.7	218.7

### TORQUE VALUES

Rear axle nut	11.0_	13.0kg-m
Rear shock absorber upper mount bolt	3.5_	4.5kg-m
Rear shock absorber lower mount bolt	2.4_	3.0kg-m
Rear shock absorber lower joint nut	3.5_	4.5kg-m (apply locking agent)

### SPECIAL TOOL

Rear shock absorber remover  
Rear shock absorber compressor

### TROUBLESHOOTING

#### Rear wheel wobbling

- Bent rim
- Faulty tire
- Axle not tightened properly

#### Soft rear shock absorber

- Weak shock absorber spring

#### Poor brake performance

- Brake not adjusted properly
- Contaminated brake linings
- Worn brake linings
- Worn brake shoes at cam contacting area
- Worn brake cam
- Improper engagement between brake arm and wear indicator plate

## 14. REAR WHEEL/REAR BRAKE/REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

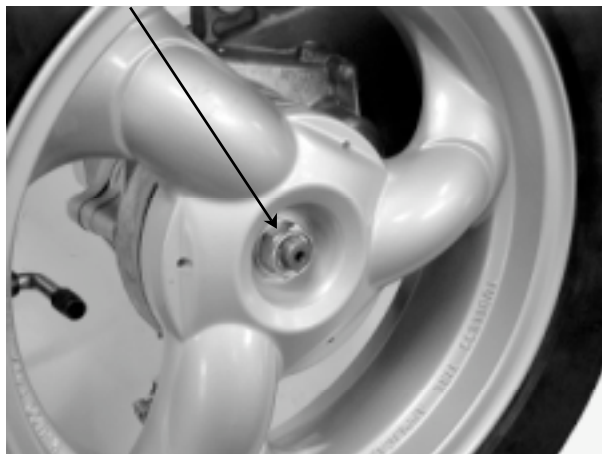
 KYMCO YUP 50

### REAR WHEEL

#### REMOVAL

Remove the two exhaust muffler joint lock nuts.  
Remove the two exhaust muffler lock bolts.  
Remove the exhaust muffler.  
Remove the rear axle nut to remove the rear wheel.

Rear Axle Nut



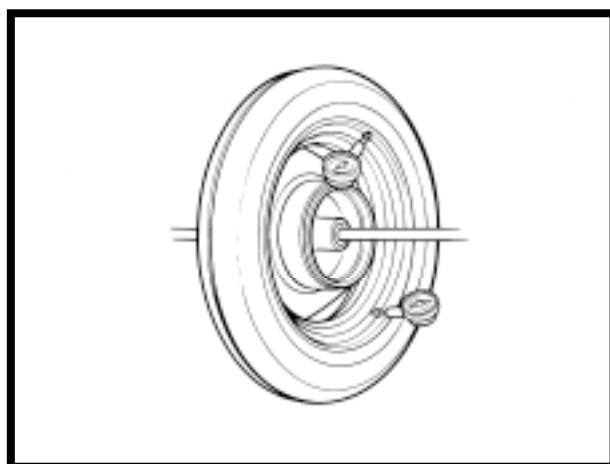
#### INSPECTION

Measure the rear wheel rim runout.

#### Service Limits:

Radial : 2.0mm replace if over

Axial : 2.0mm replace if over



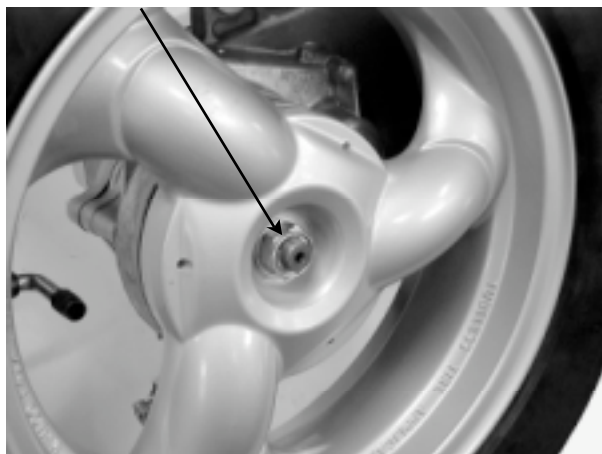
#### INSTALLATION

Install the rear wheel and apply SAE30# engine oil to the axle threads. Then, tighten the rear axle nut.

#### Torque values:

Rear axle nut: 11.0\_ 13.0kg-m

Rear Axle Nut



## 14. REAR WHEEL/REAR BRAKE/REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

KYMCO YUP 50

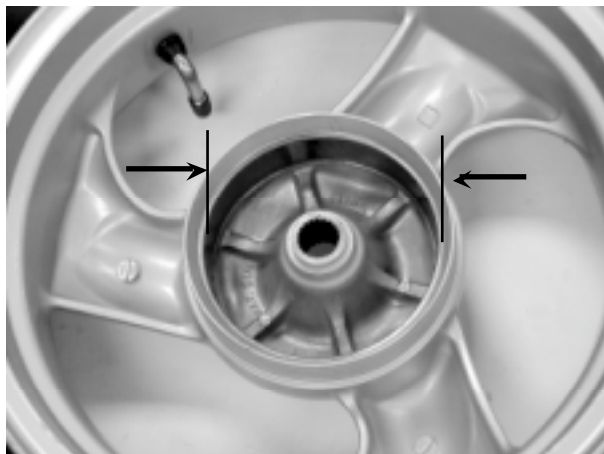
### REAR BRAKE

Remove the rear wheel. (⇒14-3)

Inspect the rear brake drum.

Measure the rear brake drum I.D.

**Service Limit:** 95.5mm replace if over

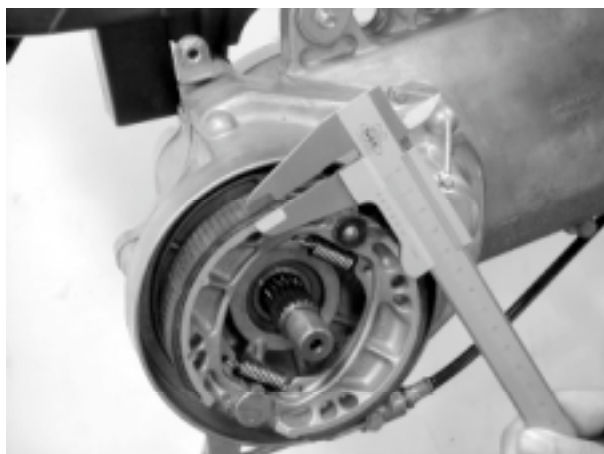


### BRAKE LINING INSPECTION

Measure the brake lining thickness.

**Service Limit:** 2.0mm replace if below

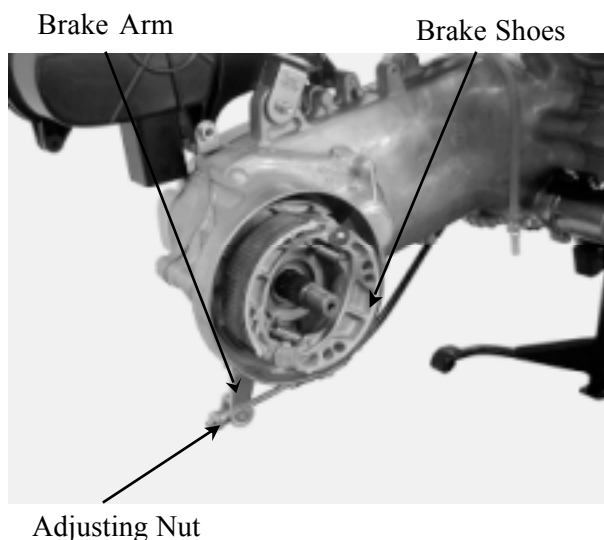
\* Keep oil or grease off the brake linings.



### REAR BRAKE DISASSEMBLY

Remove the rear brake adjusting nut and disconnect the rear brake cable.

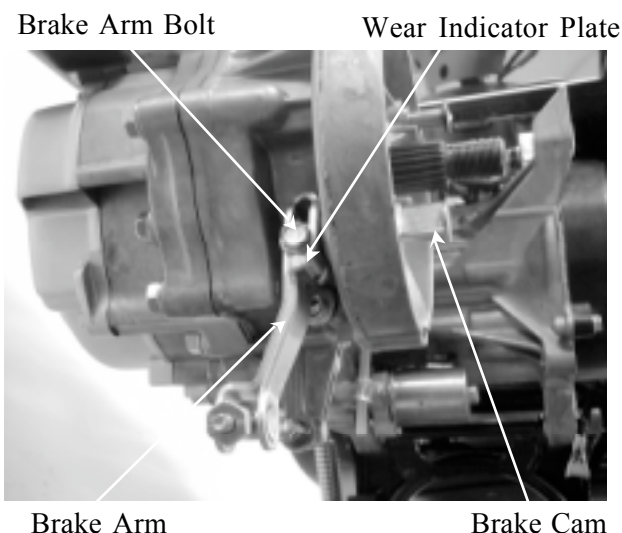
Remove the rear brake shoes.



## 14. REAR WHEEL/REAR BRAKE/REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

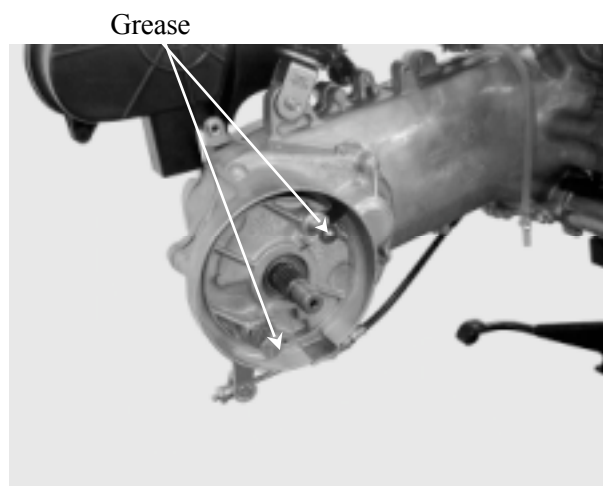
KYMCO YUP 50

Remove the brake cam bolt to remove the brake arm, wear indicator plate and felt seal. Remove the brake arm.



### REAR BRAKE ASSEMBLY

Apply grease to the anchor pin and brake shoe moving parts. Apply grease to the brake cam and install it.



Apply engine oil to the felt seal and install it to the brake cam. Install the wear indicator plate.

\*

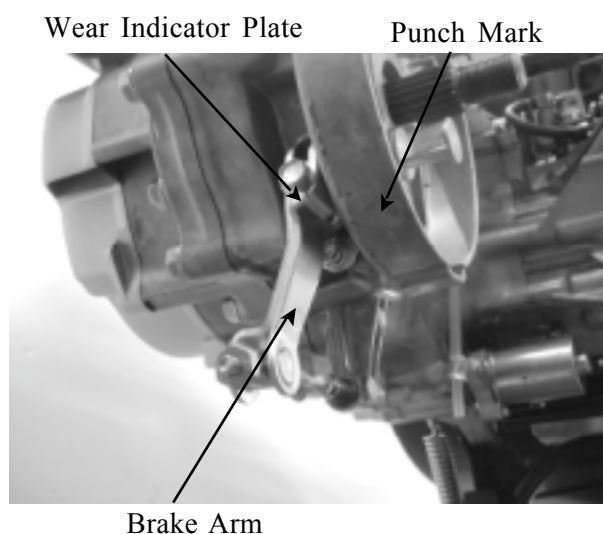
Align the wide tooth of the wear indicator plate with the wide groove on the brake cam.

Install the brake arm onto the brake cam.

\*

Align the punch mark on the brake arm with the scribed line on the brake cam.

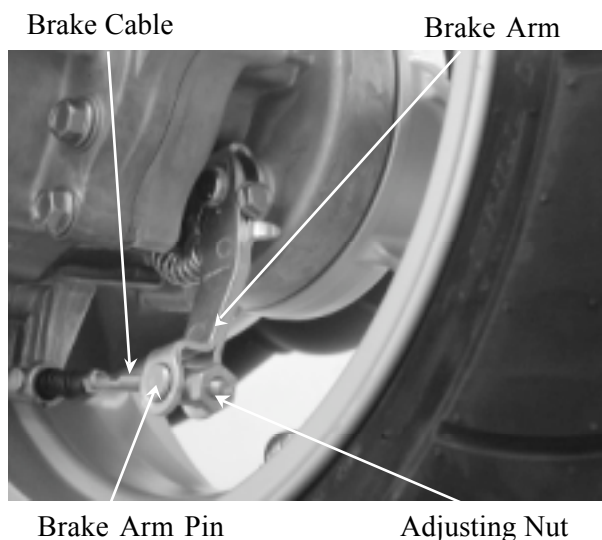
Install and tighten the brake arm bolt. Install the brake arm return spring. Install the brake shoes.



## 14. REAR WHEEL/REAR BRAKE/REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

KYMCO YUP 50

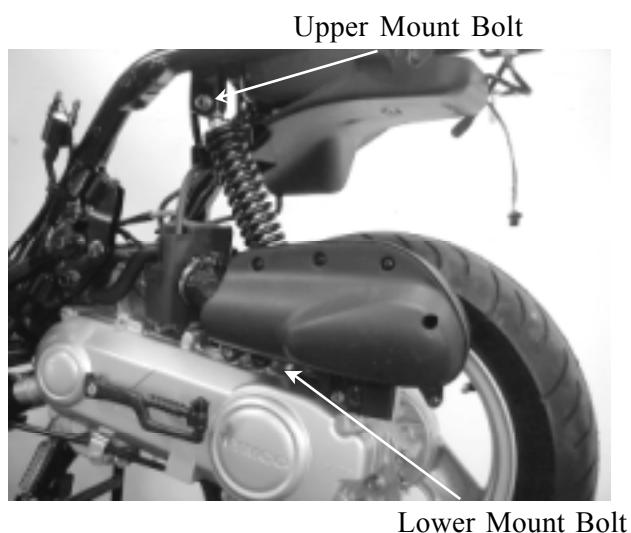
Install the brake arm pin.  
Connect the brake cable and install the adjusting nut.  
Install the rear wheel. (⇒ 14-3)  
Adjust the rear brake lever free play.  
(⇒ 3-4)



### REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

#### REMOVAL

Remove the front cover. (⇒ 12-6)  
Remove the met-in box. (⇒ 12-5)  
Remove the air cleaner case. (⇒ 5-2)  
Remove the rear shock absorber upper and lower mount bolts to remove the rear shock absorber.



#### INSTALLATION

Install the rear shock absorber.  
Install the rear shock absorber upper mount bolt and then install the lower mount bolt.

#### Torque:

**Upper Mount Bolt:** 3.5\_ 4.5kg-m

**Lower Mount Bolt:** 2.4\_ 3.0kg-m

Install the frame body cover. (⇒ 12-5)



ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

SERVICE INFORMATION..... 15- 1

TROUBLESHOOTING..... 15- 1

CHARGING SYSTEM..... 15- 3

BATTERY..... 15- 4

IGNITION SYSTEM..... 15- 7

STARTING SYSTEM..... 15-11

## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- It is not necessary to check the battery electrolyte or fill with distilled water.
- Remove the battery from the motorcycle for charging. Do not remove the electrolyte cap..
- Do not quick charge the battery. Quick charging should only be done in an emergency..
- Charge the battery according to the charging current and time specified on the battery.
- When charging, check the voltage (open voltage) with an electric tester.
- When replacing the battery, do not use a traditional battery.

### SPECIFICATIONS

SPECIFICATIONS			YUP 50
Battery	Capacity		12V3AH
	Voltage		13.0_ 13.2V
	Charging current	Standard	0.4A/5H~10H
		Quick	4A/0.5H
Spark plug	(NGK)		BR8HSA
Spark plug gap			0.6_ 0.7mm
Ignition coil resistance	Primary coil		0.2_ 0.3Ω
	Secondary coil (with plug cap)		7.0_ 8.4KΩ
	Secondary coil (without plug cap)		2.5_ 3.2KΩ
Pulser coil resistance (20ϕJ)			80_ 160Ω
Ignition timing			13.5°±1.5°BTDC/3000rpm

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### CHARGING SYSTEM

#### No power

- Dead battery
- Disconnected battery cable
- Fuse burned out
- Faulty ignition switch

#### Low power

- Weak battery
- Loose battery connection
- Charging system failure
- Faulty regulator/rectifier

#### Intermittent power

- Loose battery cable connection
- Loose charging system connection
- Loose connection or short circuit in ignition system
- Loose connection or short circuit in lighting system

#### Charging system failure

- Loose, broken or shorted wire or connector
- Faulty regulator/rectifier
- Faulty A.C. generator



## IGNITION SYSTEM

### No spark at plug

- Faulty spark plug
- Poorly connected, broken or shorted wire
  - Between A.C. generator and CDI unit
  - Between CDI unit and ignition coil
  - Between CDI unit and ignition switch
  - Between ignition coil and spark plug
- Faulty ignition switch
- Faulty ignition coil
- Faulty CDI unit
- Faulty A.C. generator

### Engine starts but turns poorly

- Ignition primary circuit
  - Faulty ignition coil
  - Poorly connected wire or connector
- Ignition secondary circuit
  - Faulty ignition coil
  - Faulty spark plug
  - Poorly insulated plug cap
- Improper ignition timing
  - Battery voltage too low (6V max.)
  - Faulty CDI unit

## STARTING SYSTEM

### Starter motor won't turn

- Fuse burned out
- Weak battery
- Faulty ignition switch
- Faulty starter switch
- Faulty front or rear stop switch
- Faulty starter relay
- Poorly connected, broken or shorted wire
- Faulty starter motor

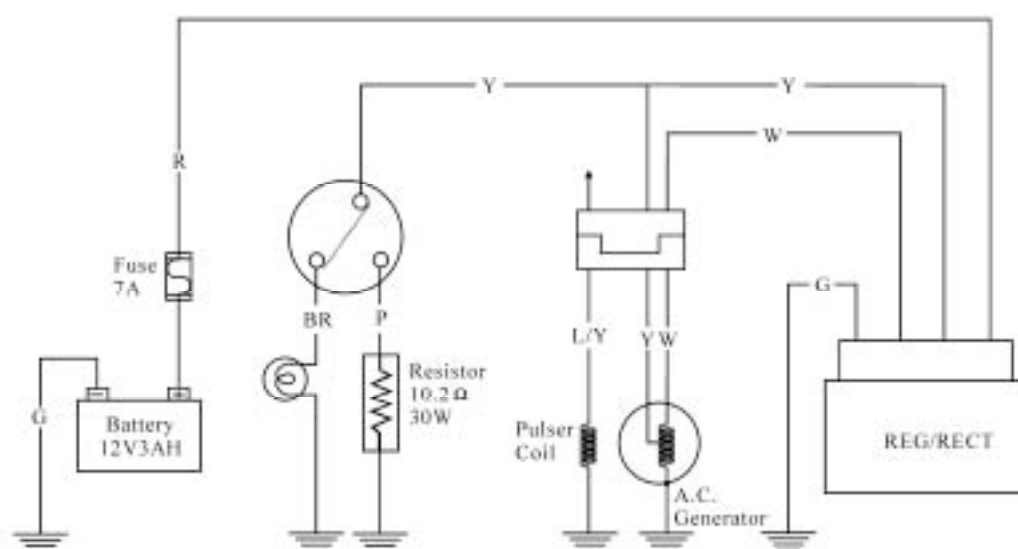
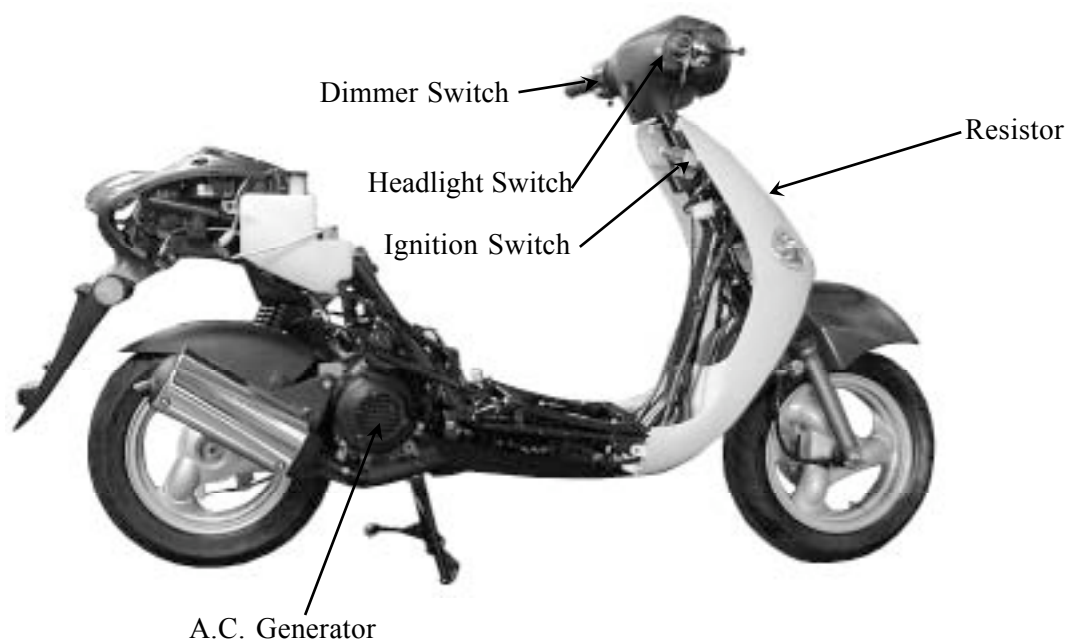
### Lack of power

- Weak battery
- Loose wire or connection
- Foreign matter stuck in starter motor or pinion

### Starter motor rotates but engine does not start

- Faulty starter pinion
- Starter motor rotates reversely
- Faulty starter clutch
- Weak battery

### CHARGING SYSTEM



## BATTERY

### BATTERY REMOVAL

Open the battery cover.  
Disconnect the battery cables .

- First disconnect the battery negative (-) cable and then the positive (+) cable.

Remove the battery.  
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal

### BATTERY CHARGING (OPEN CIRCUIT VOLTAGE) INSPECTION

Remove the battery cover and disconnect the battery cables.

Measure the voltage between the battery terminals.

Fully charged : 13.0V\_ 13.2V

Undercharged : 12.3V max.

- Battery charging inspection must be performed with an electric tester.

### CHARGING METHOD

Connect the charger positive (+) cable to the battery positive (+) cable.

Connect the charger negative (-) cable to the battery negative (-) cable.

- - Keep flames and sparks away from a charging battery.
  - Turn power ON/OFF at the charger, not at the battery terminals to prevent sparks near the battery.
  - Charge the battery according to the current specified on the battery surface.

Charging current : Standard : 0.4A

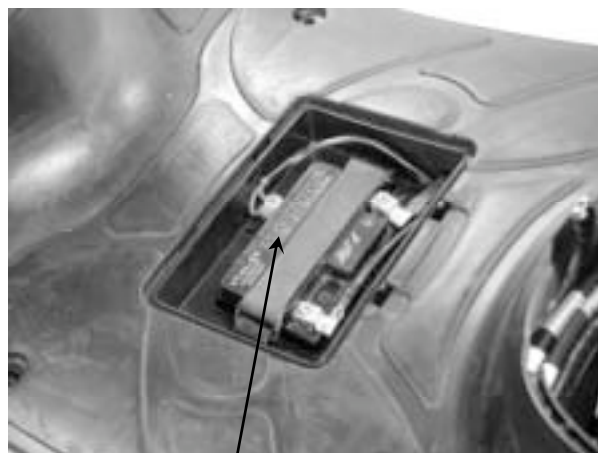
Quick : 4A

Charging time : Standard : 5 hours

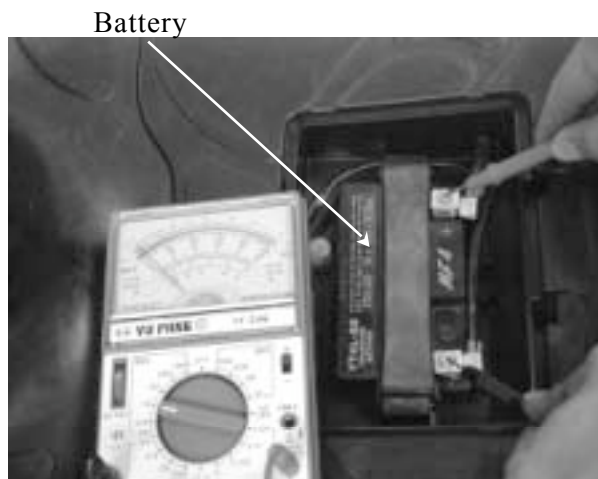
Quick : 0.5 HOUR

After charging Open circuit voltage: 12.8V min.

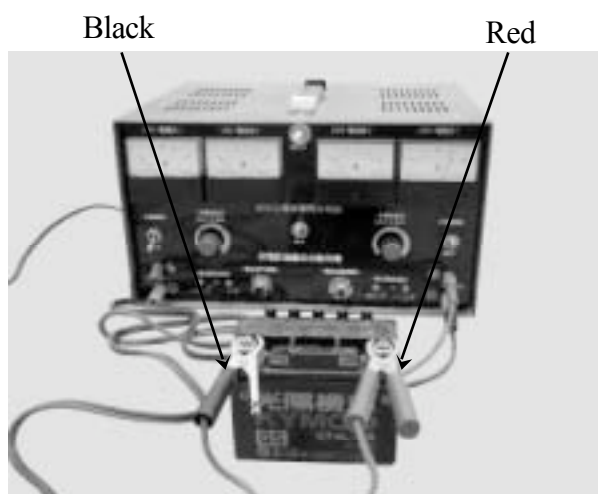
- - Quick charging should only be done in an emergency.
  - During quick charging, the battery temperature should not exceed 45°C.
  - Measure the voltage 30 minutes after the battery is charged.



Battery



Battery



Black

Red

## 12. FRAME COVERS

### PERFORMANCE TEST

Warm up the engine.

Remove the floor mat and front tool box cover.



Use a fully charged battery to check the charging system output.

Stop the engine and open the fuse box.

Disconnect the wire lead from the fuse terminal. Connect an ammeter between the wire lead and fuse terminal as shown.

Connect the battery positive (+) terminal to the voltmeter positive (+) probe and battery negative (-) terminal to the voltmeter negative (-) probe.

Start the engine, gradually increase engine speed to test the output:

Position \ RPM	Day	Night
2500	1.3A min.	1.0A min.
6000	2.0A min.	2.0A min.

**Charging Limit Voltage:**  $14.5 \pm 0.5V/8000rpm$

If the limit voltage is not within the specified range, check the regulator/ rectifier.



### A.C. GENERATOR (CHARGING COIL) INSPECTION



Inspect with the engine installed.

Remove the met-in box. ( $\Rightarrow$  12-4)

Disconnect the A.C. generator connector.

Measure the resistances between the charging coil terminals (white-green) and lighting coil terminals (yellow-green).

**Resistances:**

Charging coil	white-green	0.2_ 8.0 $\Omega$
Lighting coil	yellow-green	0.3_ 5.0 $\Omega$

Refer to 7-3 for A.C. generator removal.

A.C. Generator Connector



## RESISTOR INSPECTION

Remove the frame front cover. (⇒ 12-3)  
 Measure the resistance between the resistor B pink wire and ground.  
 Measure the resistance between the resistor A green/black wire and ground.

### Resistances:

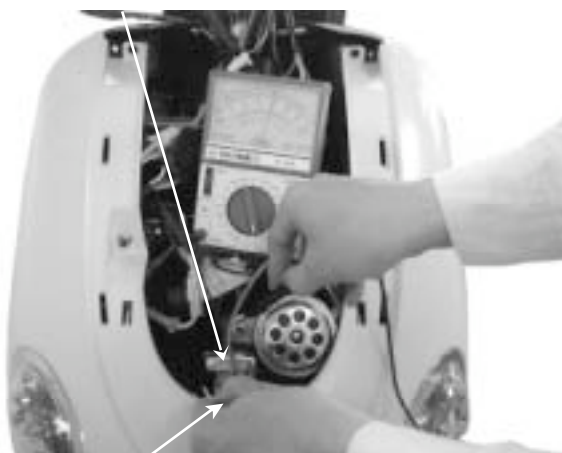
Resistor A: 9.9\_ 12.0Ω

Resistor B: 5.6\_ 7.2Ω



Faulty resistor is the cause of faulty operation of the auto bystarter.

Resister B



Resister A

## REGULATOR/RECTIFIER INSPECTION

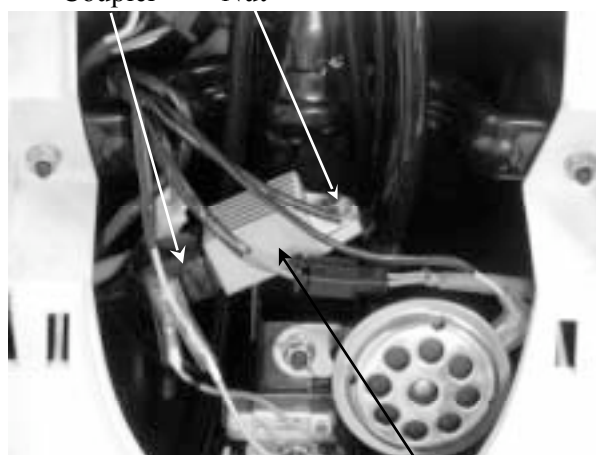
Remove the front cover. (⇒ 12-3)  
 Disconnect the regulator/rectifier wire coupler and remove the nut to remove the regulator/rectifier.

Measure the resistances between the terminals.  
 Replace the regulator/rectifier if the readings are not within the specifications in the table below.



Due to the semiconductor in circuit, it is necessary to use a specified tester for accurate testing. Use of an improper tester in an improper range may give false readings.

Coupler Nut



Regulator/Rectifier

Model	Brand	Range
SP-10D	Sanwa	KΩ
TH-5H	Kowa	100Ω

Probe⊕ Probe(-)	A (R)	B (W)	C (Y)	D (G)
A (R)		∞	∞	∞
B (W)	2-10KΩ		∞	∞
C (Y)	∞	∞		10-35KΩ
D (G)	∞	∞	10-35KΩ	

A (Red)

C (Yellow)



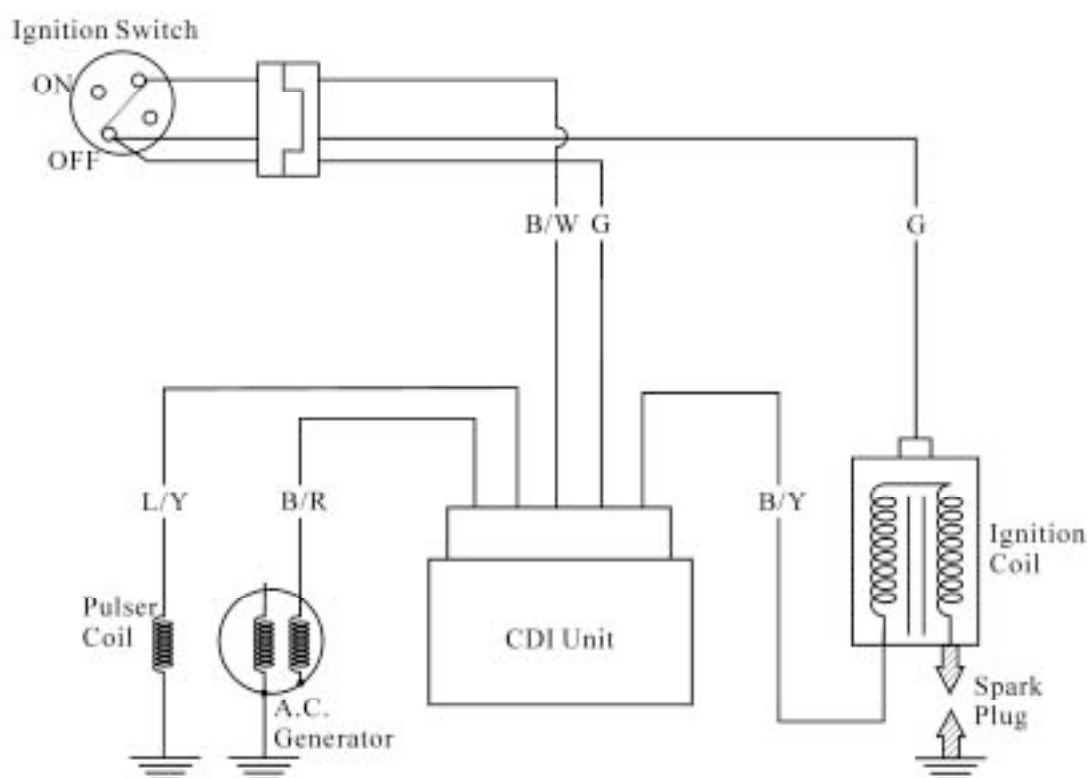
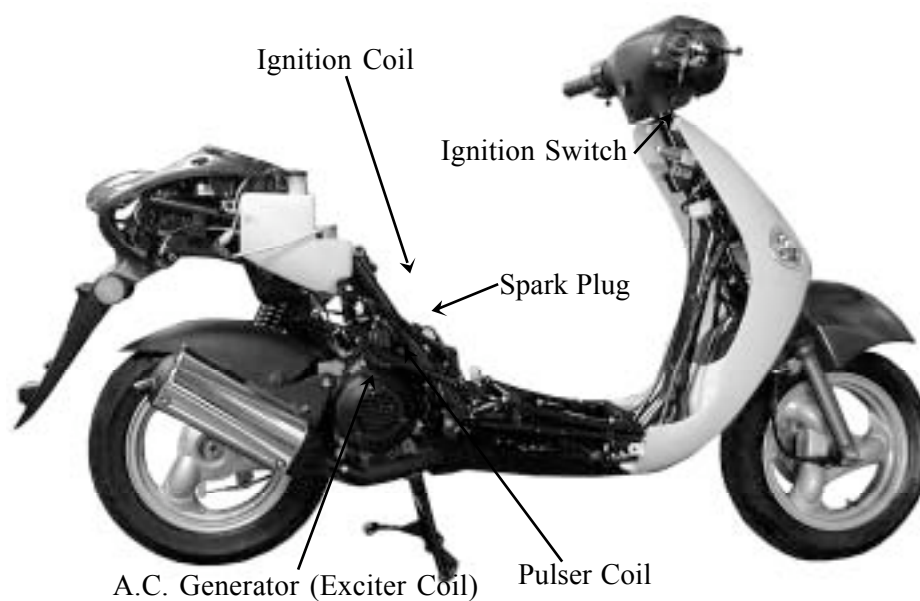
B (White)

D (Green)

## 12. FRAME COVERS

---


### IGNITION SYSTEM





## IGNITION COIL INSPECTION

### Continuity Test

°  This test is to inspect the continuity of ignition coil.

Remove the met-in box. ( $\Rightarrow$  12-4)  
Measure the resistance between the ignition coil primary coil terminals.

**Resistance** (20 $\phi$ J): 0.153\_ 0.187 $\Omega$



Measure the secondary coil resistance between the spark plug cap and the primary coil terminal as Figure A shown.

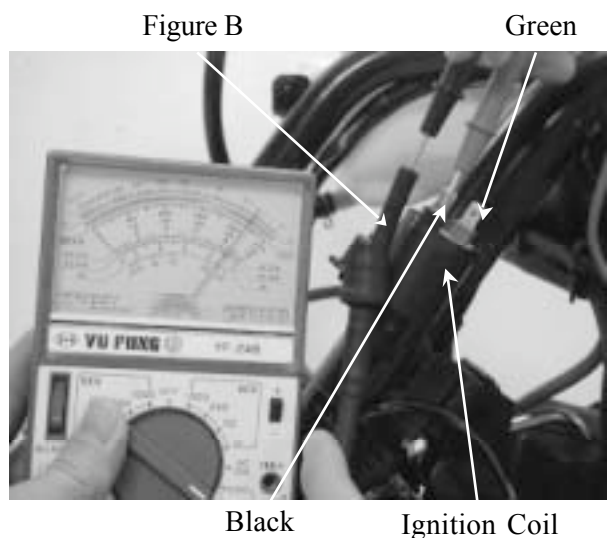
**Resistance** (20 $\phi$ J) (with plug cap):  
7.0\_ 8.4K $\Omega$



Figure A

Measure the secondary coil resistance between the ignition coil terminal and the primary coil terminal as Figure B shown.

**Resistance** (20 $\phi$ J) (without plug cap):  
2.5\_ 3.2K $\Omega$





## 12. FRAME COVERS

---

### Performance Test

Remove the ignition coil.



Ignition Coil

Inspect the ignition coil with an ignition coil tester.



Follow the ignition coil tester manufacturer's instructions.

1. Turn the changeover switch to 12V and connect the ignition coil to the tester.
2. Turn the power switch ON and check the spark from the watch window.

\_Good : Normal and continuous spark

\_Faulty : Weak or intermittent spark



The test is performed at both conditions that the ignition coil is cold and hot.

### A.C. GENERATOR

#### Exciter Coil/Pulser Coil Inspection



This test is performed with the stator installed in the engine.

Remove the met-in box. ( $\Rightarrow$  12-4)

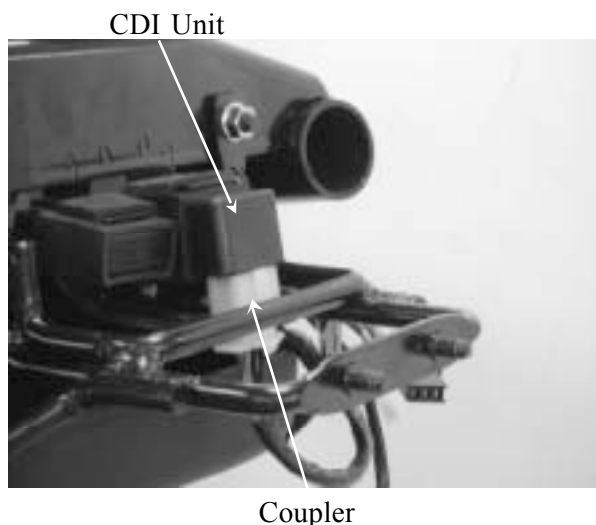
Disconnect the A.C. generator wire connector.  
Measure the pulser coil resistance between the blue/yellow wire and ground.

**Resistance** (20 $\phi$ J): 100\_ 150 $\Omega$



## CDI UNIT INSPECTION

Remove the battery cover.  
Disconnect the CDI coupler and remove the CDI unit.



## CDI CIRCUIT INSPECTION

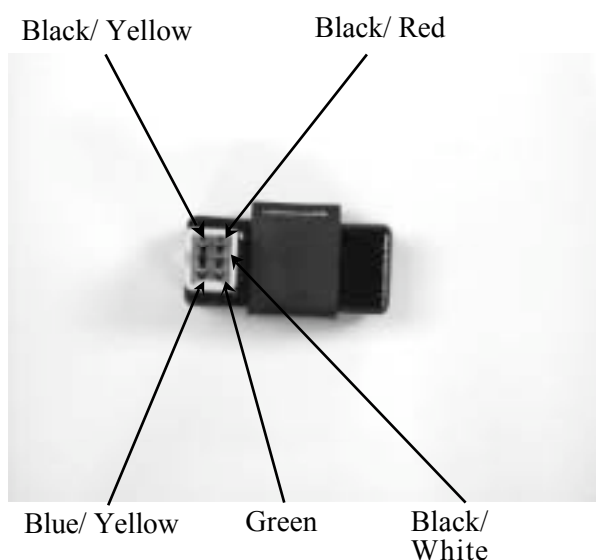
Measure the resistance between the terminals.  
Replace the CDI unit if the readings are not within the specifications in the table below.

- °C
- Due to the semiconductor in circuit, it is necessary to use a specified tester for accurate testing. Use of an improper tester in an improper range may give false readings.
  - Use a Sanwa Electric Tester or Kowa Electric Tester (TH-5H).
  - In this table, “Needle swings then returns” indicates that there is a charging current applied to a condenser. The needle will then remain at “∞” unless the condenser is discharged.

Use the x K $\Omega$  range for the Sanwa Tester.  
Use the x 100 $\Omega$  range for the Kowa Tester.

Unit: K $\Omega$

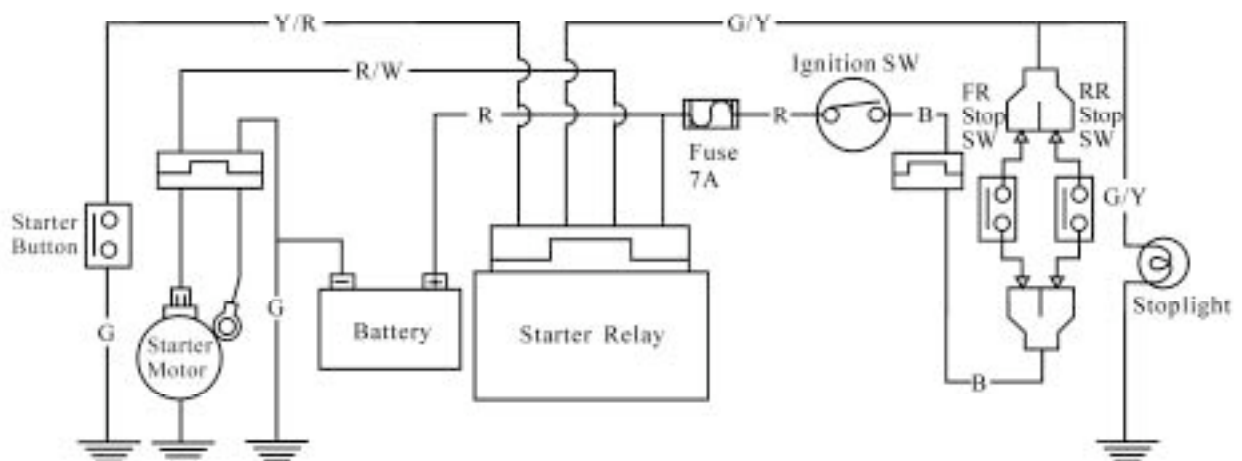
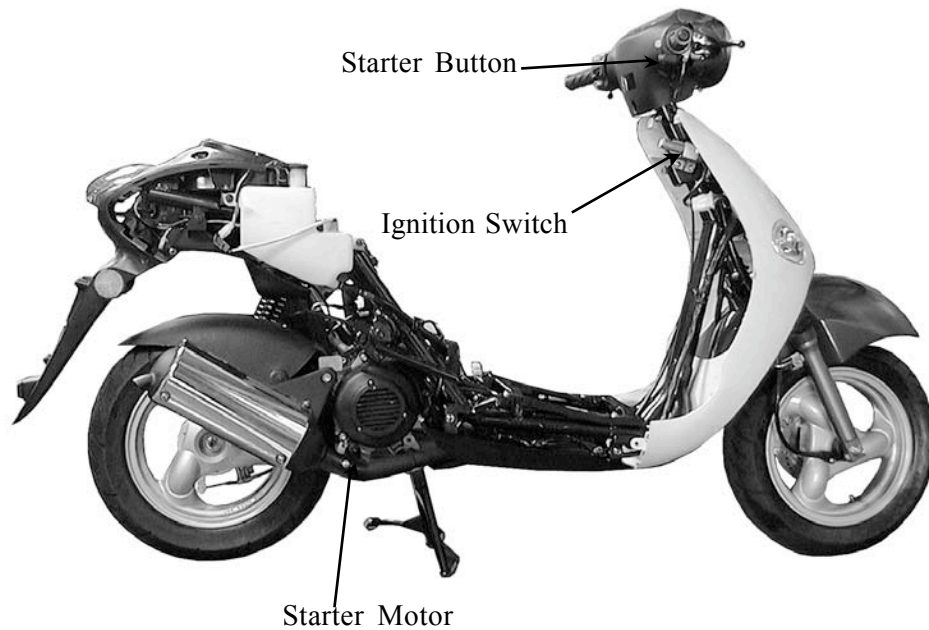
Probe $\oplus$ (-)Probe	Black/ Yellow	Black/ Red	Black/ White	Blue/ Yellow	Green
Black/ Yellow		∞	∞	∞	∞
Black/ Red	∞		1-10	∞	∞
Black/ White	∞	∞		∞	∞
Blue/ Yellow	∞	3-40	80-120		10-30
Green	∞	2-10	10-30	∞	



## 12. FRAME COVERS

---

### STARTING SYSTEM

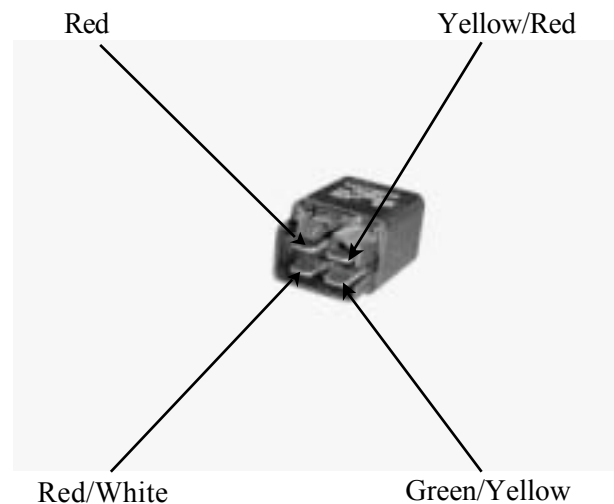


### STARTER RELAY INSPECTION

Remove the rear fender.  
Disconnect the starter relay coupler and then remove the starter relay.

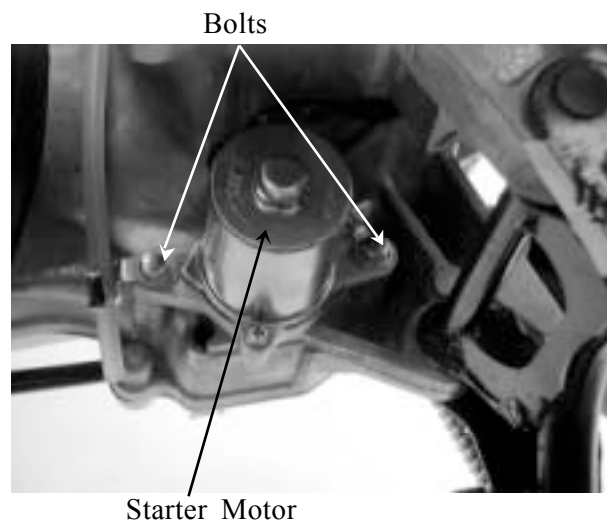


Connect the starter relay green/yellow terminal to the 12V battery positive (+) terminal and the relay yellow/red terminal to the battery negative (-) terminal. Check for continuity between the starter relay red and red/white terminals. The relay is normal if there is continuity.



### STARTER MOTOR REMOVAL

Disconnect the starter motor cable.  
Remove the two bolts attaching the starter motor and remove the starter motor.  
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



INSTRUMENT/SWITCHES/LIGHTS

SERVICE INFORMATION..... 16-1

TROUBLESHOOTING..... 16-1

FUEL UNIT..... 16-2

OIL METER..... 16-3

SWITCHES ..... 16-5

STOP SWITCH INSPECTION/HORN ..... 16-6

BULB REPLACEMENT ..... 16-7

INSTRUMENT/HEADLIGHT..... 16-8

## SERVICE INFORMATION

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Wires should be connected to other wires of the same color. Couplers must be connected to other couplers of the same color.
- All plastic plugs have locking tabs that must be released before disconnecting, and must be aligned when reconnecting.
- After installation of each switch, a continuity check must be performed.

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### Lights do not come on when ignition switch is "ON"

- Burned bulb
- Faulty switch
- Broken or shorted wire
- Fuse burned out
- Weak battery
- Poorly connected wire
- Faulty winker

### Light dims

- Faulty ignition coil
- Wire or switch resistance too high
- Faulty regulator/rectifier

### Headlight does not change when dimmer switch is turn to Hi or Lo

- Faulty or burned bulb
- Faulty dimmer switch

### Motor oil indicator light does not come on (when motor oil is insufficient)

- Fuse burned out
- Dead battery
- Faulty ignition switch
- Faulty instrument
- Faulty oil meter

### Motor oil indicator light winks

- Loose wire connection
- Broken wire
- Faulty oil meter

### Fuel gauge pointer does not register correctly

- Disconnected wire or connector
- Broken wire
- Faulty float
- Faulty fuel unit
- Faulty instrument

### Fuel gauge pointer fluctuates or swings

- Loose wire connection
- Faulty fuel unit
- Faulty instrument

## FUEL UNIT

- \* **No Smoking!**

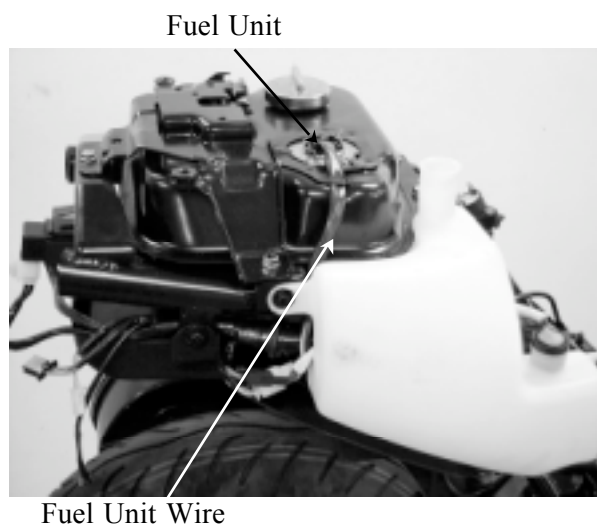
### REMOVAL

Remove the frame body cover. (⇒12-5)  
Disconnect the fuel unit wire connectors.  
Remove the three bolts attaching from the fuel unit retainer .

- \* Do not damage the fuel unit wire.

Remove the fuel unit.

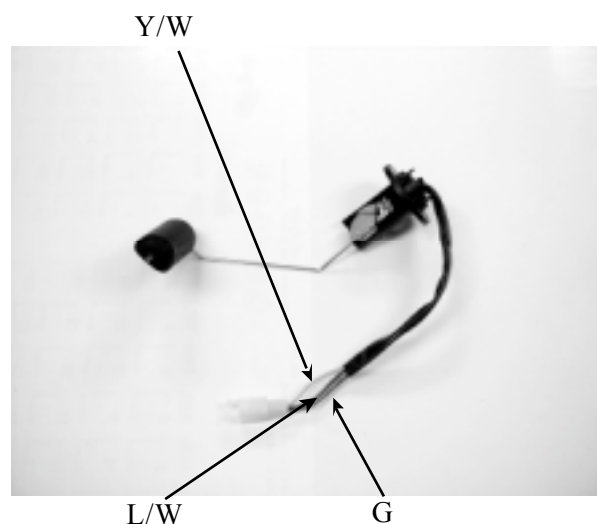
- \* Be careful not to bend or damage the fuel unit float arm.



### INSPECTION

Remove the fuel unit.  
Measure the resistance between the fuel unit wire terminals with the float at upper and lower positions.

Wire Terminals	Upper	Lower
G_ Y/W	36Ω	700Ω
G_ L/W	550Ω	160Ω
Y/W_ L/W	600Ω	600Ω



### FUEL GAUGE INSPECTION

Connect the fuel unit wire connectors and turn the ignition switch "ON".

- \* Before performing the following test, operate the turn signals to determine that the battery circuit is normal.

Check the fuel gauge needle for correct indication by moving the fuel unit float up and down.

Float Position	Needle Position
Upper	"F" (Full)
Lower	"E" (Empty)

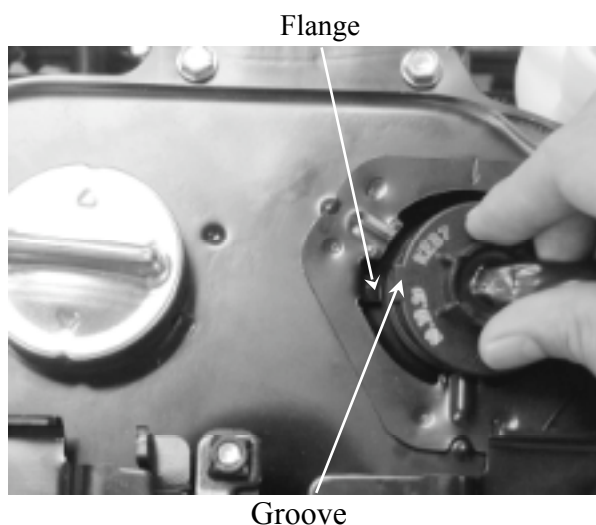




## INSTALLATION

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

- \* Align the groove on the fuel unit with the flange on the fuel tank.



## OIL METER

### INSPECTION

Remove the met-in box. (⇒ 12-4)  
Remove the frame body cover. (⇒ 12-4)  
Disconnect the oil meter wire connectors and remove the oil meter. Keep the oil meter float at the lower position.  
Measure the resistances between the wire terminals as ① and ② shown in the left figure.

Wire Terminals	Resistance
Green/Red(+)_ Black(-)	46Ω
Green(-)_ Black(+)	∞



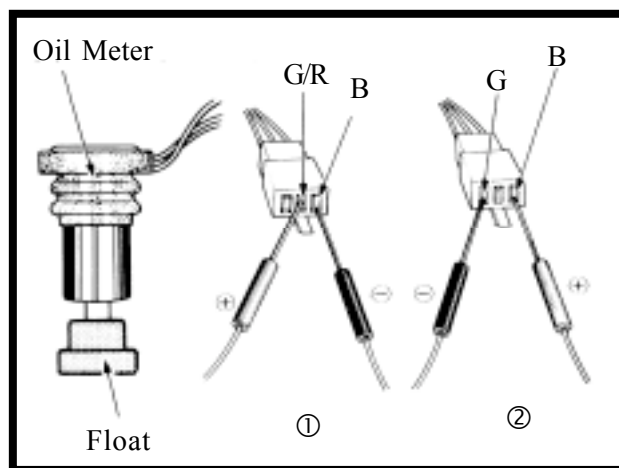
- \* Before removing the oil meter, be sure to drain the motor oil and do not allow sparks or flames near the working area.

### Oil Meter Operation Inspection

Connect the oil meter wire connectors and turn the ignition switch ON.  
Measure the resistance between the wire terminals with the float at upper position.

Green/Red(+)_ Black(-)	About 300Ω
)	

- \* Before performing the following test, operate the turn signals to determine that the battery circuit is normal.



Move the oil meter float up and down to see if the oil indicator light will go out and come on.

- \* If the oil indicator light does not light, check for burned bulb, loose wire or connector. After correction, check again according to the method mentioned above.



Oil Indicator Light

## SWITCHES

### IGNITION SWITCH INSPECTION

Remove the front cover. (⇒ 12-3)  
Disconnect the ignition switch wire couplers and check for continuity between the wire terminals.

Color	Red	Black/White	Green	Black
Symbol	BAT <sub>1</sub>	IG	E	BAT <sub>2</sub>
LOCK		○ — ○	○	
OFF		○ — ○	○	
ON	○ —			○



Ignition Switch Coupler

### IGNITION SWITCH REPLACEMENT

Remove the front cover. (⇒ 12-3)  
Disconnect the ignition switch wire couplers.  
Remove the two mounting bolts and remove the ignition switch.  
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

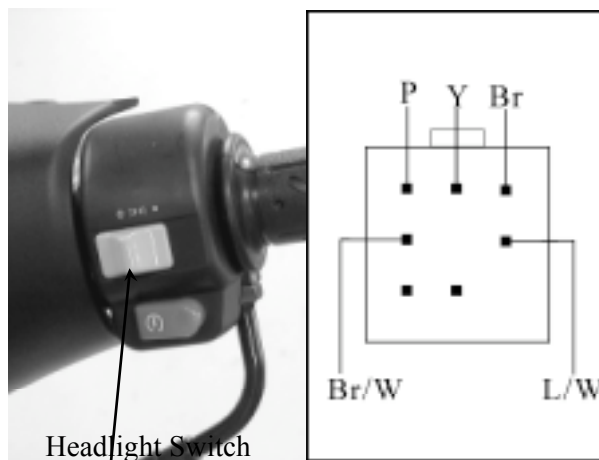


Bolts

## HEADLIGHT SWITCH INSPECTION

Remove the handlebar front cover. (⇒ 12-3)  
Disconnect the headlight switch wire coupler and check for continuity between wire terminals.

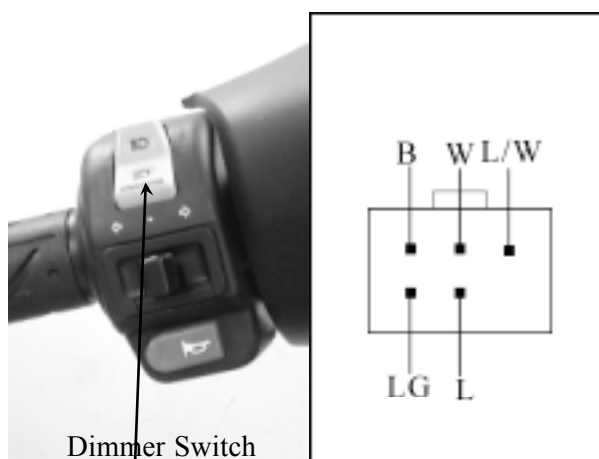
Color	Yellow	Pink	Brown	Blue/White	Brown/white
Symbol	CI	RE	TL	HL	PO
OFF	○—○				
N	○—		○		
P	○—		○		○
N	○—		○	⊖	
H	○—		○	○	



## DIMMER SWITCH INSPECTION

Check for continuity between wire terminals.

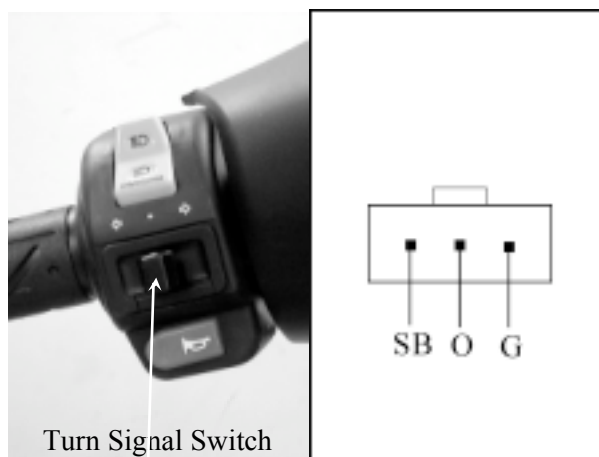
Color	Blue/White	Blue	White	Black
Symbol	HL	HI	LO	BAT
HI	○—○			
LO	○—		○	
PASSING		○	○	○



## TURN SIGNAL SWITCH INSPECTION

Check for continuity between the wire terminals.



Color	Light Blue	Orange	Gray
Symbol	R	L	WR
R	○—		○
L		○	○

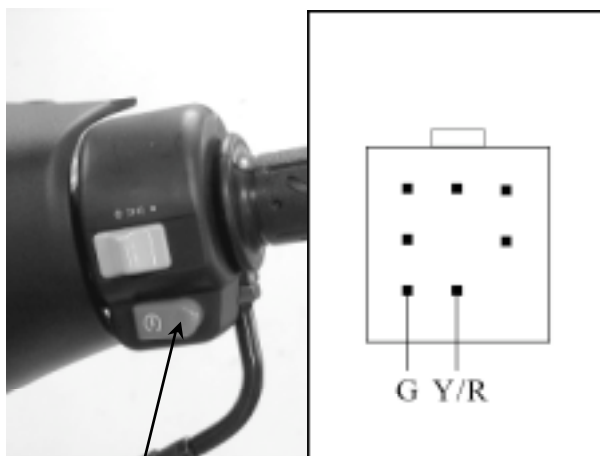


## STARTER SWITCH INSPECTION

Check for continuity between wire terminals.

Push the starter button when measuring.

Color	Yellow/Red	Green
Symbol	ST	E
FREE		
PUSH		





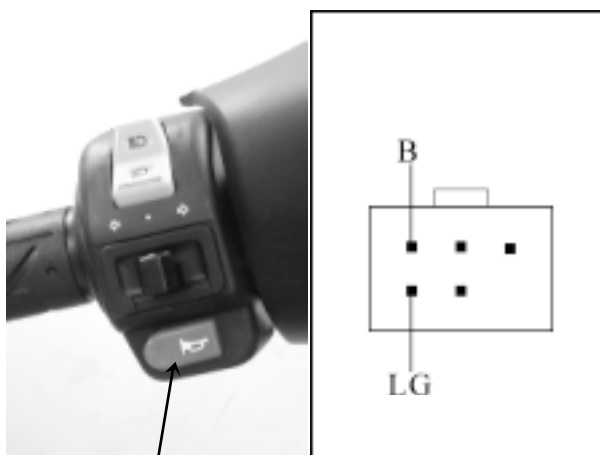
Starter Switch

## HORN SWITCH INSPECTION

Check for continuity between wire terminals.

Push the horn button when measuring.

Color	Light Green	Brown / Blue
Symbol	HO	BAT
FREE		
PUSH		



Horn Switch

## STOP SWITCH INSPECTION

Remove the handlebar front cover. (⇒12-3)  
Disconnect the front and rear stop switch wire couplers.

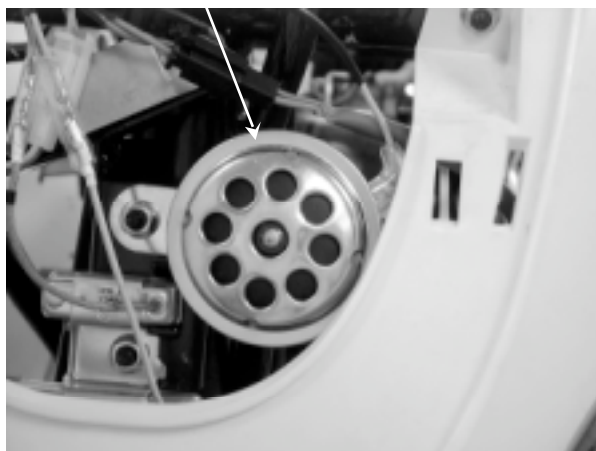
Check for continuity between the wire terminals when the front/rear brake lever is applied.



### HORN INSPECTION

Remove the frame front cover. (⇒ 12-3)  
Disconnect the horn wire couplers. The horn is normal if it sounds when a 12V battery is connected across the horn wire terminals.

Horn



### FRONT TURN SIGNAL LIGHT REPLACEMENT

Remove the met-in box. (⇒ 12-5)  
Remove the floor board. (⇒ 12-4)  
Remove the front tool box. (⇒ 12-4)  
Remove two screws attaching the turn signal light shell and the bulb.  
Replace with new ones.

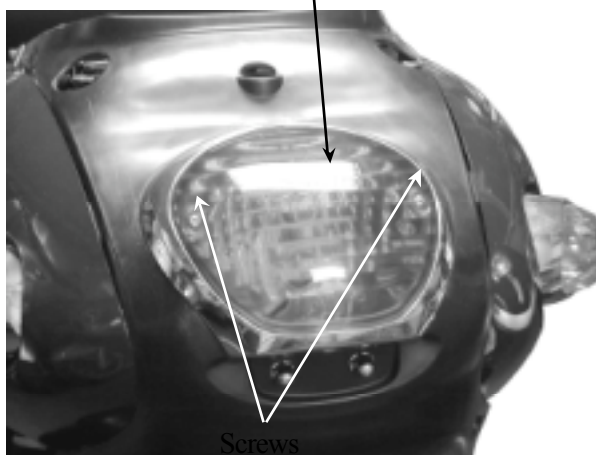
\* Replace with new bulbs of the same specifications.



### TAILLIGHT/S TOPLIGHT/REAR TURN SIGNAL LIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT

Taillight Shell Removal:  
Remove two screws attaching the taillight shell.  
Remove the taillight shell and stop light bulb.  
Remove screws attaching the rear turn signal light.  
Remove the rear turn signal light bulbs.  
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

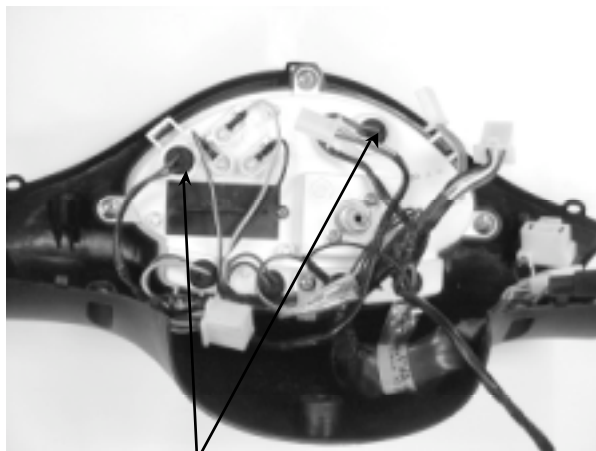
Taillight Shell



## INSTRUMENT

### Instrument Bulbs Replacement

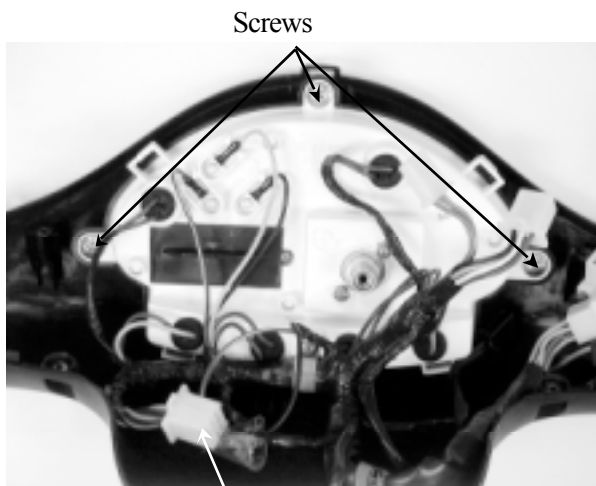
Remove the handlebar rear cover. (⇒ 12-3)  
Remove the bulbs and replace with new ones.



Bulb Sockets

### SPEEDOMETER REMOVAL

Disconnect the speedometer cable.  
Disconnect the speedometer wire connector.  
Remove the three screws attaching the speedometer.  
Remove the speedometer.  
The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



Screws

Wire Couplers

## HEADLIGHT

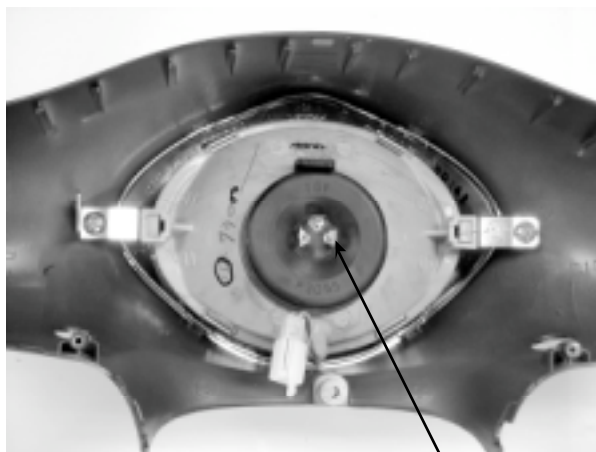
### REMOVAL/BULB REPLACEMENT

Remove the handlebar front cover. (⇒ 12-3)  
Remove the bulb sockets and bulbs.

\*

- The model adopts krypton gas bulb. When installing, do not directly touch the bulb glass with fingers.
- Use bulbs of the same specifications for replacement.

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.



Coupler